War Reprint, No. 3

of ing A Selected Critical Bibliogr Publications in English Relating to the World War

PROFESSOR GEORGE MATTHEW DUTCHER

PHILADELPHIA McKINLEY PUBLISHING COMPANY 1918 Price 25 cents

CONTENTS

1	Bibliography	4	41.	Roumania	19
2.	Handbooks	4	42.	Poland	19
3.	History of the War	4	43.	Russia, History	19
4.	Forecasts of the War	4	44.	Russia, Ante-Bellum Descriptions	20
5.	The Background of the War	5	45.	Russia, Conditions in War-time	21
6.	The Diplomatic Rupture	6	46.	Russia, Revolution of 1917	21
7.	Polemics, England vs. Germany	7	47.	Africa	21
8.	The Warring Nations	7	48.	Jews, Zionism, Palestine	21
9.	Views of the War by European Neutrals	8	49.	The Armenians	21
10.	Great Britain, Description, History, Policy	8	50.	Persia and the Middle East	22
11.	Great Britain, Army and Navy, Preparedness	9	51.	Far East, China, Japan	22
12.	Great Britain's Part in the War	9	52.	Japanese-American Relations	22
13.	Ireland	9	53.	United States, History, Ideals, International Rela-	
14.	British Empire, Future Problems and Policies	10 .		tions	23
15.	Belgium, History, Description	10	54.	United States Preparedness	23
16.	Belgium, German Invasion and Rule	10	55.	United States, German Intrigue	24
17.	Belgium, Neutrality and International Law, Discus-		56.	German-Americans, Pro-German Views, and Pro-	
	sions	11		paganda	25
18.	France	12	57.	United States, Relations and Attitude to War,	
19.	Italy	12		1914-17	25
20.	Portugal	12	58.	United States, Participant in the War	26
21.	Alsace-Lorraine	12	59.	Latin-America, Pan-Americanism	26
22.	Germany, History	13	60.	The War on the Sea	26
23.	Germany, Kaiser and Court	13	61.	International Law, Neutral Rights	27
24.	Germany, Government and Conditions	13	62.	Nationality and Its Problems	27
25.	Germany, Political Thought	14	63.	The War and Democracy	28
26.	Germany, Political Thought, Criticisms	15	64.	The Results of the War, Problems of Peace	28
27.	Germany, Anthologies of Opinion	15	65.	The War Against War	29
28.	Germany, Weltpolitik	15	66.	League to Enforce Peace, League of Nations	30
29.	War-time German Discussions of National Policy	16	67.	Economic Aspects of the War	31
30.	Germany, Army, Navy, Secret Service	16	68.	Women and the War	32
31.	Germany, Descriptions in War-time	16	69.	Socialism and the War	32
32.	Austria-Hungary	17	70.	Interpretations of the War: Philosophical	32
33.	Austria-Hungary, Slavic Peoples	17	71.	Interpretations of the War: Sociological	32
34.	Balkan Peninsula, History Conditions, Problems	17	72.	Interpretations of the War: Political	33
35.	Balkan Wars, 1912-13	18	73.	Interpretations of the War: Psychological	33
36.	Serbia, Montenegro, Southern Slavs	18	74.	Interpretations of the War: Ethical and Religious .	33
37.	Albania	18	75.	Interpretations of the War: By Men of Letters	34
38.	Greece	18	76.	Atlases	34
39.	Ottoman Empire, The Turks	19	77.	Pamphlet Series	34
40.	Bulgaria	19	78.	Committee on Public Information: Publications	34

A Selected Critical Bibliography of Publications in English Relating to the World War

BY GEORGE MATTHEW DUTCHER, PROFESSOR OF HISTORY, WESLEYAN UNIVERSITY.

PREPARED IN CO-OPERATION WITH THE NATIONAL BOARD FOR HISTORICAL SERVICE

In July, 1917, the National Board for Historical Service projected a bibliography similar to this, but on a somewhat more inclusive plan and with more extended comment. On behalf of the Board, Professor Charles H. Hull, of Cornell University, assumed oversight of the project in Washington, and he and the present compiler, with some assistance from Professor Edward R. Turner, of the University of Michigan, and Professor Albert H. Lybyer, of the University of Illinois, had practically completed the work for the press by August, when the expected channel for publication proved unavailable.

The postponed date and the changed method of publication have made necessary an entire change in the organization of the work, in the extent of critical comment, and in the content of the list which had to be modified to permit the inclusion of later publications. Some titles have been omitted from the earlier list, and many new ones added. The critical notes on the older titles retained have in nearly every case been rewritten in much briefer form, so that judgments are more summary and less qualified and critical. So little has been left of the work in its earlier form that it is not just to place any responsibility upon any one except the present compiler, though he most heartily expresses his gratitude to the three persons mentioned, especially to Professor Hull, for the helpfulness of the work they did in making possible this publication, and for their fuller notes on some books which he has not himself had in hand.

As far as possible the compiler has made his notes directly from the books concerned, but it has not always been possible, especially for the more recent publications to inspect the book at first-hand. In such cases he has had to rely upon the consensus of available book reviews. In nearly all cases where the critical comment has been prepared with the book in hand, it has been checked with several published reviews to verify the general fairness and correctness of the estimate.

The purpose of the list is to include books on the causes, problems, and issues of the war, on the question of war and peace; and on the several countries, their conditions, problems, and relations.

The list omits, with only a few outstanding exceptions, periodicals and periodical articles; pamphlets, that is, volumes of less than one hundred pages; collections of illustrations and cartoons; official publications; technical or specialized works; memoirs,

diaries, and accounts of campaigns; histories of the war, unless valuable for inclusion of other than military material; poetry, literary appreciations, and philosophical speculations. No work is listed under more than one classification heading, though many relate to several topics. Usually such a book is listed under the heading to which its content or character mainly relates. No attempt has been made to include histories of the period before 1914, but a few of the most convenient ones have been mentioned because they furnish good brief accounts and adequate bibliographical guidance to their respective fields. Only books of unusual interest or value published earlier than 1914 are included, and no attempt has been made to include volumes issued since November, 1917, of which supplementary lists may, perhaps, be published from time to time.

The compiler will welcome, for use in a supplementary list, suggestion of any volume of such character and importance as should have entitled it to place in this list; and also corrections of any errors of material importance. Errors of oversight or of judgment are only too easy in such a compilation. Some titles are retained, though better works have appeared, because of the influence the books exercised in moulding public opinion.

The place of publication, unless otherwise indicated, is New York. Many of the publications are English, but in such cases the American importer and the American price are given, wherever known, instead of the English publisher and price. The prices quoted were the prices at publication. For many books published before 1917, the price has been increased from ten to twenty-five per cent. The prices are for the cheapest bound edition, except in case of a few pamphlets, and are in almost all cases net prices. All critical comments are conditioned by date of publication, the heading under which the title appears, and by the title itself.

Space forbids an alphabetical index, but under the several topics, the entries are alphabetically arranged, so that the presence of a particular title should be readily determined. An asterisk indicates a book of more than average value, or one of the better works available on the subject; a double asterisk indicates one of the most useful books, usually a book to be heartily commended. The bibliography contains about 600 titles, of which 132 are marked with a single asterisk and 24 with double asterisk. The latter group is listed at \$37.80, and the two selected groups together at \$331.90. Small libraries should possess the double asterisked books; good, larger libraries should contain at least the asterisked books as well.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—Supplementary bibliographies to the present one will be published from time to time in the "The History Teacher's Magazine."

1. BIBLIOGRAPHY.

*Lange, Frederick William Theodore, and Berry, W. T. Books on the Great War, an Annotated Bibliography of Literature Issued During the European Conflict. White Plains, N. Y., Wilson, 1915-16, vols. 1-4. \$4.50. First three volumes bound in one cover to July, 1915, the fourth to April, 1916. Arranged topically; thorough for books and pamphlets issued in England, with increasing attention in later parts to American and foreign publications. Good indexes, some annotations.

2. HANDBOOKS.

Davis, Muriel O. The Great War and What It Means for Europe. Oxford Press, 1915, p. vii, 110. \$.40. Designed for English elementary schools.

Gibson, Charles R. War Inventions and How They Were Invented. Philadelphia, Lippincott, 1917, p. 255. \$1. Clear information and explanation for general reader.

Magnus, Leonard A. Pros and Cons in the Great War, a Record of Foreign Opinion, with a Register of Fact. Dutton, 1917, p. viii, 396. \$2. A cyclopedic arrangement of quoted opinions on causes and phases of the war; convenient as handbook.

Scheip, Stanley S., and Bingham, Alfred, editors. Handbook of the European War. White Plains, N. Y., Wilson, vols. 1 and 2, 1914-16, p. x, 334; xi, 304. Each \$1. Conveniently arranged compilations, largely documentary. Second volume covers November, 1914, to November, 1915, and gives special attention to relations of United States to the war.

White, James William. A Textbook of the War for Americans, Written and Compiled by an American, being the Fourth Edition of a Primer of the War for Americans, Revised and Enlarged. Philadelphia, Winston, 1915, p. xiii, 551. \$1. Much documentary material compiled and abstracted in answer to twenty questions. Well indexed; useful compendium for speakers.

3. HISTORY OF THE WAR.

Allen, George Henry; Whitehead, Henry C., and Chadwick, French Ensor. The Great War. Philadelphia, Barrie, 1915-16, vols. 1-3, p. xxx, 377; xxii, 494; xx, 500. Each \$5. First volume deals with causes; second with outbreak of war, organization and strength of the military and naval forces, and financial resources of the contending powers; third with earlier campaigns. Full, clear account for general reader.

Arnoux, Anthony. The European War. Steiger, 1915 ff., each \$1.50. Third volume carries account to March, 1916; professedly neutral narrative.

Belloc, Hilaire. Elements of the Great War; The First Phase (1915, p. 374); The Second Phase (1916, p. 382). Nelson. Each \$1.50. First volume sketches causes and outbreak of war, forces opposed, and invasion of Belgium and France; second is devoted to battle of the Marne. Sets forth clearly, often vividly, the movement of events; descriptions of strategic movements seem convincing to all except military experts.

Battine, Captain Cecil. A Military History of the War from the Declaration of War to the Close of the Campaign of August, 1914. London, Hodder, 1916, p. 307. 5s. Personal observations of Daily Telegraph correspondent supplemented by careful study. Account prefaced by study of strength and equipment of contending armies.

Buchan, John. Nelson's History of the War. Nelson, 1914 ff., volumes each \$.60. Annalistic method; compiled largely from newspapers; documentary appendix in each

volume; many simple maps, chiefly of battles. Tends to become military history, but is consequently hampered by censorship. Volume 16 appeared in July, 1917.

Current History, A Monthly Magazine of the New York Times. 1914 ff. \$6 a year. Documents, special articles, illustrations and other material compiled in useful form, not a narrative history in proper sense. Seventh volume current at beginning of 1918.

Dillon, Emile Joseph. England and Germany; with an Introduction by the Hon. W. M. Hughes, M.P., Prime Minister of Australia. Brentano, 1915, p. xii, 312. \$3. Survey of European situation made at end of first year of war comprising international politics of the year and of preceding years as a whole under numerous topics. Indicts Germany; indicates lessons for England.

Doyle, Sir Arthur Conan. History of the Great War. Doran, 1916-17; vols. 1-2, p. xiii, 349; ix, 257. Each \$2. Careful, accurate, detailed record devoted chiefly to British participation and operations.

Gardiner, Alfred G. The War Lords. Dutton, 1915, p. viii, 319. \$2.50 (reprint, \$.40). Editor of London Daily News writes pleasing sketches of prominent men and their relation to events of the war; in style of his earlier work, Prophets, Priests, and Kings.

Illustrated War News. London, 1914 ff. Pictures reprinted from Illustrated London News with explanatory text. Successive volumes cover four to six months.

Mumby, Frank A., editor. The Great War. London, Gresham, 1915 ff. Rather casual, illustrated account for British consumption. Volumes cover about two months each; fifteenth part issued in March, 1917.

Murray, Arthur Mordaunt. The Fortnightly History of the War. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. 403. \$3. Collection of Colonel Murray's series of monthly contributions to Fortnightly Review from beginning of the war to July, 1916. Good survey of military events.

Simonds, Frank Herbert. The Great War, the First Phase; the Second Phase. Kennerley, 1914-15, 2 vols. p. 256; xi, 284. Each \$1.25. They Shall Not Pass. Garden City, Doubleday, 1916, p. viii, 142. \$1. First volume covered from assassination of archduke to fall of Antwerp; second concludes with second battle of Ypres; third describes French resistance at Verdun in 1916. First is little more than reprint of editorials in New York Sun; second is revised from articles in Review of Reviews, New Republic, etc.; third is reprint of five articles from New York Tribune. Based partly on personal observations. Author is recognized as probably foremost American critical writer on the war.

The Times Documentary History of the War. London, The Times, 1917 ff. Two volumes (p. 549, 583) of diplomatic and one (p. 534) of naval documents have been issued with brief explanatory, not argumentative notes.

The Times History of the War. London, The Times, 1914 ff. Weekly parts issued since September, 1914; four-teen volumes have appeared; a compilation of information and pictures rather than a history.

4. FORECASTS OF THE WAR.

Chesney, Sir George Tomkyms. The Battle of Dorking, being an Account of the German Invasion of England, with the Occupation of London and the Fall of the British Empire. London, Richards, 1914. 6d. First published, 1871.

Delaisi, Francis. The Inevitable War. Boston, Small, 1915, p. 120. \$1. Translation of La Guerre Qui Vient (Paris, 1911); interesting on social and economic matters.

Ford, Edward, and Home, Gordon Cochrane. England Invaded. Macmillan, 1913, p. xii, 371. \$2. Forecasts German invasion. Compare contemporary English play, An Englishman's Home.

The Great War of 189—, a Forecast. London, Heinemann, 1893; 2d ed., 1895. 6s. Co-operative work by leading English military writers.

*Sarolea, Charles. The Anglo-German Problem. American edition with new introduction. Putnam, 1915, p. xx, 288. \$1. First printed in England, December, 1912. Remarkable discussion of Anglo-German relations and forecast of the war and its issues. Author, a Belgian professor at Edinburgh.

A Second Franco-German War and Its Consequences for England. London, Simpkin, 1907, p. 154. 1s. Includes German invasion of Belgium.

5. THE BACKGROUND OF THE WAR.

Adkins, Frank James. Historical Backgrounds of the Great War, the War, its Origins and Warnings. McBride, 1915, p. 227. \$1. Informative lectures delivered in England shortly after outbreak of war, on Germany, France, the Slavs, and England and Sea Power. Clear outline of situation which produced the war. Within the comprehension of young readers.

Barclay, Sir Thomas. Thirty Years, Anglo-French Reminiscences, 1876-1906. Boston, Houghton, 1914, p. viii, 389. \$3.50. Detached jottings of an Englishman long resident in Paris, which throw some light on Fashoda affair and formation of Anglo-French entente in 1904.

Barry, William. The World's Debate, an Historical Defence of the Allies. Doran, 1917. \$1.25. Hodge-podge of facts from modern history against absolutism and favoring democracy; hence favoring France and England against Germany.

Bevan, Edwyn Robert. Method in the Madness, a Fresh Consideration of the Case between Germany and Ourselves. Longmans, 1917, p. vii, 309. \$1.50. An Englishman's attempt at a judicial statement of case between England and Germany, rather England's case against Germany.

Beveridge, Albert Jeremiah. What is Back of the War. Indianapolis, Bobbs, 1915, p. 430. \$2. Journalistic observations in Germany, France, and England, chiefly important for reports of conversations with leaders of public opinion. Misuse of this quoted material by pro-Germans discredited the book, which is really blissfully impartial.

**Bullard, Arthur. The Diplomacy of the Great War. Macmillan, 1916, p. xii, 344. \$1.50. American journalist surveys events since 1878, discusses new elements in diplomacy, problems of the war, and relations of United States and Europe. Style sprightly; views advanced, but not out of touch with realities. One of best all-around books.

The Cambridge Modern History, Vol. 12, The Latest Age. Macmillan, 1910, p. xxxiv, 1033. \$4. Helpful surveys of developments in several nations, but fails to treat adequately international affairs. Chapters on extra-European matters are particularly useful. To be consulted for information, rather than read for enlightenment.

Cook, Sir Edward Tyas. Britain and Turkey, the Causes of the Rupture Set Out in Brief Form from the Diplomatic Correspondence (p. 31, \$.10). How Britain Strove for Peace, a Record of Anglo-German Negotiations, 1898-1914 (p. 40, \$.20). Why Britain is at War, the Causes and the Issues Set out in Brief Form from the Diplomatic Correspondence and Speeches of Ministers (p. 24, \$.10). Macmillan, 1914. Three pamphlets widely circulated in early days of the war.

*Coolidge, Archibald Cary. The Origins of the Triple Alliance. Scribner, 1917, p. vi, 236. \$1.25. These three lectures by Professor Coolidge of Harvard are the best account of the subject; clear, scholarly, and impartial.

**Dickinson, Goldsworthy Lowes. The European Anarchy. Macmillan, 1916, p. 144. \$1. Not a narrative but an essay of only 30,000 words on forces which produced the war. Blame rests not upon one nation alone, but upon the anarchy in which European nations struggled without common law. Notable book, and by far best brief discussion of underlying causes of the war.

Fullerton, William Morton. Problems of Power. Scribner, 1913, second, revised edition, 1915, p. xxiv, 390. \$2.25. Former newspaper correspondent discusses international problems from Sedan to Agadir with great cleverness, but assumes such familiarity with the facts, that few readers will find themselves sufficiently equipped to peruse it intelligently.

**Gibbons, Herbert Adams. The New Map of Europe, 1911-1914, the Story of the Recent European Diplomatic Crises and Wars and of Europe's Present Catastrophe. Century, 1914, p. xi, 412. \$2. Well written account of events of four years preceding the war, by American especially familiar with Balkan affairs. Clear, informing, generally reliable and fair, though inclinations are anti-German. Minor changes in later editions.

**Guyot, Yves. The Causes and Consequences of the War; translated by F. A. Holt. Brentano, 1916, p. xxxvi, 359. \$3. One of ablest French authorities discusses political, economic, and historical causes of the war, and its probable consequences. Original is probably best all-around book in French.

Hart, Albert Bushnell. The War in Europe, its Causes and Results. Appleton, 1914, p. ix, 254. \$1. Hurried compilation published in October, 1914, for American general reader; superseded by later works.

Hayes, Carlton Joseph Huntley. Political and Social History of Modern Europe. Macmillan, 1916, vol. 1, p. xvi, 582, \$2; vol. 2, p. xii, 726, \$2.25. First volume summarizes three centuries ending 1815; second volume treats more fully the century since with special attention to economic and social factors and the antecedents of the war. Readable and generally reliable.

Hazen, Charles Downer. Modern European History. Holt, 1917, p. xiv, 650. \$1.75. Condensed from his French Revolution and Napoleon and his Europe since 1815. Admirable brief survey since 1789.

*Holt, Lucius Hudson, and Chilton, Alexander Wheeler. The History of Europe from 1862 to 1914, from the Accession of Bismark to the Outbreak of the Great War. Macmillan, 1917, p. xv, 611. \$2.60. By professors of history at West Point; deals mainly with diplomatic and military events; with considerable quotations from primary sources; clear, vigorous style; excellent maps.

Hovelaque, Emile. The Deeper Causes of the War, with an Introduction by Sir Walter Raleigh. Dutton, 1916, p. 158. \$1.25. Vehement and able indictment of Germany's theories of race, the state, and war, and of her application of them in her policy toward England.

Lipson, Ephraim. Europe in the Nineteenth Century, an Outline History. Macmillan, 1917, p. 298. \$2. Neglects international affairs except as leading to the war. Best chapters on internal affairs of leading countries, especially prior to 1870. Treatment unusual and uneven.

Morel, Edmund Deville. Ten Years of Secret Diplomacy, an Unheeded Warning, Being a Reprint of Morocco in Diplomacy. London, National Labour Press, 1915, p. xxix, 198. 2s. Reprint of 1912 original with slight changes and omission of appendix of documents. New prefaces are added, especially to third edition of reprint. Bitter indictment of whole Morocco affair and of Sir Edward Grey.

Morris, Charles, and Dawson, Lawrence H. Why the Nations Are at War, the Causes and Issues of the Great Conflict. London, Harrap, 1915, p. 414. 5s. A British survey of 19th century history as antecedent to the war.

Muir, Ramsay. Britain's Case against Germany, an Examination of the Historical Background of the German Action in 1914. Longmans, 1914, p. ix, 196. \$1. Study of German political theories in action in last generation; argues that Germany had long intended and prepared for the war.

*Muir, Ramsay. The Expansion of Europe, the Culmination of Modern History. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. xii, 243. \$2. An historical survey of modern imperialism, with an attempt to appraise the achievements of the several colonizing powers. Glorifies England. Part on last forty years inferior.

Why We Are at War, Great Britain's Case, by Members of the Oxford Faculty of Modern History. Oxford Press, 1914, third edition, p. 264. \$.85. First effort of English historians to explain situation; widely circulated; rather well done, in circumstances; but now valuable as evidence of state of mind following outbreak of war. Appendixes contain documents.

Rose, John Holland. The Development of the European Nations, 1870-1900. Putnam, 1905, 2 vols., p. xi, 376; v, 363; fifth edition, 1914, p. xvii, 376, 410. \$2.75. Devoted mainly to international relations of the period; with additional chapters in later editions. Gives little attention to some forces that would now command attention in a history of the period.

Rose, John Holland. The Origins of the War, 1871-1914. Putnam, 1915, p. 201. \$1. Hastily prepared by competent English scholar; was one of best books available in first year of the war. Written with emphasis on Germany and with strong convictions against Germany, but with tone of fairness.

*Schmitt, Bernadotte Everly. England and Germany, 1740-1914. Princeton University Press, 1916, p. ix, 524. \$2. Period prior to 1904 treated in series of topical chapters; decade, 1904-1914, is given thorough chronological treatment; outbreak of war is covered by use of colored books. Written before the war, rewritten and enlarged after war started. Places responsibility clearly on Germany. Well written, one of most useful books.

**Seymour, Charles. The Diplomatic Background of the War. New Haven, Yale Press, 1916, p. xv, 311. \$2. Admirable, concise, scholarly survey of events since 1871, furnishing adequate background for understanding the war and its issues. Written clearly, without passion, but gives verdict explicitly against Germany. Best book available for background of the war.

*Tardieu, André. France and the Alliances, the Struggle for the Balance of Power. Macmillan, 1908, p. x, 314. \$1.50. Most useful account of international situation in 1904-7, covering Anglo-French and Anglo-Russian agreements and first Moroccan crisis. Author is recognized authority on international questions and is at present French High Commissioner in United States.

Whitman, Sidney. Things I Remember, Recollections of a Political Writer in the Capitals of Europe. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. viii, 268. \$2.50. Reminiscences of a European correspondent of New York Herald covering events of last quarter-century, especially Balkan and German affairs and problems. Good.

6. THE DIPLOMATIC RUPTURE.

Andriulli, Giuseppe A., editor. Documents relating to the Great War; with an Introduction by Guglielmo Ferrero, translated by Thomas Okey. London, Unwin, 1915, p. 128. 1s. Brief selection supporting Ferrero's conclusion that Germany decided for war, July 29, 1914.

Baldwin, Elbert Francis. The World War, How It Looks to the Nations Involved. Macmillan, 1914, p. vii, 267. \$1.25. Judicial, impartial effort soon after opening of hostilities to summarize immediate causes and portray conditions and states of mind in several European countries.

Beck, James Montgomery. The Evidence in the Case, in the Supreme Court of Civilization, as to the Moral Responsibility for the War. Putnam, 1914, p. 200. \$1. Revised edition, 1915. The War and Humanity, a Further Discussion of the Ethics of the World War and the Attitude and Duty of the United States. Putnam, 1916, p. xi, 322. \$1.50. The first is not so much a judicial statement as a prosecutor's plea for conviction of Germany. Widely distributed but to be used only when more thorough and dispassionate works are not available. The second deals in same manner with episodes such as submarine controversy, case of Miss Cavell, and relations of America with Allies.

**Chitwood, Oliver Perry. The Immediate Causes of the Great War. Crowell, 1917, p. xii, 196. \$1.35. By professor in University of West Virginia. Impartial narrative of events from the assassination of the Archduke to Italy's declaration of war, based on the published official documents.

Davenport, Briggs. A History of the Great War, 1914—, Vol. I. The Genesis of the War, June, 1914, to August, 1915. Putnam, 1916, p. viii, 545. \$2. Clear, simple, but uncritical; commends itself to those for whom better books are too complex and heavy. Also useful for account of entrance of Italy and Bulgaria into the war.

Dillon, Emile Joseph. A Scrap of Paper, the Inner History of German Diplomacy and her Scheme of Worldwide Conquest. Doran, 1914, third edition, p. xxvii, 220. \$.50. Summary account of the events which precipitated war, by well-known English authority on international affairs. Widely circulated in early months of war but now replaced by later works.

Ferrero, Guglielmo. Who Wanted the European War? Translated by P. E. Matheson. Oxford Press, 1915, p. 39. \$.25. Interpretation of events of diplomatic rupture based on the colored books by leading Italian historian.

Great Britain, Foreign Office. Collected Diplomatic Documents Relating to the Outbreak of the European War. Doran, 1915, p. xix, 561. \$1. Contains British Diplomatic Correspondence, French Yellow Book, Russian Orange Book, Belgian Gray Book, Serbian Blue Book, German White Book, Austro-Hungarian Red Book, and some supplementary documents, with explanatory introduction and index, but no comparative chronological table. Confined mainly to last days of July and early days of August, 1914.

*Headlam, James Wycliffe. The History of Twelve Days, July 24th to August 4th, 1914, being an Account of the Negotiations Preceding the Outbreak of War, Based on the Official Publications. Scribner, 1915, p. xxiv, 412. \$3. The English historical writer has based his account with assiduous care upon official documents and utterances. Tone restrained, dispassionate, and fair, but obviously not absolutely impartial. Style not popular, but clear, direct, and closely reasoned. Best account of diplomatic rupture in English.

Headlam, James Wycliffe. The German Chancellor and the Outbreak of War. London, Unwin, 1917, p. 127. 3s. 6d. Supplements his History of Twelve Days by more detailed study of events of July 29-30, 1914, based on further information, to refute the Chancellor's charges placing responsibility on Russia and England for German mobilization and hence for the war.

Kennedy, John McFarland. How the War Began, with an Introduction by W. L. Courtney. Doran, 1914, p. xxvii, 187. \$.50. How the Nations Waged War. Doran, 1915, p. 190. \$.50. First is hasty compilation by English publicist on period from June 28 to August 4, 1914. Further official documents published a few days after its appearance made it out of date. The second volume deals with first weeks of war.

Mach, Edmund Robert Otto von, editor. Official Diplomatic Documents Relating to the Outbreak of the European War, with Photographic Reproductions of Official Editions of the Documents Published by the Governments of Austria-Hungary, Belgium, France, Germany, Great Britain, Russia, and Serbia. Introduction, Daily Summaries, Cross-References, and Footnotes. Macmillan, 1916, p. xxii, 608. \$6. Criticism of the inaccuracies and misleading nature of editorial portion of volume led publishers to withdraw it. It is, however, a convenient compilation, and the chronological arrangement is particularly handy.

Parker, Sir Gilbert. The World in the Crucible, an Account of the Origins and Conduct of the Great War. Dodd, 1915, p. viii, 422. \$1.50. Space divided about equally between antecedents of the war, rupture of relations, and early weeks of war. Well-written, compendious and fairly reliable account.

*Scott, James Brown, editor. Diplomatic Documents relating to the Outbreak of the European War. Oxford Press, 1916, 2 vols., p. lxxxi, xcii, 1516. \$5. Careful reprints of official English translations of Austro-Hungarian, Belgian, French, German, Russian, Serbian, British, and Italian "colored" books of documents relating to outbreak of war, with tables of contents and introduction. Most complete collection now available.

*Stowell, Ellery Cory. The Diplomacy of the War of 1914, Vol. I. The Beginnings of the War. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. xvii, 728. \$5. Opens with forty page sketch of history of thirty years prior to the war and closes with appendix of 130 pages of documents. Rest of book is analytical study of documents and exposition of acts, events, rights, and motives. Chapters are topical in character and arranged in order of events. Author, who is assistant professor of international law in Columbia University, concludes "Germany has clearly violated international law." Most exhaustive American account of the Twelve Days and ranks with Headlam.

7. POLEMICS: ENGLAND VS. GERMANY.

Angell, Norman (pseud. of Ralph Norman Angell Lane). Prussianism and its Destruction. London, Heinemann, 1914, p. xiv, 248. \$1.25. Denounces militarism in his former style, but identifies it with Prussianism which must be fought and destroyed.

Chesterton, Gilbert Keith. The Crimes of England. Lane, 1916, p. 173. \$1. The crimes are the failures to arrest growth of Prussian militarism and spread of German ideas, each of which is discussed in author's usual manner.

Harris, Frank. England or Germany? Wilmarth, 1915, third edition, p. 187. \$1. American resident in England avows Celtic and revolutionary sympathies and indulges in fantastic diatribe against England.

Harrison, Frederic. The German Peril: Forecasts, 1864-1914; Realities, 1915; Hopes, 191—. London, Unwin, 1915, p. 300. 5s. Collection of author's pronouncements against Germany. Claims to be "the oldest and most persistent" anti-German prophet.

Powys, John Cowper. The War and Culture, a Reply to Professor Münsterberg. Shaw, 1914, p. 103. \$.60. English edition: The Menace of German Culture. Author was formerly in Education Department of city of Hamburg. Pointed, detailed. destructive criticism; constructive criticism also appears.

Sladen, Douglas Brooke Wheaton. The Real Truth about Germany, Facts about the War, an Analysis and a Refutation from the English Point of View of the Pamphlet, The Truth about Germany, issued under the Authority of Representative German Citizens, with an Appendix on Great Britain and the War, by A. Maurice Low. Putnam, 1914 p. xiii, 272. \$1. English edition entitled Germany's Great Lie. Answers arranged point by point are, like the original, assertions rather than proofs.

Stilwell, Arthur Edward. To All the World (except Germany). London, Allen & Unwin, 1915, p. 251. 3s. 6d. An incongruity of belligerent pacifism and anti-Germanism dedicated to King Albert and Henry Ford.

8. THE WARRING NATIONS.

Herrick, Robert. The World Decision. Boston, Houghton, 1916, p. 253. \$1.25. Six chapters on observations in Italy in spring of 1915, six more chapters on observations in France in ensuing summer, and three chapters on relations of United States to the war. Importance of volume lies in its revelation of the morale of the several contending nations and its reflections on moral issues at stake.

Jones, Jenkin Lloyd. Love for the Battle-torn Peoples. Chicago, Unity Pub. Co., 1917, p. 166. \$.75. Series of popular sermons on the admirable traits of the conflicting peoples and a plea for human brotherhood.

Low, Sidney James Mark, editor. The Spirit of the Allied Nations. Macmillan, 1915, p. 214. \$1. Series of lectures by competent authorities on the several Allied nations, arranged by Imperial Studies Committee of University of London.

McCabe, Joseph. The Soul of Europe, a Character Study of the Militant Nations. Dodd, 1915, p. vi, 407. \$3. Informative book to explain their Allies to English readers.

Nyrop, Christopher. Is War Civilization?, translated by H. G. Wright. Dodd, 1917, p. 256. \$1.25. Not abstract discussion but collection of articles by Copenhagen professor on the war, especially on Belgium, Italy, languages and war, and religion and war.

Orth, Samuel Peter. The Imperial Impulse, Background Studies of Belgium, England, France, Germany, Russia. Century, 1916, p. 234. \$1.20. Collection of interesting and informing magazine articles. An additional essay on Our First Duty urges United States to uphold principle that "every people with national instincts" be allowed to determine its own government.

*Powers, Harry Huntington. The Things Men Fight For, with Some Application to Present Conditions in Europe. Macmillan, 1916, p. vii, 382. \$1.50. Thoughtful candid book based on wide travel, broad knowledge, and generous sympathies. Seeks to present case of each contending nation as manifesting the highest instincts of that nation. Concluding chapter gives carefully weighed decision in favor of Britain rather than Germany.

Stoddard, Theodore Lothrop. Present Day Europe, its National States of Mind, Century, 1917, p. 322. \$2. A study

of the war psychology of the various European nations, based as far as possible upon the utterances of representatives of the respective nations. Quite neutral, and uses material down to opening of 1917.

Wells, Herbert George. Italy, France, and Britain at War. Macmillan, 1917, p. 285. \$1.50. Accounts of his visit to Italian and western fronts in 1916, with added section on "How People Think About the War." Chiefly interesting for those who care to know what Mr. Wells thinks.

9. VIEWS OF THE WAR BY EUROPEAN NEUTRALS.

*Brandes, Georg Morris Cohen. The World at War; translated by Catherine D. Groth. Macmillan, 1917, p. 272. \$1.50. The famous Danish-Jewish writer, without sympathy for Germany, deals rigorously with Allied aims and acts, and urges rights of small, oppressed, and neutral nations. Collection of articles including some of special interest written before the war.

Jörgensen, Johannes. False Witness. Doran, 1917, p. vii, 227. \$1. Translation of the Danish author's Klokke Roland, which is an examination of the German professors' "Appeal to the Civilized World." Evidence of the falsity of their statements is adduced and other material on the German character and kultur is included.

Maccas, Leon. German Barbarism, a Neutral's Indictment, with preface by Paul Girard. Doran, 1916, p. xii, 228. \$1. By a Venizelist Greek.

Prüm, Emile. Pan-Germanism versus Christendom; the Conversion of a Neutral; edited with comments by René Johannet. Doran, 1917, p. xii, 184. \$1. Letter of Prüm, Catholic leader in Luxemburg to Erzberger, Catholic leader in Germany; record of proceedings against Prüm, and an article on the Catholic Center in Germany. Convincingly anti-German.

10. GREAT BRITAIN: DESCRIPTION, HISTORY, POLICY.

*Barker, J. Ellis. Great and Greater Britain, the Problems of Motherland and Empire, Political, Naval, Military, Industrial, Financial, Social. London, Smith, Elder, 1909, 2d edition, 1910, p. 604. \$3. Counterpart of his Modern Germany, and supplemented by his British Socialism. An avowed disciple of Joseph Chamberlain describes essential matters of domestic and imperial concern in decade preceding the war.

Begbie, Harold. The Vindication of Great Britain, a Study in Diplomacy and Strategy with Reference to the Illusions of her Critics and the Problems of the Future. London, Methuen, 1916, 3d edition, p. xv, 302. 6s. Peculiarly valuable for work and influence of Edward VII and Lord Haldane. Lauds English achievement in arming against Germany during first two years of the war. Peace problems discussed.

*Boutmy, Emile. The English People, a Study of their Political Psychology, with an Introduction by J. E. C. Bodley. Putnam, 1904, p. xxxvi, 332. \$2.50. Author was leading French authority in political science in last generation, and one of most eminent foreign students of English constitution and people. French original published in 1901. Accurate in fact, sane in judgment, keen in analysis, bristling with illuminating ideas.

Cheyney, Edward Potts. A Short History of England. Boston, Ginn, 1904, p. xvi, 695. \$1.40. Excellent textbook, briefer and more readable than Cross.

*Cramb, John Adam. Germany and England, with an Introduction by the Hon. Joseph H. Choate. Dutton, 1914,

p. xiv, 152. \$1. Professor Cramb's lectures were delivered at Queen's College, London, February-March, 1913, and after his death written up from notes and published, June, 1914. Author's study in Germany had convinced him of German bitterness against England and inevitableness of conflict. Book holds historic place because most widely read book in English during first months of war. Note also author's Origin and Destiny of Imperial Britain and Nineteenth Century Europe (Dutton, 1915), first published during Boer war, for fuller statement of chauvinistic English imperialism.

Cross, Arthur Lyon. A History of England and Greater Britain. Macmillan, 1914, p. xiii, 1165. \$2.50. Excellent comprehensive account to spring of 1914, written as college text.

Dunning, William Archibald. The British Empire and the United States, a Review of their Relations during the Century of Peace following the Treaty of Ghent. Scribner, 1914, p. xl, 381. \$2. Well written narrative by able American historical scholar.

*Egerton, Hugh Edward. Britsh Foreign Policy in Europe to the End of the Nineteenth Century, a Rough Outline. Macmillan, 1917, p. x, 440. \$2. Not a narrative but an effort to show the motives and purposes which have directed British foreign policy, largely in the words of the responsible individuals in promoting or defending their plans and acts. Holds that "policy of the country on the whole has been singularly honest and straightforward;" and such is tone of the book. By professor of colonial history, Oxford.

Gooch, George Peabody and Masterman, John Howard Bertram. A Century of British Foreign Policy. London, Allen & Unwin, 1917, p. 110. Written for the Council for the Study of International Relations; Masterman deals with 19th century; Gooch, with 20th century. Two clear, concise, excellent essays.

*Low, Sidney James Mark, and Sanders, Lloyd Charles. The History of England during the Reign of Victoria, 1837-1901. Longmans, 1907, p. xviii, 532. \$2.60. Best account of period, though little more than narrative of political facts.

*Lowell, Abbott Lawrence. The Government of England. Macmillan, 1908, 2 vols., p. xv, 570; viii, 563. \$4. Admirable description of the organization and working of English government, local, national, and imperial.

Marriott, John Arthur Ransome. England since Waterloo. Putnam, 1913, p. xxi, 558. \$3. Careful accurate account to 1885, with sketchy chapter to 1901.

Meyer, Eduard. England, its Political Organization and Development and the War Against Germany. Translated by Helene S. White. Boston, Ritter, 1916, p. xix, 328. \$1.50. Arraignment of England and English policy by eminent Berlin professor of history, so vehement as to be condemned by German critics. Valuable, however, as presenting essentially the German view of England.

Murray, Gilbert. The Foreign Policy of Sir Edward Grey, 1906-1915. Oxford Press, 1915, p. 128. 50 cents. Good survey and thorough-going defence by eminent Oxford professor whose views were less favorable before the war.

Reventlow, Ernest, Graf zu. The Vampire of the Continent; translated with a Preface by G. Chatterton Hill. Jackson, 1916, p. xiii, 225. \$1.25. Original published in 1915. Author is spokesman of extreme Junker group. Denounces England's desire to maintain balance of power and destroy economic rivals as cause of present and earlier great wars which have sucked the blood of Continental Europe.

Author's more substantial work, Deutschlands Auswärtige Politik, 1888-1913 (1914), is not available in translation.

*Seeley, Sir John Robert. The Expansion of England, Two Courses of Lectures. Boston, Little, p. viii, 359. \$1.75. Originally published, 1883. First course, English expansion in 17th and 18th centuries; second, England's acquisition and control of India. Brilliant and convincing presentation of achievements and high aims of British imperial policy. Seeley's position in history of English imperialism has been compared to Treitschke's in Pan-Germanism.

Tönnies, Ferdinand. Warlike England as Seen by Herself. Dillingham, 1915, p. 202. \$1. Account of English foreign and colonial policy since Elizabeth, especially in nineteenth century, by Professor in University of Kiel, composed largely of quotations from English writers. Shows existence of English imperialism, but does not prove causal relation with the war.

11. GREAT BRITAIN: ARMY AND NAVY, PRE-PAREDNESS.

Lea, General Homer. The Day of the Saxon. Harper, 1912, p. 249. \$1.80. This and his earlier Valour of Ignorance (1909) attracted wide attention by their extreme advocacy of Lord Roberts' efforts to impress the English people with the importance of England's empire and sea power and of their defence. Faulty in fact and logic, though events have justified the main thesis.

MacDonald, J. Ramsay. National Defense. London, Allen & Unwin, 1917. 2s. 6d. Denounces miltarism as a false method of national defense; foresees that defeat of Germany will not be likely to create a pacific German democracy.

*Oliver, Frederick Scott. Ordeal by Battle. Macmillan, 1915, p. li, 437. \$1.50. One of most notable English war books, important for insight into English state of mind on foreign and military questions in decade before the war. The author belonged to the Lord Roberts school, and wrote much of book before the war, publishing it to promote conscription. After good analysis of causes of the war and spirit of German policy, the real contribution of the book appears in parts on spirit of British policy and democracy and national service.

Protheroe, Ernest. The British Navy, its Making and its Meaning. Dutton, 1915, p. xx, 694. \$2.50. Comprehensive historical and technical account addressed to British youth. Includes chapter on early naval events of the war.

Roland, pseud. The Future of Militarism. London, Unwin, 1916. 2s. 6d. Not an independent discussion but a denunciation of Oliver's Ordeal by Battle.

12. GREAT BRITAIN'S PART IN THE WAR.

**Chevrillon, André. England and the War, 1914-1915; with a Preface by Rudyard Kipling. Garden City, N. Y., Doubleday, 1917, p. xxi, 250. \$1.60. Translation of articles contributed to Revue de Paris from Nov., 1915, to Jan., 1916, by nephew of Taine, who was keen observer in England of awakening and reconstruction during the first year and a half of the war. Traces conception and development of England's will to war in way to enlighten Americans when their nation is undergoing somewhat similar transition.

Cravath, Paul Drennan. Great Britain's Part, Observations of an American Visitor to the British Army in France at the Beginning of the Third Year of the War. Appleton, 1917, p. vi, 127. \$1. Convinced of greatness of England's achievement and that it will win.

Destrée, Jules. Britain in Arms. Lane, 1917, p. xv, 292. \$1.50. Translation by J. Lewis May of L'Effort Britannique, with preface by M. Georges Clemenceau. Originally written in Italian to dispel the Italian suspicion that England was not doing its share. Explains military, naval, industrial and financial activities. By a Belgian.

George, David Lloyd. Through Terror to Triumph, Speeches and Pronouncements since the Beginning of the War, arranged by F. L. Stevenson. Doran, 1915, p. xii, 187. \$1. Important for speeches intended to sway public opinion, especially in case of munition workers.

Gleason, Arthur Huntington. Inside the British Isles. Century, 1917, p. 434. \$2. Main topics treated are labor, Ireland, women, and social studies. Attaches great importance to changes wrought during the war. Somewhat superficial observations and hasty generalizations of clever American journalist.

Grew, Edwin Sharpe, and others. Field-Marshal Lord Kitchener, his Life and Work for the Empire. London, Gresham Publishing Co., 1916, 3 vols. 25s. 6d. Careful cooperative biography but not a definitive study. Third volume relates to present war. Fashoda incident opens second volume.

*Murray, Gilbert. Faith, War and Policy. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. xiv, 255. \$1.25. Collection of articles and addresses during the war, in exposition and defence of England's part and policies. Able but open to criticism.

Pollard, Albert Frederick. The Commonwealth at War. Longmans, 1917, p. vii, 256. \$2.25. Collection of nineteen occasional articles during the war by professor of history, University College, London.

Ward, Mary Augusta (Arnold) (Mrs. Humphrey Ward). England's Effort, Letters to an American Friend, with Preface by Joseph H. Choate; 3d edition with epilogue to August, 1916. Scribner, 1916, p. xv, 228. \$1. The author was given special privileges to inspect British military forces, munition works, etc., with purpose of answering criticism that Great Britain was not doing its share.

Ward, Mary Augusta (Arnold) (Mrs. Humphrey Ward). Towards the Goal. Scribner, 1917, p. xvii, 231. \$1.25. Series of letters addressed to Mr. Roosevelt in March to June, 1917, describing England's war aims and activities. Practically a sequel to England's Effort.

13. IRELAND.

Barker, Ernest. Ireland in the Last Fifty Years, 1866-1916. Oxford Press, 1917. 1s. 6d. Good account of political, religious, educational, and agrarian problems, especially useful for condition of peasant class.

Hamilton, Lord Ernest William. The Soul of Ulster. Dutton, 1917, p. 188. \$1.25. Able statement of the Ulster side of the Irish question.

Harrison, Marie. Dawn in Ireland. London, Melrose, 1917, p. 222. Chapters on present conditions, the spirit that moves in Ireland, enemies of Ireland, and the future. Insists on English goodwill toward Ireland.

The Irish Home-Rule Convention. Macmillan, 1917, p. 183. 50 cents. Timely papers by John Quinn, G. W. Russell, Sir Horace Plunkett and others.

Kettle, Thomas Michael. The Ways of War, with a Memoir by his Wife, Mary S. Kettle. Scribner, 1918, p. ix, 246. \$1.50. Papers by Irish professor and member of parliament who has perished in the war, to show why an Irishman went into the fight. Strong indictment of Germany.

Leslie, Shane. The Celt and the World, a Study of the Relation of Celt and Teuton in History. Scribner, 1917, p. 224. \$1.25. Interesting volume which slights the main theme of relation of Celt and Teuton to discuss Anglo-Irish relations and the war.

Morris, Lloyd R. The Celtic Dawn, a Survey of the Renascence in Ireland, 1889-1916. Macmillan, 1917, p. xviii, 251. \$1.50. Review of political, social, economic, and cultural developments in Ireland in last generation to the Sinn Fein rebellion in 1916.

Russell, George William (pseud. A. E.). National Being, Some Thoughts on an Irish Polity. Macmillan, 1916, p. 176. \$1.35. Ireland must seek political independence through economic independence, which is to be attained by co-operative rather than competitive methods. Admirable in style and tone, even if not entirely convincing.

Wells, Warre B., and Marlow, N. The History of the Irish Rebellion of 1916. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. 271. \$2.50. Comprehensive, though not friendly account, with documents.

14. BRITISH EMPIRE: FUTURE PROBLEMS AND POLICIES.

** Beer, George Louis. The English-speaking Peoples, their Future Relations and Joint International Obligations. Macmillan, 1917, p. xi, 322. \$1.50. By an able historian of the British colonies in America. Excellent discussion of the international problems which America faces; favors cooperative arrangements between United States and Great Britain. Very important and valuable. Abundant references to authorities.

Dawson, William Harbutt, editor. After-war Problems. Macmillan, 1917, p. 366. \$2.50. Includes papers on the topics Empire and Citizenship, National Efficiency, Social Reform, and National Finance and Taxation by Lord Cromer, Lord Haldane and several other leading English thinkers, which command attention.

Duchesne, A. E. Democracy and Empire, the Applicability of the Dictum that "a democracy cannot manage an empire," to the Present Condition and Future Problems of the British Empire, especially the Question of the Future of India. Oxford Press, 1916, p. vii, 120. 2s. 6d.

*The Empire and the Future, a Series of Imperial Studies. Macmillan, 1917, p. xvi, 110. 75 cents. Collection of lectures, including Sir Charles Lucas on Empire and Democracy, H. A. L. Fisher on Imperial Administration, and Philip Kerr on Commonwealth and Empire. Able discussions of problems underlying British imperial organization; not a solution. Introduction by A. D. Steel-Maitland, Under Secretary of State for the Colonies.

Fletcher, Charles Brunsdon. The New Pacific: British Policy and German Aims; with a preface by Viscount Bryce, and a foreword by the Right Hon. W. M. Hughes. Macmillan, 1917, p. xxxiii, 325. \$3. One of editors of Sydney Morning Herald arraigns German policies and methods in the Pacific, and sets forth Australian ideas for future of the Pacific.

Hodge, Harold. In the Wake of the War; Parliament or Imperial Government? Lane, 1917, p. viii, 226. \$1.50. Propounds a plan for the future administration of the British Empire. Disapproves of parliament.

Levi, N. Jan Smuts, being a Character Sketch of Gen. the Hon. J. C. Smuts, K.C., M.L.A., Minister of Defence, Union of South Africa. Longmans, 1917, p. vi, 310. \$2.50. Poorly written account of important personage in British Empire, with much interesting information on South African affairs.

McLaren, A. D. Peaceful Penetration. Dutton, 1917, p. 224. \$1.50. Australian journalist, familiar with Germany, writes on German colonizing methods and policies, and on Australia's place in world politics.

Smuts, Jan Christiaan. War-time Speeches, a Compilation of Public Utterances in Great Britain. Doran, 1917, p. viii, 116. 75 cents. Chiefly important for discussion of future of what he has named the British Commonwealth.

Worsfold, W. Basil. The Empire on the Anvil, being Suggestions and Data for the Future Government of the British Empire. London, Smith, Elder, 1916, p. xv, 242.

Wise, Bernhard Ringrose. The Making of the Australian Commonwealth, 1889-1900, a Stage in the Growth of Empire. Longmans, 1913, p. xiii, 365. \$2.50. With special reference to New South Wales, by a participant in the movement. A study of growth of federation in British Empire.

15. BELGIUM: HISTORY, DESCRIPTION.

Ensor, Robert Charles Kirkwood. Belgium (Home University Library). Holt, 1915, p. v, 256. \$.50. Concise survey of recent history and conditions before the war. Generally accurate and fair, except, perhaps, to Catholic church.

*MacDonnell, John de Courcy. Belgium, her Kings, Kingdom, and People. Boston, Little, 1914, p. xii, 354. \$3.50. Good historical survey since establishment of independence in 1830, with account of conditions under King Albert. Published on eve of the war. Written with fairness and moderation; apparently Catholic in sympathies.

Pirenne, Henri. Belgian Democracy, its Early History; translated by J. V. Saunders. Longmans, 1915, p. xi, 250. \$1.50. Original published in 1910. Mainly account of medieval city republics of the Low Countries, by leading Belgian historian.

Van der Essen, Léon. Short History of Belgium. Chicago, University Press, 1916, p. 168. \$1. Good outline account by professor of history at Louvain.

16. BELGIUM: GERMAN INVASION AND RULE.

Belgium and Germany, Texts and Documents, preceded by a Foreword by Henri Davignon. Nelson, 1915, p. iv, 132. \$.25. Documents and illustrations, with annotations. Preface by Belgian foreign minister.

Bryce, James Bryce, Viscount, and others. Report of the Committee on Alleged German Outrages (p. 61. \$.10). Evidence and Documents Laid before the Committee on Alleged German Outrages (p. 296. \$.50). Macmillan, 1915. Report is an attempt at a systematic summary of evidence. Membership of committee also gives its conclusions the highest standing.

Cammaerts, Emile. Through the Iron Bars (Two Years of German Occupation in Belgium). Lane, 1917, p. 72. \$.75. Patriotic presentation of Belgium's plight.

The Case of Belgium in the Present War, an Account of the Violation of the Neutrality of Belgium and of the Laws of War on Belgian Territory. Macmillan, 1914, p. xvii, 120. \$.25. Officially prepared by the Belgian delegates in the United States, with official documents and affidavits.

Chambry, René. The Truth about Louvain. Doran, 1915, p. 95. \$.25. By resident of Louvain.

*Erichsen, Erich. Forced to Fight, the Tale of a Schleswig Dane, translated from the Danish. McBride, 1917, p. 184. \$1.25. A narrative of war service which has attracted wide attention because of nationality of its author, who has been invalided from wounds. Main importance is for account of campaign in Belgium.

Gerlache de Gomery, Commandant de. Belgium in War Time, Translated from the French by Bernard Miall. Doran, 1917, p. xii, 243. \$.50. Comprehensive accounts of events and conditions, amply illustrated.

*Gibson, Hugh S. A Journal from our Legation in Belgium. Garden City, N. Y., Doubleday, 1917, p. xii, 360. \$2.50. Interesting selection from daily notes of first secretary of American legation from July 4 to December 31, 1914.

Grondys, L. H. The Germans in Belgium, Experiences of a Neutral. Appleton, 1916, p. ix, 95. \$.50 Journal account of Dutch professor who was in Louvain during the destruction and witnessed other German atrocities during the invasion.

Halasi, Odon. Belgium under the German Heel. Cassell, 1917, p. x, 257. 6s. Description of conditions observed by an Hungarian author during a visit in 1916. The anonymous translator adds information derived from another Magyar who had spent eighteen months in Belgium during the war. Sympathetic, not sensational.

Huberich, C. H., and Nicol-Speyer, A., editors. German Legislation for the Occupied Territories of Belgium; Official Texts. The Hague, Nijhoff. Editions in German, Flemish, French, and English have appeared in successive volumes for the legislation of successive periods; fifth volume, with index to first five, covers to Dec. 31, 1915.

Kellogg, Mrs. Charlotte. The Women of Belgium; Turning Tragedy to Triumph. Funk, 1917, p. xviii, 210. \$1. By only woman member of Hoover commission. Describes relief work and what Belgian women have done for themselves. Written with simplicity and restraint.

Libert de Flemalle, Gabriel de. Fighting with King Albert. Doran, 1915, p. xi, 327. 6s. By Captain in Belgian army; important for Belgian army before the war and question of its preparedness, with narrative on resistance to invasion.

*Massart, Jean. The Belgians under the German Eagle, translated by Bernard Miall. Dutton, 1916, p. 368. \$3.50. Written from observations during first year of the war, with full documentation from German sources. Vigorous indictment of German rule.

Mercier, Desiré Felician Francois Joseph, Cardinal. Pastorals, Letters, Allocutions, 1914-1917, with a biographical Sketch by Rev. Joseph F. Stillemans. Kenedy, 1917. \$1.25. The Voice of Belgium, being the War Utterances of Cardinal Mercier, with a Preface by Cardinal Bourne. London, Burns & Oates, 1917, p. ix, 330. 2s. 6d. Similar collections, including some items which have been published separately.

Mokveld, L. The German Fury in Belgium; translated by C. Thieme. Doran, 1917, p. 247. \$1. By Dutch correspondent with German army from Liège to the Yser, whose careful, candid, neutral observations constitute a formidable indictment of German acts.

Morgan, John Hartman. German Atrocities, an Official Investigation. Dutton, 1916, p. 192, \$1. Professor Morgan was member of Bryce commission, and this volume supplements the Report with additional materials and comments.

Nothomb, Pierre. The Barbarians in Belgium; translated by Jean E. H. Findlay. London, Jarrold, 1915, p. 294. 2s. 6d. Account by Belgian, endorsed by preface by Belgian Minister of Justice.

Nyrop, Kristopher. The Imprisonment of the Ghent Professors, a Question of Might and Right, My Reply to the German Legation in Stockholm. London, Hodder, 1917, p. 91. Includes discussion of Flemish, question, case of University of Ghent as well as arrests of professors Fredericq and Pirenne. Official Commission of the Belgian Government. Reports on the Violations of the Rights of Nations and of the Laws and Customs of War in Belgium, with Extracts from the Pastoral Letter of Cardinal Mercier, and Preface by J. Van den Heuvel, Minister of State. London, Unwin, 1915, p. xxxv, 113, 6d. Systematic presentation of carefully collected evidence. Strong indictment of German war methods and deeds.

Sarolea, Charles. How Belgium Saved Europe, with a Preface by Count Goblet d'Alviella. Philadelphia, Lippincott, 1915, p. ix, 227. \$1. Patriotic appreciation of Belgium's part in first weeks of the war. Author was in Belgium during period.

Somville, Gustave. The Road to Liège, the Path of Crime, August 1914; translated by Bernard Miall. Doran, 1916, p. xxii, 296. \$1. French writer; divides material into narrative and critical sections. Challenges Germans to disprove his statements.

**Toynbee, Arnold Joseph. The German Terror in Belgium, an Historical Record. Doran, 1917, p. xiii, 160. \$1. Systematic account of German behavior in Belgium and treatment of Belgian people, based on testimony gathered and published by officials and commissions of various governments.

*Van der Essen, Léon. The invasion and the War in Belgium, with a Sketch of the Diplomatic Negotiations preceding the Conflict. London, Unwin, 1917, p. 356. 15s. By a professor of history at Louvain. Best and fullest account yet available, but military side is rather weak and the critical method is not all that could be desired of a professor of history. Discusses neutrality issue.

Verdavaine, Georges. Pictures of Ruined Belgium, with 72 Pen and Ink Sketches Drawn on the Spot by L. Berden. Lane, 1917. \$3. Chief value in pictures. Text by art critic of Independance Belge, translated by J. Lewis May, based on official reports.

Verhaeren, Emile. Belgium's Agony, translated and introduced by M. T. H. Sadler. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. xxii, 131. \$1.25. Splendid literary exposition of Belgium's sufferings and pride in bearing the suffering; biting criticisms of Germany.

Williams, Albert Rhys. In the Claws of the German Eagle. Dutton, 1917, p. ix, 273. \$1.50. Good account of observations, especially in Belgium, during early weeks of the war, by a Boston pastor of socialist proclivities.

17. BELGIUM: NEUTRALITY AND INTERNATIONAL LAW: DISCUSSIONS.

**DeVisscher, Charles. Belgium's Case, a Juridical Enquiry; translated from the French by E. F. Jourdain, with a Preface by J. van den Heuvel. Doran, 1916, p. xxiv, 164. \$1. Excellent, comprehensive, concise study by professor of law in University of Ghent; written with fairness and moderation.

Fuehr, Karl Alexander. The Neutrality of Belgium, a Study of the Belgium Case under its Aspects in Political History and International Law. Funk, 1915, p. xiii, 248. \$1.50. Historical and legal study to support German side. Contains various documents, including facsimiles of famous Brussels documents.

Grasshoff, Richard. The Tragedy of Belgium, an Answer to Professor Waxweiler. Dillingham, 1915, p. 244. \$1. Claims to use official material of German government to refute charges of German atrocities in Belgium, but generally mistakes vehemence for argument, and assertion for proof. Emphasizes franc-tireur acts of Belgians.

Labberton, J. H. Belgium and Germany, a Dutch View, translated by William Ellery Leonard. Chicago, Open Court Pub. Co., 1916, p. ix, 153. \$1. Somewhat philosophical attempt to justify German invasion of Belgium. Avows neutrality but accepts German unsupported statements with little question, exonerates Germany and blames England.

Langenhove, Fernand van. The Growth of a Legend, a Study Based upon the German Accounts of Francs-Tireurs and "Atrocities" in Belgium, with a preface by J. Mark Baldwin. Putnam, 1916, p. xv, 321. \$1.25. The author is scientific secretary of the Solvay Institute of Brussels. Translation by E. B. Sherlock. Moderate, restrained investigation of evidence, but occasional over-refinement of argument.

*Sanger, Charles Percy, and Norton, Henry Tertius James. England's Guarantee to Belgium and Luxemburg, with the Full Text of the Treaties. Scribner, 1915, p. viii, 155. \$1.50. Historical section by Norton, international law discussion by Sanger. Treatment, careful, technical, legalistic, not popular. "The obligations of Great Britain under the treaties of 1839 and 1867 are extremely doubtful... but in the circumstances of the case, Sir Edward Grey adhered to the traditional view of English statesmen."

*Waxweiler, Emile. Belgium, Neutral and Loyal, the War of 1914. Putnam, 1915, p. xi, 324. \$1.25. Author is Director of Solvay Institute of Sociology of Brussels. Original appeared in Switzerland in December, 1914. Earnest, dignified plea for exoneration by an advocate; sober and moderate in tone, but vigorously insistent on facts and views.

*Waxweiler, Emile. Belgium and the Great Powers, her Neutrality Explained and Vindicated. Putnam, 1916, p. xi, 186. \$1. Published fifteen months after former, "it neither corrects nor modifies it in any respect." Answers various German charges against Belgium. Like predecessor will remain one of most important volumes on Belgian question.

18. FRANCE.

Bracq, Jean Charlemagne. France under the Third Republic. Scribner, 1910, p. x, 376. \$1.50. Account of cultural development, including church and education questions. Clear, accurate, fair, sympathetic to the Republic.

*Bracq, Jean Charlemagne. The Provocation of France, Fifty Years of German Aggression. Oxford Press, 1916, p. vii, 202. \$1.25. Discriminating survey of Franco-German relations in last half-century with careful references to authorities, by professor in Vassar College.

Dimnet, Ernest. France Herself Again. Putnam, 1914, p. xii, 399. \$2.50. Written in English by patriotic Frenchman; nearly completed before outbreak of war. Though France had been decadent under Second Empire and Third Republic, its health and vigor has revived since 1905.

*Guérard, Albert Léon. French Civilization in the Nineteenth Century, a Historical Introduction. Century, 1914, p. 312. \$3. Good historical and descriptive account, published before the war.

Kipling, Rudyard. France at War, On the Frontier of Civilization. Garden City, N. Y., Doubleday, 1915, p. 130. 50 cents. Interpretation of spirit of France in author's best style.

*Poincaré, Raymond. How France is Governed. Translated by Bernard Miall. McBride, 1914, p. 376. \$2.25. Written before author became president of France, for French school use. Adult readers will find this an excellent introduction to theory, form, and working of French government.

**Sabatier, Paul. A Frenchman's Thoughts on the War. Translated by Bernard Miall. Scribner, 1916, p. 164. \$1.25. Perhaps best effort to reveal development of French character during the war. Somewhat historical and descriptive, but the human interest is the keynote. Compare Kipling's France at War and Chevrillon's England.

*Wright, Charles Henry Conrad. A History of the Third French Republic. Boston, Houghton, 1916, p. 206. \$1.50. Excellent, concise, impartial narrative. Should be supplemented for descriptive matter by Bracq's Third Republic

19. ITALY.

*Bainville, Jacques. Italy and the War. Translated by Bernard Miall. Doran, 1916, p. 267. \$1. The author, a French correspondent with long service in Italy, reviews growth of Italian national unity, describes movement of Italy from Triple Alliance to Quadruple Entente, and concludes with chapter on effect of the war on Italy's future. Believes Italy's entrance into war was act of public will.

*Dillon, Emile John. From the Triple to the Quadruple Alliance: Why Italy Went Into the War. Doran, 1915, p. xii, 242. \$1.50. Good account of traditions and events which influenced Italy's entrance into the war by able English student of foreign affairs, who visited Italy in critical period.

*Jamison, E. M., and others. Italy, Medieval and Modern, a History. Oxford Press, 1917, p. viii, 564. \$2.90. Four English historical scholars have furnished a convenient sketch of Italian history from the close of the Roman Empire to 1915. The section on the nineteenth century and the antecedents of the war is noteworthy.

Low, Sidney James Mark. Italy in the War. Longmans, 1916, p. xii, 316. \$1.75. Good account of movement of events since August, 1914, in Italy; of how Italy and Austria went to war; and of the conditions under which they contend.

McClure, W. K. Italy in North Africa, an Account of the Tripoli Enterprise. Philadelphia, Winston, 1914, p. xi, 328. \$2.50. Good account of Italo-Turkish war by an observer and Italian sympathizer.

Vivian, Herbert. Italy at War. Dutton, 1917, p. ix, 370. \$2.50. Character sketches of Italian leaders and of the Italian people rather than discussion of issues. Useful for sympathetic understanding of Italian attitude and activity.

Wallace, William Kay. Greater Italy, 1858-1916. Scribner, 1917, p. x, 312. \$2. Account of unification of Italy and of the Triple Alliance, and good, informing discussion of Italy's problems in connection with the war.

20. PORTUGAL.

Young, George. Portugal, Old and Young. Oxford Press, 1917. 5s. Though published in Histories of Belligerents Series, not so much history as a collection of essays on modern Portugal; best on cultural side. Author belonged to British legation at Lisbon.

21. ALSACE-LORRAINE.

*Hazen, Charles Downer. Alsace-Lorraine Under German Rule. Holt, 1917, p. 246. \$1.25. Clear, convincing indictment of German control of Alsace-Lorraine, by competent American historical scholar.

Jordan, David Starr. Alsace-Lorraine, a Study in Conquest. Indianapolis, Bobbs, 1917. \$1. Written in 1913, after special study in the provinces, and partly published in Atlantic Monthly, May, 1914. Alsace is the storm-center, but war is no remedy for its problem. Quotes liberally both French and German views.

Putnam, Ruth. Alsace and Lorraine from Cæsar to Kaiser, 58 B. C.—1871 A. D. Putnam, 1915, p. viii, 208. \$1.25. Scholarly historical outline, with supplementary chapter on German rule; non-committal.

22. GERMANY: HISTORY.

Germany in the Nineteenth Century. Longmans, 1915, p. xvi, 254. \$2. Two series of lectures delivered at Manchester University in 1911 and early in 1914 by J. H. Rose and other English scholars, descriptive of German history and culture. Authors' views have been somewhat modified by the war, as shown by their later writings.

Henderson, Ernest Flagg. A Short History of Germany. Macmillan, 1916, 2 vols. \$3.50. Second edition of work published in 1902, with three chapters added for period 1871-1914. By American scholar of German sympathies; accurate, fair, well written.

*Marriott, John Arthur Ransome, and Robertson, Charles Grant. The Evolution of Prussia, the Making of an Empire. Oxford Press, 1915, p. 459. \$1.75. From Great Elector to Bismarck, with bibliography and sketch maps. Of avowed tendency and lively but not unfair criticism. More detailed and readable than Priest.

*Priest, George Madison. Germany since 1740. Boston, Ginn, 1915, p. xvi, 199. \$1.25. Good sketch with emphasis on Prussia; tends to neglect internal affairs. Summarizes the views of German history prevalent in generation preceding the war.

*Schevill, Ferdinand. The Making of Modern Germany, Six Public Lectures Delivered in Chicago in 1915. Chicago, McClurg, 1916, p. xi, 259. \$1.25. A professor of modern European history in University of Chicago surveys events from Great Elector to the war with studied moderation of tone and reserve of statement. Clear, pleasing style, sometimes ingratiating as in its minimizing militarism.

Smith, Munroe. Bismarck and German Unity. Columbia University Press, 1910, p. x, 132. \$1. Second edition of sketch published on occasion of Bismarck's death in 1898. Excellent brief survey of the man and his policies.

Treitschke, Heinrich Gotthard von. History of Germany in the Nineteenth Century; translated by Eden and Cedar Paul. McBride, 1915-16, vols. 1 and 2, xix, 708; xiv, 724. Each \$3.25. Less permeated with his notorious views than his "Politics," the "History" has been more widely popular and influential in Germany. In general, good history; important for understanding German history of past century and present German character. Second volume covers to 1820.

Ward, Sir Adolphus William. Germany, 1815-1890. Cambridge Historical Series. Putnam, 1916, vol. 1, p. xiv, 592. \$3. A learned accumulation of facts narrated in dry, impartial manner. Most thorough English account. First volume covers to 1852.

23. GERMANY: KAISER AND COURT.

Fox, Edward Lyell. Wilhelm Hohenzollern & Co. McBride, 1917, p. xii, 237. \$1.50. Sensational account of the Kaiser and men around him by American journalist who was three times in Germany during the war.

Graves, Armgaard Karl, pseud. The Secrets of the Hohenzollerns. McBride, 1915, p. 251. \$1.50. English title: The Red Secrets of the Hohenzollerns. Highly sensational; would be interesting if true.

Hammer, Simon Christian. William the Second. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. 272. \$1.50. Attempt at psychological analysis of the Kaiser based on his speeches and on contemporary German writings.

Keen, Edith. Seven Years at the Prussian Court. Lane, 1917, p. 315, \$3. Author was in household of sister of Empress. Reminiscences and court gossip; trivial.

Radziwill, Catherine (Rzewuska) Princess. Germany Under Three Emperors. Funk, 1917. \$4. Account of German politics and diplomacy centered around Bismarck and William II; by a close observer.

Topham, Anne. Memories of the Kaiser's Court. Dodd, 1914, p. vii, 308. \$3. English teacher of Princess Victoria gives intimate view of Kaiser's family and court since 1902.

24. GERMANY: GOVERNMENT AND CONDITIONS.

Barker, J. Ellis. The Foundations of Germany, a Documentary Account Revealing the Causes of her Strength, Wealth, and Efficiency. Dutton, 1916, p. ix, 280. \$2.50. Topical account of German conditions and policies told largely by quotations from Frederick the Great and other German rulers and statesmen since Great Elector.

*Barker, J. Ellis. Modern Germany, her Political and Economic Problems, her Foreign and Domestic Policy, her Ambitions and the Causes of her Success; fifth revised and enlarged edition brought to Jan. 1915. Dutton, 1915, p. xi, 852. \$3. Author, native of Cologne, name changed from Eltzbacher by act of parliament, more moderate and reasonable English counterpart of H. S. Chamberlain. Originally written in connection with famous colonial election of Reichstag in 1907, and brought to date in successive editions, has been most notable English work on Germany through the decade. Deals with economic, colonial, and naval bases of German imperialism which he regards as directed against Great Britain, United States, or both.

*Beyens, Eugene, Baron. Germany before the War; translated by Paul V. Cohn. Nelson, 1916, p. 366. \$1.50. Former Belgian minister at Berlin describes country and government and events preceding war in which he participated. Severe especially towards the Emperor.

Bourdon, Georges. The German Enigma, being an Inquiry among the Germans as to What They Think, What They Want, What They Can Do, translated by Beatrice Marshall, with Introduction by Charles Sarolea. Dutton, 1914, p. xiii. 357. \$1.25. Editor of Paris Figaro toured Germany in 1913 to learn attitude toward France. Found militarism inbred but everyone disclaiming desire for war, notably as against France.

Collier, Price. Germany and the Germans from an American Point of View. Scribner, 1913, p. xii, 498. \$1.50. Popular account by shrewd observer, not unfriendly in tone. Author published volume with similar title and character on England in 1911.

Dawson, William Harbutt. The Evolution of Modern Germany. Scribner, 1908, p. xvi, 503. \$4. Excellent description of character and conditions, with mass of information, but statistics are all of 1906 or earlier. Author has written various other works on Germany, including Municipal Life and Government in Germany (Longmans, 1914, \$3.75).

*Dawson, William Harbutt. What Is Wrong with Germany. Longmans, 1915, p. xii, 227. \$1. Confessedly out of tune with his other works which he had hoped would promote better feeling between England and Germany. Based on far more thorough knowledge of growth of ideas and opinion in Germany than shown in most war books. Deals with theory of the state, militarism, imperialism, Weltpolitik, relations of north and south Germany, questions of reform, etc.

**Fife, Robert Herndon, Jr. The German Empire between Two Wars, a Study of the Political and Social Development of the Nation between 1871 and 1914. Macmillan, 1916, p. xiv, 400. \$1.50. Absolutely impartial, sympathetic account and criticism of foreign and domestic affairs, notably good on Alsace-Lorraine, Polish question, education, the press, municipal affairs, and parties. Based on personal observation and wide study; written, in large part, before the war.

Holmes, Edmond Gore Alexander. The Nemesis of Docility, a Study of German Character. Dutton, 1916, p. vii, 264. \$1.75. Style superior to facts and logic.

Howard, Burt Estes. The German Empire. Macmillan, 1906, p. viii, 449. \$2. A careful, somewhat legalistic, study of the imperial constitution.

Krüger, Fritz-Konrad. Government and Politics of the German Empire. Yonkers, N. Y., World Book Co., 1915, p. xi, 340. \$1.20. Good survey, sympathetic to Germany, written as textbook.

Lichtenberger, Henri. Germany and its Evolution in Modern Times, translated from the French by A. M. Ludovici. Holt, 1913, p. 440. \$2.50. By an Alsatian professor at the Sorbonne, published originally in 1907, lacks translator's notes to bring it to date. Emphasizes economic progress and expansion, not militarism as the basic Hohenzollern policy.

McLaren, A. D. Germanism from Within. Dutton, 1916, p. x, 363. \$3. Lived in Germany seven years preceding the war as correspondent of an Australian paper, and eight months in a concentration camp. Some of these attempts to analyze German character were written before the war, and all have unusual tone of fairness.

Perris, George Herbert. Germany and the German Emperor. Holt, 1913, 4th edition, 1914, p. xii, 520. \$3. Account of modern Germany written to promote better understanding between England and Germany. Chapters on Weltpolitik and other topics are valuable for presenting English views of 1912. Later editions show no change except in preface.

Reich, Emil. Germany's Madness. Dodd, 1914, p. x, 224. \$1. Author Hungarian resident in England. First published 1907, also issued with title: Germany's Swelled Head. New edition somewhat condensed and brought to date.

Schierbrand, Wolf von. Germany, the Welding of a World Power. Garden City, Doubleday, 1902, p. vii, 307. \$2.40. Cheap reprint at later date. Superficial account by American journalist for American readers. Largely out of date, but of some interest for views of the time.

Smith, Thomas F. A. The Soul of Germany, a Twelve Years' Study of the People from Within, 1902-1914. Doran, 1915, p. xv, 354. \$1.25. Author was Englishman on Erlangen faculty. Facts usually accurate, interpretation made in war time, under personal pique at circumstances of his hasty exit from Germany. Unfortunate tendency to emphasize seamy side. Chapters on Treitschke and Nietzsche.

*Veblen, Thorstein. Imperial Germany and the Industrial Revolution. Macmillan, 1915, p. viii, 324. \$1.50. Sociological-historical essay, projected before the war, to study divergent lines of German and English cultural development in modern times, considered due to economic circumstances rather than to national genius or manifest destiny. Thoughtful work in difficult, often ironical, style, by American professor.

Villard, Oswald Garrison. Germany Embattled, an American Interpretation. Scribner, 1915, p. 181. \$1. Mainly reprint of articles by American editor familiar with Germany, to explain Germany's case, but shows why American opinion has developed adversely to Germany. Careful, intelligent study

25. GERMANY: POLITICAL THOUGHT.

Bernhardi, Friedrich Adam Julius von. Britain as Germany's Vassal, translated by J. Ellis Barker. Doran, 1914, p. 255. \$1. Written year after Germany and the Next War to show that Germany's next step toward world domination should be subjugation of England. Appendix contains selections from Kriegsbrauch, the German handbook of law and custom of war.

Bernhardi, Friedrich Adam Julius von. Germany and England. Dillingham, 1915, p. 93. \$.50. Partly reply to Cramb's book, partly apologia addressed to American readers. Blames England for the war and naïvely declares notion of German invasion of America "belongs only to sphere of bar-room discussion."

*Bernhardi, Friedrich Adam Julius von. Germany and the Next War, translated by Allen H. Powles. Longmans, 1913, p. 288. \$3. First published in Germany in 1911 as author's reaction from Moroccan crisis of that year. Not the technical, but the political and ethical chapters gave this book its fame as the typical expression of German militarism.

Bernhardi, Friedrich Adam Julius von. How Germany Makes War. Doran, 1914, p. xv, 263. \$1.25. Abridgment of On War Today (Dodd, 1914, 2 vols., \$5) translated and edited by Hugh Rees. Largely technical, but reveals author's belief in Germany as world power with cultural mission.

*Bismarck, Otto, Fürst von. Bismarck the Man and the Statesman, being the Reflections and Reminiscences Written and Dictated by Himself after his Retirement from Office, translated from the German under the Supervision of A. J. Butler. Harper, 1899, 2 vols., p. xx, 415; xix, 362. \$7.50. Valuable not as record of events, but as exposition of his policies and acts. Second volume on events, 1862-1890, is of great importance on both domestic and foreign affairs.

*Bülow, Bernhard Heinrich Martin Karl, Fürst von. Imperial Germany; with a Foreword by J. W. Headlam; translated by Marie A. Lewenz; new and revised editon. Dodd, 1917, p. xlv, 335. \$2. By former German chancellor. Original German edition published in 1913 in volume to commemorate twenty-fifth anniversary of Kaiser's accession. New German edition published separately in 1916. English edition of original appeared in 1914. Largely rewritten with new parts in brackets, also new chapters on militarism and the Social Democrats, and a new introduction. Early chapters devoted to foreign relations, with some comment on almost every event since 1888. Observations on individual topics are keen; didactic tone, strong nationalist and imperialist patriotism pervade the book. Correlation of ideas and consistency of statement are neglected virtues.

Chamberlain, Houston Stewart. The Foundations of the Nineteenth Century, with an Introduction by Lord Redesdale. Lane, 1910, 2 vols., p. cii, 578; vii, 580. \$10. Author born of distinguished English family, married daughter of Richard Wagner, and has long lived in Germany as naturalized citizen. Not history, but a copious conglomerate of facts, an induction into the sacred mystery of Teutonism. Facts not always supported by authorities and logic untrammeled by customary rules. Regards Teutons as great creators and custodians of culture.

Frobenius, Herman Theodor Wilhelm. The German Empire's Hour of Destiny, with preface by Sir Valentine Chirol. McBride, 1914, p. 139. \$1. Published early in 1914, predicting the war, based partly on Lea's Day of the Saxon. Made prominent by commendation from the Crown Prince.

*Gauss, Christian. The German Emperor as Shown in his Public Utterances. Scribner, 1915, p. xvi, 329. \$1.25.

Schierbrand, Wolf von. The Kaiser's Speeches, forming a Character Portrait of Emperor William II; Translated and Edited with Annotations; based upon a compilation made by A. Oscar Klaussmann. Harper, 1903, p. xxxi, 333. \$2.50. Omits part of Klaussmann collection, but adds some other. Speeches are not printed in whole, but under topical arrangement, material from various speeches is brought together. Covers only first fifteen years of reign.

Treitschke, Heinrich Gotthard von. Germany, France, Russia, and Islam, translated into English, with a Foreword by George Haven Putnam. Putnam, 1915, p. xiv, 336. \$1.50. Eight essays written between 1871 and 1895; of no great interest.

*Treitschke, Heinrich Gotthard von. Politics, translated from the German by Blanche Dugdale and Torben de Bille, with an Introduction by Arthur James Balfour, and a Foreword by A. Lawrence Lowell. Macmillan, 1916, 2 vols., p. xliv, 406; vi, 643. \$7. Lectures, published posthumously in German in 1897-8, grouped under five headings: the nature of the state, the social foundations of the state, varieties of political constitution, the state considered in regard to its influence upon rulers and ruled, and the state considered in relation to international intercourse. The first and last sections contain the more notable pronouncements. He failed to verify his facts, to weigh evidence correctly, and to avoid contradiction, but his brilliance and earnestness carried conviction. There is a convenient volume of Selections, translated by Adam L. Gowans (Philadelphia, Stokes, 1915, \$.75).

26. GERMANY: POLITICAL THOUGHT: CRITICISMS.

Davis, Henry William Charles. The Political Thought of Heinrich von Treitschke. Scribner, 1915, p. viii, 295. \$2. Attempt, by English historical scholar, to trace development of Treitschke's ideas and to analyze them with special reference to his Politics. Rigorous, but not harsh or unfair, criticism.

*Dewey, John. German Philosophy and Politics. Holt, 1915, p. 134. \$1.25. Able, readable survey, by American philosopher, of philosophical origins and background, from Kant, Fichte, and Hegel to the war, of current German political ideas.

Figgis, John Neville. The Will to Freedom, or the Gospel of Nietzsche and the Gospel of Christ. Scribner, 1917, p. xviii, 320. \$1.25. Excellent analysis and criticism of the philosophy of Nietzsche and estimate of its influence on German thought.

*Guilland, Antoine. Modern Germany and her Historians McBride, 1915, p. 360. \$2.25. Author is professor in Swiss Polytechnic School, Zürich. Critical study of political school of historians in Germany in nineteenth century. Written before the war, with excellent style and wide knowledge.

Salter, William Mackintire. Nietzsche the Thinker, a Study. Holt, 1917, p. x, 539. \$3.50. Thorough philosophical study nearly completed before the war, with which he does not find Nietzsche specially connected.

Santayana, George. Egotism in German Philosophy. Scribner, 1916. \$1.50. Abstract, brilliant, bitter.

Treitschke, his Doctrine of German Destiny and of International Relations. Putnam, 1914, p. xi, 332. \$1.50. Contains study of Treitschke and his works by Adolf Hausrath and selections from his writings. Handy introduction to Treitschke and his ideas.

27. GERMANY: ANTHOLOGIES OF OPINION.

Archer, William. Gems (?) of German Thought. Garden City, Doubleday, 1917, p. ix, 264. \$1.25. Extracts from over eighty sources arranged topically, to show "the dominant characteristics of German mentality."

*Bang, Jacob Peter. Hurrah and Hallelujah, the Teaching of Germany's Poets, Prophets, Professors and Preachers, a Documentation translated from the Danish by Jessie Bröchner, with an introduction by Ralph Connor. Doran, 1917, p. xi, 234. \$1. Author is professor in University of Copenhagen. After introductory survey of growth of the "new-German spirit" before the war, reviews, with abundant quotations, utterances and publications during the war both by chauvinists and moderates. Effective revelation of obsessions of German thought.

Chapman, John Jay Deutschland über Alles, or Germany Speaks, a Collection of Utterances of Representative Germans: Statesmen, Military Leaders, Scholars and Poets, in Defence of the War Policies of the Fatherland. Putnam, 1914, p. 102. \$.75.

Gowans, Adam L. A Month's German Newspapers, being Representative Extracts from those of the Memorable Month of December, 1914. New York, Stokes, 1915, p. vii, 275. \$1. Extracts from eight leading papers, whose character is described, dealing especially with events on the west front and relations with England.

Smith, Thomas F. A. What Germany Thinks; the War as Germans See It. Doran, 1915, p. 336. \$1.25. German utterances during first year of war, topically arranged. Seems to reveal solidarity of German opinion, though other currents of thought may be overlooked.

28. GERMANY: WELTPOLITIK.

*Hurd, Archibald S., and Castle, Henry. German Sea Power, its Rise, Progress, and Economic Basis. Scribner, 1913, p. xv, 388. \$3.25. Intelligent, though not friendly, English account of German naval policy. Hurd has written much else on naval and diplomatic questions of the war and the years immediately preceding.

Lewin, Percy Evans. The German Road to the East, an Account of the Drang nach Osten and of Teutonic Aims in the Near and Middle East. Doran, 1917, p. 340. \$2.50. Based not on personal observation but on thorough study of the literature of the subject.

Mach, Edmund Robert Otto von. Germany's Point of View. Chicago, McClurg, 1915. \$1.50. Well written attempt to state Germany's case, especially against England, and to give German side of Belgian and other matters. Belongs to Münsterberg school of German propaganda in America.

Mach, Edmund Robert Otto von. What Germany Wants. Boston, Little, 1914. \$1. Clear, moderate explanation of German ideals, problems, and policies to persuade Americans that Germany should not be judged by Bernhardi.

*Prothero, George Walter. German Policy Before the War. Dutton, 1916, p. viii, 111. \$1. Outlines with clearness and vigor but not entirely dispassionately, development of German thought and policy leading to the war. By well known English historian.

*Rohrbach, Paul. Germany's Isolation, an Exposition of the Economic Causes of the War; translated by Paul H. Phillipson. Chicago, McClurg, 1915, p. xvii, 186. \$1. Translation of Der Krieg und die Deutsche Politik (1914). Six chapters written before the war deal with Anglo-German rivalry. Final chapter on outbreak of war exonerates Germany. Chapter on Salient Ideas of German Foreign Policy is remarkable, if printed as written before the war. *Rohrbach, Paul. German World Policies, translated by E. von Mach. Macmillan, 1915, p. xi, 243. \$1.25. Translation of Der Deutsche Gedanke in der Welt (1912), which translator says has "inspired more Germans than any other book published since 1871, for everybody felt that it presented a generally true picture of the Fatherland and indicated the paths which the Germans had resolved to follow." Typical of German idealism and much more moderate than Bernhardi.

Usher, Roland Greene. Pan-Germanism from its Inception to the Outbreak of the War, a Critical Study. Boston, Houghton, 1914, p. vii, 422. \$1.75. Widely read during first year of the war as clear, breezy presentation of Pan-German movement, its ideas and their application to events of two decades preceding the war. Though not to be relied on for accuracy, events have given warrant to many of his conclusions.

29. GERMANY: WAR-TIME DISCUSSIONS OF POLICY.

Fernau, Hermann. Coming Democracy. Dutton, 1917, p. viii, 321. \$2. Translation of "Durch! Zur Demokratie," published before Russian revolution. By a German democrat and pacifist who vigorously denounces the German government and proclaims necessity of military defeat of Germany for its own sake, as only means of replacing monarchy by democracy.

*I Accuse! (J'Accuse) by a German; with Preface by Dr. Anton Suter, translated by Alexander Gray. Doran, 1915, p. viii, 445. \$1.50. German refugee, pacifist, perhaps Social Democrat, asserts his German loyalty but with intelligence and courage denounces Prussian militarists as responsible for the war. To be read to offset accepted German views of Bülow, Bernhardi, and Rohrbach. Has since published first of three volumes entitled The Crime (1917) to complete his proofs of Prussian militarist responsibility.

*Naumann, Friedrich. Central Europe; a translation by Christabel M. Meredith from the Original German. Knopf, 1917, p. vii, 351. \$3. Painstaking argument for closer union of Germany and Austria and ultimately for a still greater central European combination. Economic considerations are given full weight. Perhaps the most notable German book on national and international policy produced during the war. The author is a member of the Reichstag, of socialist antecedents.

*Modern Germany in Relation to the Great War, by Various German Writers; translated by W. W. Whitelock. Kennerley, 1916, p. 628. \$2. Translation of Deutschland und der Weltkrieg, edited by Professors Heintze, Meinecke, Oncken, and Schuhmacher, in which twenty German scholars co-operate to state Germany's case. Note especially Erich Marck's essay on historic relations between Germany and England.

30. GERMANY: ARMY, NAVY, SECRET SERVICE.

Edelsheim, Franz, Freiherr von. Operations upon the Sea, a Study translated from the German. Outdoor Press, 1914. \$.75. Technical study, interesting for illustrative studies of German invasions of England and United States.

The German Spy-System from within, by an Ex-Intelligence Officer. Doran, 1915, second edition, p. viii, 195. \$1. Shallow performance, possibly by British secret service man to explain the menace to English readers.

Goltz, Colmar, Freiherr von der. A Nation in Arms, translated by Philip A. Ashworth, edited by A. Hilliard Atteridge. Doran, 1915, p. viii. 288. \$1. Exposition of German military system by veteran German officer, formerly military governor of Belgium. Condensed from first English translation of 1906.

Goltz, Horst von der. My Adventures 2s a German Secret Agent. McBride, 1917, p. xii, 287. \$1.50. Purports to be account of German secret service and of personal experiences by one whose activities in United States and Mexico attracted attention prior to his arrest by English. Asserts wide ramification of German system in United States.

Graves, Armgaard Karl, pseud., and Fox, Edward Lyell. The Secrets of the German War Office. McBride, 1914, p. 240. \$1.50. Sensational narrative of doubtful authenticity by purported German secret agent.

Henderson, Ernest Flagg. Germany's Fighting Machine, her Army, her Navy, her Air-ships, and Why She Arrayed Them Against the Allied Powers of Europe. Indianapolis, Bobbs, 1914, p. 97. \$1.25. Brief popular account by German sympathizer, with wealth of excellent illustrations.

*The War Book of the German General Staff, being "The Usages of War on Land," Issued by the Great General Staff of the German Army; translated by J. H. Morgan. McBride, 1915, p. xv, 199. \$1. Professor Morgan has made careful literal translation and added a full critical introduction to the Kriegsbrauch im Landkriege.

31. GERMANY: DESCRIPTIONS IN WAR-TIME.

Ackerman, Carl William. Germany, the Next Republic? Doran, 1917, p. xiv, 292. \$1.50. Author was American correspondent in Germany from March, 1915, to the rupture of relations. Describes rivalry of Bethmann-Hollweg and Tirpitz factions and movement of public opinion in Germany. Approves American delay in entering the war.

Beaufort, J. M. de. Behind the German Veil; a Record of a Journalistic War Filgrimage. Dodd, 1917, p. xix, 403. \$2. Author a native of Holland, trained as correspondent in America, went to Germany in 1914. Wide observations, including eastern front and the fleet. Sympathies pro-Ally.

Bullitt, Mrs. Ernesta Drinker. An Uncensored Diary; from the Central Empires. Garden City, Doubleday, 1917, p. v, 205. \$1.25. Diary of wife of correspondent in Germany in summer of 1916. Includes visits to Belgium and Austria-Hungary. Many interesting observations, especially concerning women and children.

Curtin, D. Thomas. The Land of Deepening Shadow, Germany-at-War. Doran, 1917, p. 337. \$1.50. Description of German methods and of conditions in Germany late in 1915 by American correspondent.

*Gerard, James Watson. My Four Years in Germany. Doran, 1917, p. xvi, 448. \$2. The former American ambassador to Germany gives some important information, and records many interesting and enlightening observations. Honest, straightforward account, intended to arouse popular interest and give general public convincing proofs of American case against Germany.

McClellan, George Brinton. The Heel of War. Dillingham, 1916, p. xi, 177. \$1. Record of visits to Germany, Belgium, France, and Italy during the war, by former mayor of New York, now professor at Princeton. Professedly unbiassed, actually transparently German.

Swope, Herbert Bayard. Inside the German Empire in the Third Year of the War. Century, 1917, p. xxi, 366. \$2. By American correspondent of New York World. Tone, impartial; observations, hasty and inadequate; judgments, hasty and now somewhat superannuated; style, readable.

32. AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

*Andrassy, Graf Julius. Whose Sin Is the World War? Translated by E. J. Euphrat. New Era Publishing House, 1915, p. 154. 50 cents. Author is son of famous state chancellor, and has himself been an Hungarian minister. Able, tactful presentation of Austria's case against Serbia and Russia; places blame squarely on Russia.

Austria-Hungary and the War. Fatherland Corporation, 1915, p. 64. Nine articles by prominent Austrians on causes of the war and Austrian interests. Official Austrian propaganda.

Capek, Thomas, editor. Bohemia under Hapsburg Misrule, a Study of the Ideals and Aspirations of the Bohemian and Slovak Peoples as they Relate to and Are Affected by the Great European War. Revell, 1915, p. 187. \$1. Articles by leading authorities on Bohemian affairs setting forth anti-Hapsburg feeling and opposition to Germanization. Not to be relied on as accurate or authoritative.

Knatchbull-Hugesson, Cecil Marcus. The Political Evolution of the Hungarian Nation. London, National Review, 1908, 2 vols. Deals primarily with the Magyar element and presents its views.

Ludwig, Ernest. Austria-Hungary and the War, with a preface by Dr. K. T. Dumba. Ogilvie, 1915, p. 200. \$1. The Austrian case told by the former consul at Cleveland. Attention centered on the Serbian question, with best account of Sarajevo trial. Chapter on Ruthenian problem, also one on relations with United States.

*Pollak, Gustav. The House of Hohenzollern and the Hapsburg Monarchy. Evening Post Co., 1917, p. 107. 50 cents. Reprint of seven timely articles on German and Austrian questions from New York Evening Post by a native of Vienna.

Schierbrand, Wolf von. Austria-Hungary, the Polyglot Empire. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. vii, 372. \$3. Journalist who had spent years in Germany and Austria describes conditions, problems, and war-time situation.

*Steed, Henry Wickham. The Hapsburg Monarchy. Scribner, 1913, p. xxxii, 304. \$2.50. Author writes with knowledge and insight due to a decade's residence in the Dual Monarchy as London Times correspondent. Pleasing style, but too much knowledge is presumed for easy reading. Describes organization and administration of the monarchy and such conditions and problems as foreign policy, Bosnia, Yugoslavs, and Jews.

Whitman, Sidney. Austria (Story of the Nations Series). Putnam, 1898. \$1.50. Brief outline account to 1898. The same series contains a volume on Hungary by Vámbéry (1886).

33. AUSTRIA-HUNGARY: SLAVIC PEOPLES.

Bailey, William Frederick. The Slavs of the War Zone. Dutton, 1916, p. xii, 266. \$3.50. Descriptions of Austrian Slavs, both northern and southern, impassioned but informing.

Seton-Watson, Robert William. Racial Problems in Hungary, by Scotus Viator (pseud). London, Constable, 1908, p. xxvii, 540. The Southern Slav Question and the Hapsburg Monarchy. London, Constable, 1911, p. xii, 463. 12s. 6d. Corruption and Reform in Hungary, a Study of Electoral Practice. London, Constable, 1911, p. xvi, 197. 4s. 6d. German, Slav, and Magyar, a Study in the Origins of the Great War. London, Williams & Norgate, 1916, p. 198. 2s. 6d. Four works on various phases of the Southern Slav question in Hungary, by a specialist on the subject, an advocate of Jugoslavic nationality.

34. BALKAN PENINSULA: HISTORY, CONDITIONS, PROBLEMS.

Abbott, George Frederick. Turkey, Greece, and the Great Powers; a Study in Friendship and Hate. McBride, 1917, p. vii, 384. \$3. Part I deals with Turkey and the Great Powers; Part II treats Greece similarly. Both historical antecedents and relations during the war are discussed. Author was formerly a war correspondent. Historical sections are inadequate; judgments of contemporary events to be taken with caution. Criticises treatment of Greece by the Allies.

Brown, Demetra (Vaka) (Mrs. Kenneth Brown). The Heart of the Balkans. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. 248. \$1.50. A series of sketches of travel through the Balkans in 1913 or thereabouts.

*Buxton, Noel Edward, and Buxton, Charles Roden. The War and the Balkans. London, Allen & Unwin, 1915, p. 112. 2s. 6d. Unusually successful effort to set forth concisely and impartially the views and feelings of the several Balkan peoples.

*Courtney, Leonard Henry Courtney, 1st Baron, editor. Nationalism and War in the Near-East, by a Diplomatist. Oxford Press, 1916, p. xxvi, 428. \$4.15. Marked by democratic and pacifist bias, but, perhaps, ablest discussion of Balkan problems, especially of years immediately preceding the war. Not so much narrative or descriptive as analytical and philosophical.

*Forbes, Nevill; Toynbee, Arnold Joseph; Mitrany, D.; and Hogarth, David George. The Balkans, a History of Bulgaria, Serbia, Greece, Rumania, Turkey. Oxford Press, p. 407. \$1.75. Bulgaria and Serbia by Forbes, Greece by Toynbee, Romania by Mitrany, Turkey by Hogarth; the last being especially good. Diverse in method and value, and with no unity except the binding; general treatment of Balkan problem is unfortunately lacking. Better for general reader than Miller for accounts of separate states; Miller's account more unified and general.

Holland, Thomas Erskine. The European Concert in the Eastern Question, a Collection of Treaties and other Public Acts, with introductions and Notes. Oxford Press, 1885, p. xii, 366. \$3.25. Contains principal documents from 1830 to 1883.

*Marriott, John Arthur Ransome. The Eastern question, an Historical Study in European Diplomacy. Oxford Press, 1917, p. viii, 456. \$5.50. An historical account of the Ottoman empire is the central topic for a treatment of the Balkan problems and the international interests involved. The present war and its immediate antecedents receive ample attention. There is a chapter on the geography of the Balkans. The only good systematic work in English by well-known English historical scholar.

*Miller, William. The Ottoman Empire, 1801-1913. Putnam, 1913, p. xvi, 547. \$2.50. History since 1801 of all lands then part of Ottoman Empire, hence really an account of the rise of the Balkan nationalities, and of the international relations involved. Mass of facts, which covers to close of first Balkan war, makes the book informing but the style and method are scarcely enlightening.

The Near East from Within. Funk, 1915, p. viii, 256. \$3. Author claims to have been highly placed diplomat in the confidence of the Kaiser. Purports to unburden his mind of intrigues of secret diplomacy in the Balkans; interesting, but authenticity needs to be vouched.

*Newbigin, Marion Isabel, Geographical Aspects of Balkan Problems in their Relation to the Great European. War. Putnam, 1915, p. ix, 243. \$1.75. Covers whole peninsula and Danube valley; important on trade routes, river systems, agricultural conditions and other features connected with racial questions and political ambitions. Written with full recognition of the two Balkan wars and of importance of Balkan problems in present war.

*Phillipson, Coleman, and Buxton, Noel. The Question of the Bosphorus and Dardanelles. London, Stevens & Haynes, 1917, p. xvi, 264. Discusses general problems of international law involved; surveys history of question from 1774 to 1878 with reference to successive treaties and their application; considers future readjustment, with special reference to Russia and to internationalization similar to Danube Commission.

Savic, Vladislav R. South-Eastern Europe, the Main Problem of the Present World Struggle, with Introduction by Nicholas Murray Butler. Revell, 1918, p. 276. \$1.50. Surveys history of Southern Slavs and of their relations with Austria-Hungary and with Bulgaria; chapters on America and the South Slav State, Pan-Slavism, and the Adriatic Question. By Serb correspondent of English papers.

Seton-Watson, Robert William. The Balkans, Italy, and the Adriatic. London, Nisbet, 1915, p. 79. 1s. Brief study of Adriatic question and of Italy's interests in the Balkans.

*Seton-Watson, Robert William. The Rise of Nationality in the Balkans. London, Constable, 1917. 10s. 6d. Thorough account by a leading authority.

Singleton, Esther. Turkey and the Balkan States as Described by Great Writers. Dodd, 1908, p. xii, 336. \$1.60. Well selected compilation illustrating manners, customs, and conditions.

Villari, Luigi, editor. The Balkan Question, the Present Condition of the Balkans and of European Responsibilities, by Various Writers, with Introduction by James Bryce. Dutton, 1905, p. 362. \$3. Distinguished writers of various nationalities discuss various aspects of problems and argue for extension of international European control for immediate relief of conditions.

Woods, Henry Charles. The Danger Zone of Europe, Changes and Problems in the Near East. Boston, Little, 1911, p. 328. \$3.50. Based on travel and research; discusses several phases of Balkan affairs.

Woolf, Leonard Sidney. The Future of Constantinople. Macmillan, 1917, p. 109. \$1. Suggests control by international commission similar to Danube Commission of which some account is given.

35. BALKAN WARS, 1912-13.

International Commission to Inquire into the Causes and Conduct of the Balkan Wars. Report. Washington, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, 1914, p. 413. Report of an attempt to make thorough impartial study of Balkan situation. Places blame on all Balkan peoples, but finds Greeks rather more guilty of atrocities than Bulgarians.

Rankin, Reginald. The Inner History of the Balkan War. Dutton, 1914, p. x, 569. \$5. After historical surveys of the several countries of the Balkans, recounts causes and progress of the war with personal journalistic experiences. Lengthy and pretentious.

*Schurman, Jacob Gould. The Balkan Wars, 1912-13. Princeton, University Press, 1914, p. xv, 140. \$1. Author was American minister to Greece at the time. Clear concise review of causes, events and results.

Sloane, William Milligan. The Balkans, a Laboratory of History. Methodist Book Concern, 1914, p. viii, 322. \$1.50.

Comprehensive but not always accurate account of the Balkan wars and their antecedents.

Trapmann, A. H. The Greeks Triumphant. London, Forster, Groom & Co., 1915, p. xi, 294. 7s. 6d. Accounts of the two Balkan wars by correspondent of London Daily Telegraph.

36. SERBIA, MONTENEGRO, SOUTHERN SLAVS.

*Jones, Fortier. With Serbia into Exile, an American's Adventures with the Army that Can Not Die. Century, 1916, p. 447. \$1.60. London Times calls it best personal narrative of Serbian retreat. Author was student in Columbia School of Journalism who engaged in Serbian relief work.

Petrovic, Vojislav M. Serbia, her People, History, and Aspirations. New York, Stokes, 1915, p. 280. \$1.50. Convenient, though not scrupulously accurate, outline of Serbian history to 1914, with clear statement of national aims; by Serbian diplomatist.

Reiss, Rodolphe Archibald. Report upon the Atrocities Committed by the Austro-Hungarian Army during the First Invasion of Serbia; English translation by F. S. Copeland. London, Simpkin, 1916, p. 192. 5s. Report to Serbian government by Dr. Reiss of University of Lausanne on materials gathered in autumn of 1914.

Stead, Alfred, editor. Servia and the Servians. London, Heinemann, 1909, p. 390. 12s. 6d. Useful compilation, including economic data.

Taylor, A. H. E. The Future of the Southern Slavs. Dodd, 1917. \$3. Deals with Serbia and the Jugoslav question; chapter on the Adriatic question takes sides with Slavs against Italy.

*Temperley, Harold William Vazielle. History of Serbia. Macmillan, 1917, p. x, 354. \$4. Good account by competent English historian. Unfortunately closes with 1910.

Trevor, Roy. Montenegro, a Land of Warriors. Macmillan, 1914, p. vii, 87. \$.55. Avoids politics; describes people and conditions.

Tucic, Srgjan Pl. The Slav Nations; translated by Fanny S. Copeland. Doran, 1915, p. viii, 192. \$.50. Serbian writes chapter on each Slav nation, descriptive of peoples. Hasty, enthusiastic sketches.

Velimirovic, Nicolai. Serbia in Light and Darkness, with a Preface by the Archbishop of Canterbury. Longmans, 1916, p. xii, 147. \$1.20. Based on addresses of a Serbian priest to English audiences, voicing national spirit and portraying national life; not a book of facts.

37. ALBANIA.

Durham, Mary Edith. The Struggle for Scutari, Turk, Slav, and Albanian. Longmans, 1914, p. 332. \$4. Also includes discussion of international affairs in Balkans and gives special attention to Albanians.

Peacock, Wadham. Albania, the Foundling State of Europe. Appleton, 1914, p. 256. \$2.50. Author spent some time at Scutari in English consular service and admires Albanians. Historical and descriptive account with some discussion of problems.

38. GREECE.

Cassavetti, Demetrius John. Hellas and the Balkan Wars; with an Introduction by W. Pember Reeves. Dodd, 1914, p. xv, 368. \$3. Record of Greek history and aims for last half century with special reference to causes and Greek participation in Balkan wars of 1912-13. Carefully

done with citation of authorities. Patriotic and anti-Bulgarian.

Garnett, Lucy Mary Jane. Greece of the Hellenes. Scribner, 1914, p. vii, 246. \$1.50. Good descriptive work on contemporary life and conditions.

Kerofilas, Dr. C. Eleftherios Venizelos, his Life and Work, with an Introduction by M. Take Jonesco; translated by Beatrice Barstow. Dutton, 1915, p. xvii, 198. \$1.25. Laudatory, popular account of career to early months of the war. Introduction by former Romanian premier is best part of book.

Price, W. H. Crawford. Venizelos and the War. London, Simpkin, 1917. 2s. Athens correspondent of London Daily Mail describes recent relations of Greece with the Allies and with other Balkan states.

Venizelos, Eleutherios. Greece in her True Light, her Position in the World-wide War as Expounded by El. K. Venizelos, her Greatest Statesman, in a Series of Official Documents, translated by S. A. Xanthaky, and N. G. Sakellarios. Sakellarios and Xanthaky, 1916, p. 288. \$2. Supplemented with an account of career of Venizelos.

39. OTTOMAN EMPIRE: THE TURKS.

Baker, B. Granville. The Passing of the Turkish Empire in Europe. Philadelphia, Lippincott, 1913, p. 335. \$3.50. Author was in Constantinople during the first Balkan war, but says little of it; mainly descriptive material which throws some incidental light on political problems.

Cobb, Stanwood. The Real Turk. Boston, Pilgrim Press, 1914, p. xv, 301. \$1.50. Author lived three years in Turkey under Young Turk rule and frankly endeavors to present the good side of Turkish people.

Eliot, Sir Charles Norton Edgecumbe (Odysseus, pseud). Turkey in Europe. Longmans, second edition, 1908, p. vii, 459. \$2.50. Based on residence and travel especially from 1893 to 1898, with additional chapters to 1907. Deals with Balkan peoples in general, but with special reference to Turks. Good historical and descriptive account. Furnishes background for understanding events of last decade. First edition, pseudonymous, 1900.

Emin, Ahmed. The Development of Modern Turkey as Measured by its Press. Longmans, 1914, p. 142. \$1.50. A Columbia University doctoral thesis on influence of the press on reform movements in Turkey.

Eversley, George John Shaw-Lefevre, 1st Baron. The Turkish Empire, its Growth and Decay. Dodd, 1917, p. 392. \$3. Earlier parts derived from familiar authorities, but later sections record personal observations and use other first-hand material. Good, popular account.

Jabotinsky, Vladimir. Turkey and the War. London, Unwin, 1917. 6s. Discussion of the partition of Turkey, by a Russian journalist.

Pears, Sir Edwin. Forty Years in Constantinople. Appleton, 1915, p. xiii, 390. \$5. Reminiscences of Englishman long resident at Constantinople with special reference to English diplomats; chapter on American Ambassador Morgenthau and his services after outbreak of war.

*Pears, Sir Edwin. Turkey and its People. London, Methuen, 1911; second edition, 1912, p. vi, 409. 12s. 6d. Excellent historical and descriptive volume based on long residence and extensive travel in Turkey.

Pears, Sir Edwin. Life of Abdul Hamid. Holt, 1917, p. x, 365. \$2. Account of villainous acts and influences of the former Sultan, by an authority of special competence on Ottoman affairs.

Sykes, Sir Mark, Bart. The Caliph's Last Heritage, a Short History of the Turkish Empire. Macmillan, 1916, p. ix, 638. \$6.25. Half of volume is a not very critical or thorough historical account, but remainder of volume records author's travels in Asiatic Turkey.

Whitman, Sidney. Turkish Memories. Scribner, 1914, p. xi, 305. \$2.25. Based on visits to European and Asiatic Turkey between 1896 and 1908. Favorable portrayal of the Turk.

40. BULGARIA.

Fox, Frank. Bulgaria. London, Black, 1915, p. 216. 10s. Historical and descriptive account by war correspondent.

Historicus, pseud. Bulgaria and her Neighbors. 1917. By Bulgarian diplomat, presenting Bulgarian side of case; moderate and candid.

Monroe, Will Seymour. Bulgaria and her People, with an account of the Balkan wars, Macedonia, and the Macedonian Bulgars. Boston, Page, 1914, p. xxi, 410. \$3. Author was in Bulgaria during second Balkan war, but draws largely from official reports and reference books. Considerable account of the two Balkan wars from Bulgarian point of view.

41. ROMANIA.

Seton-Watson, Robert William. Roumania and the Great War. London, Constable, 1915, p. 102. 2s. Sketch of people, history, and policy, with special reference to Romanian element in Transylvania and to reasons why Romania had not entered the war.

42. POLAND.

Gibbons, Herbert Adams. The Reconstruction of Poland and the Near East, Problems of Peace. Century, 1917. \$1. Written before Russian revolution. Reprinted from Century Magazine. His formula of settlement is government by consent of the governed. The local will and not the imperial interest of the great powers must be assured to safeguard small nations and prevent future war. Clear statement of various problems with sufficient historical background.

Lewinski-Corwin, Edward Henry. Political History of Poland. Polish Book Importing Co., 1917, p. xv, 628. \$3. Good survey of Polish history, well illustrated; most useful for period since partition, including chapter on present war. Some discussion of Poland's future.

*Orvis, Julia Swift. Brief History of Poland. Boston, Houghton, 1916, p. xix, 359. \$1.50. Good, readable account of Polish history down to the present time; useful for the historical background of the existing Polish problem.

Phillips, Walter Alison. Poland. Holt, 1916, p. vi, 256. 50 cents. Good brief sketch of Polish history and problem by English believer in integrally restored Poland.

Poland's Case for Independence, being a Series of Essays Illustrating the Continuance of Her National Life. Dodd, 1916, p. 352. \$3. Six papers collected by Polish Information Committee on Polish history, culture, and problems in strong nationalist strain.

43. RUSSIA: HISTORY.

Kornilov, Alexander. Modern Russian History, being an Authoritative and Detailed History of Russia from the Age of Catherine the Great to the Present; translated by A. S. Kaun. Knopf, 1917, 2 vols., p. 310, 370. \$5. Concerned primarily with internal affairs, social and cultural development prior to 1890. The translator adds supplementary chapters to cover from that date to the third year of the

war. Only available account in English carrying Russian history from the beginning of the nineteenth century into the present war, which may be regarded as acceptable. By Petrograd professor. Poor translation.

McCabe, Joseph. The Romance of the Romanoffs. Dodd, 1917, p. xiv, 390. \$2. The seamy side of Russian autocracy to the fall of Nicholas II, written in lively style.

*Mavor, James. An Economic History of Russia. Dutton, 1914, 2 vols., p. xxxii, 614; xxii, 630. \$10. Professor in University of Toronto has written fullest and best account in English. Second volume deals with revolutionary movements and forces contributing thereto during nineteenth century and down to 1907.

Novikova, Olga Aleksieevna. Russian Memories, with an Introduction by Stephen Graham. Dutton, 1916, p. 310. \$3.50. Covers period from 1876 to 1916. The author played a prominent international part in 1876-8, and was a supporter of the old regime in Russia. Though including materials on recent years, the main interest attaches to the earlier time.

Reeves, Francis Brewster. Russia Then and Now, 1892-1917. Putnam, 1917, p. xiii, 186. \$1.50. Author's personal contribution is confined to service in 1892 on committee for relief of famine sufferers. Material on Russia during the war is mostly in appendix.

*Skrine, Francis Henry. The Expansion of Russia, 1815-1900. Putnam, 1903, p. vii, 386. \$1.50. Clear, well-balanced narrative by retired Anglo-Indian civil servant; peculiarly sympathetic for date of its writing.

Vassili, Count Paul, pseud. Behind the Veil at the Russian Court. Lane, 1914, p. 408. \$4.50. Covers events from Crimean war into reign of Nicholas II, by a member of Russian diplomatic service. Much gossip, but rather more historical value than usual in such books.

Wesselitsky, Gabriel de. Russia and Democracy, the German Canker in Russia, with a Preface by Henry Cust. Duffield, 1916, p. viii, 96. \$.75. By London correspondent of Novoe Vremya. Survey of Russian history, but with purpose of proving Russians essentially democratic and that autocracy is due to Germans who have controlled the government.

44. RUSSIA: ANTE-BELLUM DESCRIPTIONS.

*Alexinsky, Gregor. Modern Russia; translated by Bernard Miall. Scribner, 1914, p. 361. \$3.75. Not a revelation of spirit and soul of Russia but mass of information on economic and social conditions and problems since emancipation of serfs, the organization of government, revolution of 1905-6, questions of nationality, religion, and literature. Lacks accurate historical scholarship and readable style. Author former member of Duma, with liberal, perhaps socialistic, tendencies.

Alexinsky, Gregor. Russia and Europe; translated from the manuscript by Bernard Miall. Scribner, 1917, p. 352. \$3. Complementary to his Modern Russia. Deals with material bonds between Russia and Europe, Russia's part in European wars before 1914, Europeanization of the state and other topics. Written on eve of March Revolution which it forecasts. Wealth of facts; poor style.

*Alexinsky, Gregor. Russia and the Great War. Scribner, 1915, p. 357. \$3. Survey of domestic and foreign affairs from war with Japan to early months of present war. Important for conditions at opening of war and attitude toward the war. Still useful if read with caution.

*Baring, Maurice. The Russian People. Doran, 1911, p. 358, \$3.50. One of the best accounts for insight into con-

ditions and thoughts of the people shortly before the war. A portion condensed and rewritten as The Mainsprings of Russia (Nelson, 1915. \$1).

Bechhofer, C. E. Russia at the Cross-roads, with an Introduction by A. H. Murray. Dutton, 1916, p. viii, 201. \$2. By Anglicized Russian, with no thoroughness of knowledge or depth of insight.

Bubnoff, J. V. The Co-operative Movement in Russia, its History, Significance and Character. Fainberg, 1917, p. 162. \$1.25. Good account of movement which has developed rapidly during past dozen years.

*Duff, James Duff, editor. Russian Realities and Problems. Putnam, 1917, p. vi, 229. \$2. Collection of six lectures by Milyukov, Struve, Dmowski, Lappo-Danilevsky, and Harold Williams. Informing and enlightening, though written before overthrow of the Tsar.

Gorky, Maxim, pseud. (Alexei Maximovitch Pyeshkoff); Andreieff, Leonid Nikolaevich; and Sologub, Feodor, pseud. (Feodor Kuzmich Teternikov), editors. The Shield, with a foreword by William English Walling; translated from the Russian by A. Yarmolinsky. Knopf, 1917, p. xviii, 209. \$1.25. Collection of articles from various authors on Jewish problems in Russia. Original published by a non-Jewish Russian society for the study of Jewish life.

Graham, Stephen. A Vagabond in the Caucasus, with Some Notes of his Experiences among the Russians. Lane, 1911, p. vii, 311. \$1.50. Undiscovered Russia. Lane 1911, p. xvi, 337. \$4. Changing Russia. Lane, 1913, p. ix, 309. \$2.50. A Tramp's Sketches. Macmillan, 1912, p. xiii, 339. \$1.60. Four volumes of which second and third are the most important, based on walking tours in Russia, written with insight, charm, and force. Much valuable description of conditions and ideas, but not well arranged for the student.

Jarintzoff, N. Russia, the Country of Extremes. Holt, 1914, p. 372. \$4. Published on eve of the war by Russian woman resident in England. Interestingly written jumble of facts, many of them not usually found in books on Russia.

Raisin, Jacob Salmon. The Haskalah Movement in Russia. Jewish Pub. Co., 1914, p. 355. \$1.50. Excellent account of intellectual awakening of Jews in Russia in last half-century.

Sarolea, Charles. Great Russia, her Achievement and Promise. Knopf, 1916, p. ix, 252. \$1.25. English title: Europe's Debt to Russia. Author's chief competence for the work is literary. First section, on geographical foundations of Russian politics is distinctly useful; second part devoted to main theme reveals Russia as liberator of oppressed nationalities; third part, to literature; fourth part, to typical Russian problems such as, Poland, Jews, and revolutionary movements.

Vinogradoff, Sir Paul Gavrilovich. The Russian Problem. Knopf, 1915, p. viii, 44. \$.75. Two articles, Russia after the War, and Russia, the Psychology of a Nation. Sanguine views by eminent Russian historian and jurist, now professor at Oxford. Self-Government in Russia. Dutton, 1916, p. 118. \$1.25. Series of lectures giving optimistic view of development of self-governing institutions and capacity prior to 1916.

Walling, William English. Russia's Message; the People against the Czar. Knopf, 1917, p. 245. \$1.50. First edition, 1908. This reprint omits some material and has an introduction which partly brings it up to date. By an American socialist who spent two years in Russia before writing the original text. Particularly interesting on economic matters.

*Wiener, Leo. An Interpretation of the Russian People. McBride, 1915, p. 248, \$1.25. Author is native Russian, now professor of Slavic at Harvard. Utilizes his scholarly knowledge of Russia's past to judge Russia of the present. One of most illuminating books on Russia.

*Williams, Harold Whitmore. Russia of the Russians. Scribner, 1914, p. ix, 430. \$1.50. Not historical, but descriptive on wide range of topics, best on culture, social conditions, and political thought. By able correspondent long resident in Russia. Best introductory account available.

Winter, Nevin Otto. The Russian Empire of Today and Yesterday, the Country and its Peoples, together with a Brief Review of its History, Past and Present, and a Survey of its Social, Political and Economic Conditions. Boston, Page, 1913, p. xvi, 487. \$3. Lacks insight of Baring or Williams, though giving wider range of facts.

45. RUSSIA: CONDITIONS IN WAR-TIME.

*Child, Richard Washburn. Potential Russia. Dutton, 1916, p. 221. \$1.50. American writer visited Russia during the war, describes conditions observed and discusses questions of Russia's part in the war. Partly reprinted magazine articles. Dispassionate and illuminating.

Fraser, John Foster. Russia of Today. Funk, 1916, p. viii, 296. \$1.50. By English journalist, on conditions in war time. Ephemeral.

Graham, Stephen. Russia and the World, a Study of the War, and a Statement of the World-Problem that Now Confronts Russia and Great Britain. Macmillan, 1915, p. xi, 305. \$2. Attempt to interpret Russia and its conditions immediately following outbreak of war, to English people, as favorably as possible. Antiquated. Russia in 1916. Macmillan, 1917, p. 191. \$1.25. Similar record of Russian tour made after two years of war.

Ruhl, Arthur Brown. White Nights and Other Russian Impressions. Scribner, 1917, p. viii, 248. A correspondent's sketches of scenes and conditions in war-time Russia. Also description of Swedish and Norwegian attitudes toward the war.

Russian Court Memoirs, 1914-1916, with Some Account of Court, Social, and Political Life in Petrograd before and since the War, by a Russian. Dutton, 1917, p. 315. \$5. Anonymous; aristocratic in sympathies; archaic since the Revolution; light weight.

Simpson, James Young. The Self-discovery of Russia. Doran, 1916. p, 227. \$2. Seven articles by Edinburgh professor on conditions and problems of Russia in war time. Sympathetic; point of view, summer of 1915.

Wright, Richardson Little. The Russians, an Interpretation. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. xii, 288. \$1.50. Written before the March revolution by a correspondent of the New York World to interpret the Russians, their tendencies and ideals to Americans. The Revolution makes much of it a misinterpretation.

46. RUSSIA: REVOLUTION OF 1917.

Levine, Isaac Don. The Russian Revolution. Harper, 1917, p. 279. \$1. By foreign news editor of New York Tribune. Describes forces and conditions underlying the revolutionary movement, the internal history of Russia during the war, and the events of March, 1917.

Marcosson, Isaac Frederick. The Rebirth of Russia. Lane, 1917, p. xvi, 208. \$1.25. By American journalist who visited Russia immediately after the March Revolution, of which the larger part of the book is an account. Some account of leading personages.

Souiny-Seydlitz, Leonie Ida Philipovna, Baroness. Russia of Yesterday and Tomorrow. Century, 1917, p. 382. \$2. By wife of Russian baron. Two chapters refer to the Revolution of March, 1917. Readable, trivial, lacks discriminating judgment.

47. AFRICA.

*Gibbons, Herbert Adams. The New Map of Africa, 1900-1916, a History of European Colonial Expansion and Colonial Diplomacy. Century, 1916, p. xiv, 503. \$2. Contains sufficient preliminary matter to make clear events since the Boer war; includes first two years of Great War. Careful and impartial. For earlier history best brief account is Sir H. H. Johnston's Colonization of Africa (Putnam).

Lewin, Percy Evans. The Germans and Africa, with an Introduction by the Right Hon. Earl Grey. New York, Stokes, 1915, p. 317. \$3.60. Excellent account, by Librarian of the Royal (English) Colonial Institute, of German colonization, with special reference to each of their four African colonies.

48. JEWS, ZIONISM, PALESTINE.

Goodman, Paul, and Lewis, Arthur D., editors. Zionism, Problems and Views. Bloch, 1917, p. 286. \$1.50. Twenty-three papers by Anglo-Jewish writers. Some discussion of capability of Jews for national life, and account of what they have done in Palestine.

Hyamson, Albert Montefiore. Palestine, the Rebirth of an Ancient People. Knopf, 1917, p. xiv, 299. \$1.50. After brief historical survey, describes present-day conditions, with some notice of war-time conditions and of Zionist movement.

Kohler, Max James, and Wolf, Simon. Jewish Disabilities in the Balkan States. American Jewish Historical Society, 1917, p. 169. \$1.50. Relates largely to Romania. Careful collection of facts. Deals with American action in diplomatic ways in behalf of Jewish rights and indicates application and effect of the policy in settling future peace.

Sacher, Harry, editor. Zionism and the Jewish Future. Macmillan, 1917, p. viii, 252. \$1. Chapters contributed by Zionists from many countries and arranged by an English journalist. Good account of present status of Zionist movement for propaganda purposes.

49. THE ARMENIANS.

Bryce, James Bryce, Viscount. Treatment of Armenians in the Ottoman Empire, 1915-1916; Documents presented to Viscount Grey. Putnam, 1917, p. 726. \$1. Sources cited include American consuls and missionaries, German travellers and missionaries, Danish Red Cross Workers, Swiss visitors, native teachers, pastors and other religious leaders. British Blue-book mainly compiled by A. J. Toynbee.

Buxton, Noel, and Buxton, Harold. Travel and Politics in Armenia, with an Introduction by Viscount Bryce, and a Contribution on Armenian History and Culture by Aram Raffi. Macmillan, 1914, p. xx, 274. \$1.50. Because of massacres by Turks, Russia should be permitted to occupy Armenian vilayets of Asiatic Turkey.

Gibbons, Helen Davenport (Brown) (Mrs. Herbert Adams Gibbons). Red Rugs of Tarsus, A Woman's Record of the Armenian Massacre of 1909. Century, 1917, p. xiv, 194. \$1.25. Personal experiences and observations.

*Gibbons, Herbert Adams. The Blackest Page of Modern History. Putnam, 1916, p. 71. \$.75. Vigorous indictment of Turks for Armenian massacres of 1915, for which carefully sifted testimony is adduced. Ultimate blame attributed to Germany.

Toynbee, Arnold Joseph. The Armenian Atrocities, the Murder of a Nation, with a Speech Delivered by Lord Bryce in the House of Lords. Doran, 1916, p. 119. \$.25. Concise but conclusive presentation of evidence for general reader based on the Blue-book cited above under Bryce.

50. PERSIA AND THE MIDDLE EAST.

Chirol, Sir Valentine. The Middle Eastern Question, or Some Political Problems of Indian Defence. Dutton, 1903, p. xiv, 512. By London Times correspondent who traveled through Persia in 1902-3. Able discussion of political problems of Persia, Afghanistan, Bagdad Railway, etc., written before Anglo-Russian agreement concerning Persia. Though out of date, still useful in lack of later works.

Shuster, William Morgan. The Strangling of Persia, Story of the European Diplomacy and Oriental Intrigue that Resulted in the Denationalization of Twelve Million Mohammedans, a Personal Narrative. Century, 1912, p. lxiii, 423. \$2.50. American who was temporarily treasurer-general of Persia records effects of Anglo-Russian agreement on Persia.

Sykes, Percy Molesworth. A History of Persia. Macmillan, 1915, 2 vols., p. xxvi, 544; xxii, 565. \$15. Second volume covers from 641 to 1906. Excellent, scholarly, impartial.

Yohannan, Abraham. The Death of a Nation, or the Ever Persecuted Nestorians or Assyrian Christians. Putnam, 1916, p. xx, 170. \$2. First part gives history of Nestorian church; second part describes the tragic fate of the Nestorians in the war.

51. FAR EAST, CHINA, JAPAN.

*Bashford, James Whitford. China, an Interpretation. Abingdon Press, 1916, 2d ed., 1916, p. 620. \$2.50. Methodist Episcopal bishop stationed in China gives excellent account of events of last ten years to death of Yuan Shi Kai, and describes with accuracy and insight conditions and problems. Valuable appendixes.

*Douglas, Sir Robert Kennaway. Europe and the Far East, 1506-1912, second edition with chapter continuing from 1904 to 1912 by J. H. Longford. Putnam, 1913, p. vii, 487. \$2. Best account of Far Eastern history in a single volume, with special reference to nineteenth century. Emphasizes China rather than Japan; gives some space to Indo-China. Belittles Americans and every other nationality except English.

*Hornbeck, Stanley Kuhl. Contemporary Politics in the Far East. Appleton, 1916, p. xii, 466. \$3. Only comprehensive volume on foreign and domestic politics of Japan and China since 1894. Sympathy with China rather than Japan. Special attention to American interests in Far East, and some account of events during first two years of the war.

Jones, Jefferson. The Fall of Tsingtau, a Study of Japar's Ambitions in China. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. xvii, 215. \$1.75. Account of Japan's capture of Kiao Chao from Germans, and of Japan's consequent relations with China, by American journalist who witnessed the siege. Disapproves Japan's designs on China, which he regards as unfriendly to United States.

Latourette, Kenneth Scott. The Development of China. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. xi, 274. \$1.75. Excellent sketch, by a young American scholar who has lived for a time in China, of Chinese history, with special reference to recent events and contemporary problems.

"Millard, Thomas Franklin Fairfax. Our Eastern Question, America's Contact with the Orient and the Trend of

Relations with China and Japan. Century, 1916. \$3. Formerly editor of China Press, now of Millard's Review (Shanghai); author speaks with full knowledge on events since 1910. Appendixes contain all important documents. Author seems strongly prejudiced against Japan.

*Okuma, Count Shigenobu, editor. Fifty Years of New Japan, English Version Edited by Marcus B. Huish. Dutton, second edition, 1910, 2 vols. \$7.50. Originally written to cover 1854 to 1904, there was little revision to bring matter up to date. Fifty-six chapters on wide range of topics by many authors, translated in Japan by many hands. Uneven in character and style, with some omissions, but generally comprehensive, and quite accurate and authoritative.

Parker, Edward Harper. China, Her History, Diplomacy, and Commerce from the Earliest Times to the Present Day. Dutton, 1917. \$2.50. Revised and enlarged edition of work published in 1901 by professor in University of Manchester, who had been in consular service in China. Added chapters on recent events. Good.

Perry-Ayscough, Henry George Charles, and Otter-Barry, Robert Bruère. With the Russians in Mongolia, with a Preface by Sir Claude Macdonald. Lane, 1914, p. xxii, 344. \$4.50. Captain Otter-Barry visited Mongolia shortly before the Chinese Revolution ended Chinese rule, and Mr. Perry-Ayscough spent time there after Russians had taken control. Wealth of facts, many documents; complete into 1914.

Porter, Robert Percival. Japan the New World Power, being a Detailed Account of the Progress and Rise of the Japanese Empire. Oxford Press, 1915, p. xxiv, 789. \$2.50. First edition, The Full Recognition of Japan, 1911. Only twelve-page introduction as evidence of revision in second edition. Written to justify the Anglo-Japanese alliance and to show Japan's fitness to rank as a world power. Descriptive parts good, historical sections scant.

*Weale, Bertram Lenox Putnam (pseud. Bertram Lenox Simpson). The Fight for the Republic in China. Dodd, 1917, p. xiii, 490. \$3.50. Excellent account of events from 1911 to 1917 by an observer long familiar with the Far East. Appendixes contain the important documents.

52. JAPANESE-AMERICAN RELATIONS.

Abbott, James Francis. Japanese Expansion and American Policies. Macmillan, 1916, p. viii, 267. \$1.50. The author, for some time teacher in Japan, believes war with America would be national suicide for Japan, but that United States should recognize Japan's aspirations in the Orient.

*Blakeslee, George Hubbard, editor. Japan and Japanese-American Relations, Clark University Addresses. Stechert, 1912, p. xi, 348. \$2.50. Contains addresses by twenty-one Americans and seven Japanese in 1911. Competent authorities treat every important topic.

Flowers, Montaville. The Japanese Conquest of American Opinion. Doran, 1917, p. xvi, 272. \$1.50. Suspects and denounces Japanese peaceful penetration of the United States. Intended as antidote for writings of Gulick and others. Neither competent in content nor commendable intone. "Rich in fallacies."

Gulick, Sidney Lewis. The American Japanese Problem, a Study of the Racial Relations of the East and the West. Scribner, 1914, p. x, 349. \$1.75. American long resident in Japan discusses problems and suggests new American Oriental policy to avoid discrimination against China and Japan. Appendixes crammed with information. Good bibliography.

Kawakami, Kiyoshi Karl. Japan in World Politics. Macmillan, 1917, p. xxvii, 230. \$1.50. Mainly reprint of magazine articles discussing Japanese-American relations with purpose of promoting more friendly relations.

McCormick, Frederick. The Menace of Japan. Boston, Little, 1917, p. vi, 372. \$2. Discussion of United States and Far Eastern relations during past dozen years by a correspondent with long service in the Far East. Intensely anti-Japanese. "A book which no thoughtful reader could for a moment take seriously."

Masaoka, Naoichi, editor. Japan to America, a Symposium of Papers by Political Leaders and Representative Citizens of Japan on Conditions in Japan and on the Relations between Japan and the United States. Putnam, 1915, p. xii, 235. \$1.25. With companion volume of much less value, America to Japan, issued by Japanese Society of America to promote better understanding between the two countries. Thirty Japanese authorities treat as many topics setting forth Japan's development and aims.

*Millis, Harry Alvin. The Japanese Problem in the United States, an Investigation for the Commission on Relations with Japan Appointed by the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America. Macmillan, 1915, p. xxi, 334. \$1.50. Based on report of commission, with other materials and personal views. Deals with Japanese immigration to United States and treatment and status of Japanese in United States. Friendly to Japan; by writer with long experience with problem in Immigration Bureau. Authoritative and commendable.

*Scherer, James Augustin Brown. The Japanese Crisis. New York. Stokes, 1916, p. 148. 75 cents. President of Throop Institute, California, formerly resident in Japan, discusses race issue, hoping to promote "a just balance of view." Footnotes with references to authorities.

Steiner, Jesse Frederick. The Japanese Invasion, a Study in the Psychology of Inter-racial Contacts. Chicago, McClurg, 1917, p. xvii, 231. \$1.25. A study of Japanese-American relations as psychological problems of race-prejudice and of national egotism. Covers most of questions at issue. Author taught in Japan for seven years.

53. UNITED STATES: HISTORY, IDEALS, INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS.

Bassett, John Spencer. A Short History of the United States. Macmillan, 1913, p. xv, 885. \$2.50. Best single volume American history which covers from the discovery nearly up to date.

*Coolidge, Archibald Cary. The United States as a World Power. Macmillan, 1908, p. vii, 385. \$2. Prepared as course of exchange lectures at the Sorbonne, by Harvard professor of history. Explains problems and international relations of United States as developed in decade following Spanish war. Time has added new facts, but has required surprisingly little alteration in general view, so general reader will still find it best presentation of American international problems in single volume.

**Fish, Carl Russell. American Diplomacy. Holt, 1917, p. 541. \$2.75. Clear, comprehensive narrative complete to beginning of 1915. Excellent maps. Scholarly; better for average reader than fuller work by Johnson.

Fish, Carl Russell. The Development of American Nationality. American Book Co., 1913, p. xxxix, 535. \$2.25. Scholarly, readable survey of American history, 1783-1912.

Foerster, Norman, and Pierson, William Whatley, editors. American Ideals. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. vi, 326. \$1.25. Collection mainly from writings and speeches of American

statesmen, supplemented with some other items. Arranged by topics.

Hart, Albert Bushnell. The Monroe Doctrine, an Interpretation. Boston, Little, 1916, p. xiv, 445. \$1.75. Good comprehensive, up to date account, though his interpretation will not command universal acceptance.

Johnson, Willis Fletcher. America's Foreign Relations. Century, 1916, 2 vols., p. xii, 551; vii, 485. \$6. Thorough, readable, generally accurate account for general reader, but lacking in scholarly method and discriminating judgment.

*Jones, Chester Lloyd. The Caribbean Interests of the United States. Appleton, 1916, p. viii, 379. \$2.50. Does not reveal intimate acquaintance with the region or thorough research into problems concerning it; but generally trustworthy, and commendable for directing attention to problems of vital significance to United States.

*Mahan, Alfred Thayer. The Interest of America in International Conditions. Boston, Little, 1910, p. 212. \$1.50. Almost everything Admiral Mahan wrote has its lessons for America in the present war, but this volume dealt with the immediate problems and anticipated to remarkable degree actual developments of the war. Discusses international situation with reference to naval preparedness.

Moore, John Bassett. The Principles of American Diplomacy. Harper, 1918, p. 476. \$2. Revision of his American Diplomacy. Best book on subject by ablest American authority; for student rather than general reader.

Ogg, Frederic Austin. National Progress, 1907-1917, (American Nation series, vol. 27). Harper, 1918, p. 430. \$2. Convenient narrative of domestic and foreign affairs, mainly internal politics and relation to the war.

*Paxson, Frederic Logan. The New Nation. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. 342. \$1.25. Fourth volume of The Riverside History of the United States, covering 1865-1914. Best survey of period.

Roosevelt, Theodore. The New Nationalism, with an Introduction by Ernest Hamlin Abbott. Outlook Co., 1910, p. xxi, 268. \$1.50. Collection of addresses and articles which contain much of his political philosophy and ideals. Should be read with President Wilson's The New Fredom for some comprehension of American political ideals on eve of the war.

Weyl, Walter Edward. American World Policies. Macmillan, 1917, p. 307. \$2.25. Discussion of whether American isolation shall give place to nationalistic imperialism or to internationalism. Economic interests are given full—perhaps too full—consideration. Marred by publication on eve of American declaration of war; somewhat remedied in second printing.

Wilson, Woodrow. Division and Reunion, 1829-1909. Longmans, 1909, p. xx, 389. \$1.25. Third volume of Epochs of American History series. First published in 1893, has passed through many editions. Professor Edward S. Corwin has furnished the portion for the period since 1889 at which date work originally closed.

Wilson, Woodrow. The New Freedom, a Call for the Emancipation of the Generous Energies of a People. Garden City, N. Y., Doubleday, 1913, p. viii, 294. \$1. Compiled by W. B. Hale from stenographic reports of campaign speeches. Sets forth his interpretation of American political life and ideals.

54. UNITED STATES: PREPAREDNESS.

Chittenden, Hiram Martin. War or Peace, a Present Duty and a Future Hope. Chicago, McClurg, 1911, p. 273,

\$1. After some discussion of evil of war and desirability of peace, this retired brigadier general argues for larger navy, larger standing army, and fortification of Panama Canal as necessary policies for United States.

Dickson, Harris. Unpopular History of the United States by Uncle Sam Himself, as Recorded in Uncle Sam's own Words. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. xiv, 162. \$.75. A preparedness argument, largely abstracted from Upton's "Military Policy of the United States."

*Greene, Francis Vinton. Present Military Situation of the United States. Scribner, 1915, p. 102. \$.75. Able brief argument "to persuade the citizens, the voters, . . . to give calm but thoughtful consideration to this question of adequate national defense," by an American general.

Howe, Lucien. Universal Military Education and Service; the Swiss System for the United States. Putnam, first edition, 1916; second edition with appendix, 1917, p. xv, 147. \$1.25. Description of Swiss and Australian systems with arguments in favor of similar system for United States.

*Huidekoper, Frederic Louis. The Military Unpreparedness of the United States, a History of the American Land Forces from Colonial Times until June 1, 1915. Macmillan, 1915, p. xvi, 735. \$4. To close of 1862, an avowed abridgment of Upton, after that based on original researches; carefully done with full references to authorities. Strong argument from past experience for different procedure in future. Many of his suggestions have been followed by present administration, notably conscription.

Johnston, Robert Matteson. Arms and the Race, the Foundations of Army Reform. Century, 1915, p. 219. \$1. Able military historian presents arguments for reform and enlargement of American army.

Kuenzli, Frederick Arnold. Right and Duty, or Citizen and Soldier; Switzerland Prepared and at Peace, a Model for the United States. Stechert, 1916, p. 225. \$1. Excellent account of Swiss military system, which is advocated for American adoption, by a Swiss-American.

Marcosson, Isaac Frederick. Leonard Wood, Prophet of Preparedness. Lane, 1917, p. 92. \$.75. Laudatory sketch of General Wood's career, reprinted from Everybody's Magazine, March, 1917.

Maxim, Hudson. Defenceless America. Hearst, 1915, p. xxiii, 318. \$2. The inventor-author has compiled a misceilaneous mass of facts which he wields vigorously as arguments for preparedness; best on technical matters.

Roosevelt, Theodore. America and the World War. Scribner, 1915, p. xv, 277. \$.75. Fear God and take Your Own Part. Doran, 1916, p. 414. \$1.50. The Foes of Our Own Household. Doran, 1917, p. xii, 347. \$1.50. Three volumes of collected addresses and articles of occasional character, presenting robust, often aggressive views, of duties of American citizenship and of United States in relation to the war. Wholesome arguments for preparedness are marred by statements of militaristic or chauvinistic sort and by criticisms of President Wilson and his policies which are not always just.

Upton, Emory. The Military Policy of the United States. Washington, Supt. of Docs., 1904; fourth impression, 1912, p. xxiii, 495. \$.65. Thorough study of national military policy to close of 1862, which reveals weaknesses of policy in past. Incomplete work published after author's death, edited by J. P. Sanger. Basis on which practically all preparedness books are constructed.

Van Zile, Edward Sims. The Game of Empires, a

Warning to America; with Prefatory Note by Theodore Roosevelt. Moffat, 1915, p. 302. \$1.25. After three hundred pages of flippant or cynical comment on war in general and this war in particular, writer turns suddenly to advocate preparedness. The one Rooseveltian page states real point of book with pith.

Wheeler, Howard Duryée. Are We Ready? With a Letter by Major General Leonard Wood. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p xvii, 227. \$1.50. Fictitious account of attack on New York rendered vivid actual unpreparedness of United States. Compare the "movie" play, "The Battle Cry of Peace."

Wise, Jennings Cropper. Empire and Armament, the Evolution of American Imperialism and the Problem of National Defense. Putnam, 1915, p. xii, 353. \$1.50. Former professor of political science and international law at Virginia Military Institute discusses American imperialism prior to Civil War, condemns more recent imperialism, and considers defense problems.

Wise, Jennings Cropper. The Call of the Republic. Dutton, 1917, p. x, 141. \$1. A plea for universal military service, with some historical considerations.

Wood, Eric Fisher. The Writing on the Wall, the Nation on Trial. Century, 1916, p. ix, 208. \$1. By author of Note-book of an Attaché, who was in Europe at outbreak of war; clear, intelligent, vigorous argument for preparedness.

**Wood, Leonard. The Military Obligation of Citizenship. Princeton, University Press, 1915, p. vii, 76. \$.75. Our Military History, its Facts and Fallacies. Chicago, Reilly, 1916, p. 240. \$1. Historical portions drawn from Upton and Huidekoper. General Wood has given best brief presentation of historical argument for preparedness in the second, and admirable appeal on duties of citizenship in national defense in the first.

55. UNITED STATES: GERMAN INTRIGUE.

Alphaud, Gabriel. L'Action Allemande aux États-Unis, de la Mission Dernburg aux Incidents Dumba, 2 Août, 1914,—25 Septembre, 1915; Préface de M. Ernest Lavisse. Paris, Payot, 1915, p. xvi, 498. 5 francs. Les Etats-Unis contre l'Allemagne, du Rappel de Dumba à la Déclaration de Guerre, 25 Septembre, 1915—4 Avril, 1917. Paris, Payot, 1917, p. 343. 5 francs. These works have unfortunately not been translated. They cover whole field of German intrigue in America and relations between United States and Germany, with abundant documents, and form best account yet available. By correspondent of the Matin.

Jones, John Price. America Entangled (Title, English edition: The German Spy in America). Laut, 1917, p. xii, 224. \$.50. Account of German spy system in America by member of staff of New York Sun. Careful array of evidence, generally dispassionate style.

Skaggs, William Henry. The German Conspiracies in America, from an American Point of View, by an American, with an Introduction by Theodore Andrea Cook. London, Unwin, 1915, p. xxviii, 332. 5s. Deals with first year of war, discussing immigation, propaganda, espionage, malicious interference in commercial and industrial affairs, diplomatic activity, etc. Strongly anti-German compilation.

Wile, Frederic William. The German-American Plot, the Record of a Great Failure, the Campaign to Capture the Sympathy and Support of the United States. London, Pearson, 1915, p. 123. 1s. Strongly anti-German English namphlet.

56. GERMAN-AMERICANS: PRO-GERMAN VIEWS AND PROPAGANDA.

Burgess, John William. The European War of 1914, its Causes, Purposes, and Probable Results. Chicago, McClurg, 1915, p. 209. \$1. America's Relations to the Great War. Chicago, McClurg, 1916, p. 209. \$1. Author, who is emeritus professor at Columbia University, is eminent authority on political science and foremost American to espouse actively German cause during first two years of war. Assumes German attitude of mind, blames Allies, especially England, and emphasizes American grievances against England.

Cronau, Rudolf. German Achievements in America. New York, 340 E. 198th St., 1916, p. 233. \$1. Brief survey of history of German element in America to refute "unwarranted insinuations questioning the loyalty of the German-Americans toward the land of their adoption."

Dernburg, Bernhard. Germany and the War, Not a Defense but an Explanation (p. 24). The Case of Belgium in the Light of Official Reports Found in the Secret Archives of the Belgian Government after the Occupation of Brussels, with Facsimiles of the Documents (p. 16). Search-lights on the War, Germany and England—the Real Issue, England's Share of Guilt—a Critical Analysis of the English White Book, Germany and the Powers, the Ties that Bind America and Germany, Germany's Food Supply, When Germany Wins (p. 62). Fatherland Corporation, 1915, each \$.10. Three pamphlets by former head of German propaganda in United States to influence American opinion.

Faust, Albert Bernhardt. The German Element in the United States, with Special Reference to its Political, Moral, Social, and Educational Influence. Boston, Houghton, 1909, 2 vols., p. xxvi, 591; xvi, 605. \$7.50. Most thorough and careful study of German element in United States, showing fully its numbers, activities, and influence in American history. A scholarly work by native American; reference to chapter on political influence shows freedom from sinister bias.

Francke, Kuno. The German Spirit. Holt, 1916, p. vi, 132. \$1. In three papers of occasional origin, professor of German at Harvard, with keen insight, discriminating judgment, and genial temper, seeks to interpret German character and ideals favorably to Americans.

Hale, William Bayard. American Rights and British Pretensions on the Seas; the Facts and the Documents, Official and Other, Bearing upon the Present Attitude of Great Britain toward the Commerce of the United States. McBride, 1915, p. 172. \$1.50. Compilation to turn American opinion against England and divert it from hostility to Germany. Relates to detentions, seizures, interference with mails, etc.

Münsterberg, Hugo. The War and America (1914, p. 210). The Peace and America (1915, p. 276). Tomorrow, Letters to a Friend in Germany (1916, p. 275). Appleton, each \$1. Three books made up, in part at least, of occasional papers, but possessing a distinct unity in method and purpose. The late Professor at Harvard appealed cleverly and ingratiatingly to American opinion to win it to more favorable attitude to Germany. Avoids inconvenient topics and glosses over difficulties in subtle manner. First two are largely out of date, but third remains an able presentation of German views on fundamental questions of principle and policy.

The Truth about Germany, Facts about the War. Baker, 1914, p. 86. \$.25. Controversial pamphlet issued soon after outbreak of war by influential German committee, and widely distributed in United States and other countries. See refutation by Sladen.

57. UNITED STATES: RELATIONS AND ATTITUDE TO THE WAR, 1914-17.

Angell, Norman (pseud. of Ralph Norman Angell Lane). The World's Highway, Some Notes on America's Relation to Sea Power and Non-Military Sanctions for the Law of Nations. Doran, 1915, p. xvi, 361. \$1.50. America and the New World-State, a Plea for American Leadership in International Organization. Putnam, 1915, p. x, 305. \$1.25. The Danger of Half-Preparedness, a Plea for a Declaration of American Policy. Putnam, 1916, p. 129. \$.50. Native of England, but naturalized American, author defends England's sea power as against German militarism; urges necessity of crushing militarism, need of modification of international law, and that United States should lead in forming international union. Author formerly prominent pacifist.

Baldwin, James Mark. American Neutrality, its Cause and Cure. Putnam, 1916, p. 138. \$.75. The Super-State and the Eternal Values. Oxford Press, 1913, p. 38. \$.50. Two pamphlets by former American professor, "a loyal American citizen," who lectured in Paris in 1915 condemning American neutrality.

*Blakeslee, George Hubbard, editor. The Problems and Lessons of the War; Clark University Addresses, December 16, 17, and 18, 1915. Putnam, 1916, p. xlvi, 381. \$2. Lectures by competent exponents of various views on the war and its problems, which form a useful record of divergencies of American opinion at that time.

Gleason, Arthur Huntington. Our Part in the Great War. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. 338. \$1.35. Written before United States entered war. Deals with American relief work in France, with American neutrality, observations in Belgium and France, and gives extracts from German war diaries. Says commercialism and immigration held the United States back from entering the war.

Gould, Benjamin Apthorp. War Thoughts of an Optimist, a Collection of Timely Articles by an American Citizen Residing in Canada. Dutton, 1915, p. vii, 200. \$1. The Greater Tragedy and Other Things. Putnam, 1916, p. viii, 189. \$1. Two volumes of occasional articles reflecting pro-Ally and anti-Wilson attitude.

Johnson, Douglas Wilson. My German Correspondence, concerning Germany's Responsibility for the War and for the Method of its Conduct, being a Letter from a German Professor together with a Reply and a Foreword. Doran, 1917, p. 97. \$.50. The Peril of Prussianism. Putnam, 1917, p. vii, 53. \$.75. The latter is the substance of an address on mutual antagonism of American and Prussian political ideals, by a Columbia professor.

*Johnson, Willis Fletcher. America and the Great War for Humanity and Freedom. Philadelphia, Winston, 1917, p. 352. \$1.50. Collection of good newspaper articles summarizing causes and progress of the war and relation to it of United States. Useful summary volume for American general reader.

Lodge, Henry Cabot. War Addresses, 1915-1917. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. viii, 303. \$2.50. Miscellaneous senatorial and public addresses from January, 1915, to April, 1917. Earlier addresses include questions of neutral rights and national defence; later addresses are related to events in four months preceding American declaration of war. Senator Lodge is spokesman of Republican views in Senate regarding President Wilson's policies.

Martin, Edward Sanford. The Diary of a Nation, the War and How We Got Into It. Garden City, Doubleday, 1917, p. xii, 407. \$1.50. Reprint of editorials from Life from the outbreak of the war to the entrance of the United

States into it, forming a record, by current comment, of a reaction to the war which was common to a considerable section of the American people.

Okie, Howard Pitcher. America and the German Peril. London, Heinemann, 1915, p. 198. 2s. 6d. Collection of articles of which only last relates directly to United States.

**Rogers, Lindsay. America's Case Against Germany. Dutton, 1917, p. xiv, 264. \$1.50. Good, narrative account of the submarine controversy in clear popular form to assure the general public that the case of the United States in international law, as well as in ethics, is sound.

**Scott, James Brown. A Survey of International Relations between the United States and Germany, August 1, 1914-April 6, 1917. Based on Official Documents. Oxford Press, 1917, p. cxiv, 390. Introduction includes quotations showing German theories of the state, of international pclicy, and of international law, and other material. Comprehensive and thorough account by eminent American authority on international law. Supplementary volumes are announced to contain the diplomatic correspondence between United States and Germany for the period, and the Messages, Addresses and Papers of President Wilson on Foreign Policy.

Sixty American Opinions on the War. London, Unwin, 1915, p. 165. 1s. Collection of expressions of war views by sixty leading Americans.

Thayer, William Roscoe. Germany vs. Civilization, Notes on the Atrocious War. Boston, Houghton, 1916, p. vi, 238. \$1. Condemnation of German ideals and policies, based on wide knowledge of German history and thought; written with crusading zeal against Germany, with climax in chapter on the Plot to Germanize America.

Van Dyke, Henry. Fighting for Peace. Scribner, 1917, p. 247. \$1.25. Personal observations and views on the war based on service as minister at The Hague.

Whitridge, Frederick Wallingford. One American's Opinion of the European War, an Answer to Germany's Appeals. Dutton, 1914, p. xi, 79. \$.50. Vigorous statement of attitude against Germany by leading New York business man.

58. UNITED STATES: PARTICIPANT IN THE WAR.

Beith, John Hay (peud. Ian Hay). Getting Together (p. 91). The Oppressed English. Garden City, Doubleday, 1917, each \$.50. Two pamphlets to explain England and its problems to Americans and to promote sympathy between the two nations.

*Bullard, Arthur. Mobilizing America. Macmillan, 1917, p. 129. \$.50. Published at the moment of the entry of the United States into the war "to show how the experience of other democracies can teach us the way to do it (fight) efficiently." Based on observations in England and France during the war, and endorsed by other competent observers. Has chapters on mobilizing public opinion, men, and industry, and sets forth a program.

Halsey, Francis Whiting, editor. Balfour, Viviani, and Joffre, their Speeches and other Public Utterances in America. Funk, 1917, p. v, 369. \$1.50. Also contains some narrative material.

*Harris H. Wilson. President Wilson, his Problems and his Policy from an English Point of View. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. 278. \$1.75. Good, dispassionate account of the President's earlier life and of his first administration, written with unusual understanding of American affairs.

Herron, George Davis. Woodrow Wilson and the World's Peace. Kennerley, 1917, p. viii, 173. \$1.25. Six articles

addressed to European readers in support of President Wilson's policy and against a premature peace, during early months of 1917.

Marcosson, Isaac Frederick. The War after the War. Lane, 1917, p. 272. \$1.25. Exposes American unpreparedness for the trade rivalry that will follow the war and urges financial and commercial reorganization to meet the test. Includes character sketches of Lloyd George and W. M. Hughes, premier of Australia.

O'Brien, Charles. Food Preparedness for the United States. Boston, Little, 1917, p. xi, 118. \$.60. Based on first-hand study of German methods in autumn of 1916, but with some account of the procedure of other countries.

Powell, E. Alexander. Brothers in Arms. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. 62. \$.50. Published by an American correspondent, at time of visit of Joffre-Viviani mission, to impart to Americans his admiration for the French soldier.

Robinson, Edgar E., and West, Victor J. The Foreign Policy of Woodrow Wilson, 1913-1917. Macmillan, 1917, p. 428. \$1.75. An introductory essay of 150 pages on the development of policy to entrance into the war, with chronological table and 230 pages of extracts from addresses and state papers.

Wilson, Woodrow. Why We Are at War. Harper, 1917. \$.50. Collection of addresses connected with declaration of war by United States.

Wilson, Woodrow. President Wilson's Great Speeches and Other History Making Documents. Chicago, Stanton, 1917. \$1. Collection similar to preceding.

59. LATIN AMERICA: PAN-AMERICANISM.

Macdonald, James Alexander. The North American Idea. Revell, 1917, p. 240. \$1.25. Author is editor of Toronto Globe. Historical considerations and political analysis outweighed by idealistic views.

Pérez Triana, S. Some Aspects of the War. London, Unwin, 1915, p. 225. 3s. 6d. By Colombian jurist, formerly member of Permanent Court of Arbitration at the Hague; discusses war issues and some points in which Pan-American interests were involved.

Root, Elihu. Latin America and the United States. Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 1917, p. xvi, 302. \$2.50. A volume of his collected speeches edited by Robert Bacon and James Brown Scott. Contains speeches during his South American tour in 1906 and, of more importance, his addresses delivered in the United States on Latin-American questions.

Usher, Roland Greene. Pan-Americanism, a Forecast of the Inevitable Clash between the United States and Europe's Victor. Century, 1915, p. xix, 466. \$2. The Challenge of the Future, a Study in American Foreign Policy. Boston, Houghton, 1916, p. xxi, 350. \$1.75. Discussions of American problems in light of the war by brilliant American historical scholar, who deserts field of history and method of scholarship for field and method of prophecy. Reveal assurance and conviction rather than soundness of judgment.

60. THE WAR ON THE SEA.

Dixon, William MacNeile. The British Navy at War. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. 93. \$.75. Brief account by a Glasgow professor for propaganda use.

Kipling, Rudyard. Sea Warfare. Garden City, N. Y., Doubleday, 1917, p. 222. \$1.25. Reprints The Fringes of the Fleet, Tales of the Trade, and Destroyers at Jutland, and other matter. Sympathetic, vivid portrayals of part of English sailors in the war.

Lauriat, Charles Emelius, Jr. The Lusitania's Last Voyage, being a Narrative of the Torpedoing and Sinking of the R. M. S. Lusitania by a German Submarine off the Irish Coast, May 7, 1915. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. vii, 159. \$1. Includes personal narrative of survivor, supplementary explanatory details, reprint and translation of account in Frankfurter Zeitung of May 9th, and text of report of Lord Mersey's inquiry, with comments.

Mücke, Kapitänleutnant Hellmuth von. The Emden; translated by Helene S. White. Boston, Ritter, 1917, p. viii, 219. \$1.25. The Ayesha, being the Adventure of the Landing Squad of the Emden, translated by Helene S. White. Boston, Ritter, 1917, p. vi, 225. \$1.25. Account of last voyage and fight of German naval vessel in Indian Ocean, and of remarkable exploit of part of crew under Mücke's command.

Noyes, Alfred. Open Boats. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. 91. \$.50. Based on narratives of those compelled to take refuge in open boats after their vessel has been sunk by submarine.

61. INTERNATIONAL LAW: NEUTRAL RIGHTS.

Barclay, Sir Thomas. The Law and Usage of War, a Practical Handbook of the Law and Usage of Land and Naval Warfare and Prize. Boston, Houghton, 1914, p. xv, 245. \$1.50. Material arranged alphabetically, forming a small cyclopedia of law of war.

Brewer, Daniel Chauncey. The Rights and Duties of Neutrals, a Discussion of Principles and Practices. Putnam, 1916, p. ix, 260. \$1.25. Discusses questions of neutral rights which arose in first two years of war and argues that America must be prepared to safeguard its neutral rights.

*Brown, Philip Marshall. International Realities. Scribner, 1917, p. xvi, 233. \$1.40. Professor of International Law at Princeton discusses apparent breakdown of international law under strain of the war and seeks to determine what are realities in international intercourse. Technical problems are discussed in clear, readable style.

*Dampierre, Léon Michel Marie Jacques de, Marquis. German Imperialism and International Law, based upon German Authorities and the Archives of the French Government. Scribner, 1917, p. viii, 277. \$3.50. Shows principles and teachings underlying German imperialism are directly opposed to those at basis of international law, and that Germany's acts in the war were inevitable outcome of German teachings. Carefully documented, especially from German sources.

Deportation of Women and Girls from Lille. Doran, 1917, p. 81. \$.50. Translation of French note on subject, with abundant confirmatory evidence from both French and German sources.

Germany's Violation of the Laws of War, 1914-15; compiled under the Auspices of the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs; translated by J. O. P. Bland. Putnam, 1915. \$2. Carefully compiled evidence, much from German sources; well translated.

**Grant, Arthur James, and others. An Introduction to the Study of International Relations. Macmillan, 1916, p. viii, 207. \$.75. Co-operative work by British writers; furnishes outlines for study of more obvious problems of international relations; may be used in study classes with Krehbiel's Nationalism and Seton-Watson's War and Democracy. Apparently hastily prepared, but richly suggestive.

Hazeltine, Harold Dexter. The Law of the Air, Three

Lectures Delivered in the University of London at the Request of its Faculty. London, Hodder, 1911, p. 160. 5s.

*Hershey, Amos Shartle. The Essentials of International Public Law. Macmillan, 1912, p. xlviii, 558. \$3. Good, single volume manual, published shortly before the war. Will serve need of average reader who wishes to look up a topic. Has full bibliographies.

Higgins, Alexander Pearce. War and the Private Citizen, Studies in International Law. London, King, 1912, p. 216. 5s. Defensively Armed Merchant Ships and Submarine Warfare. London, Stevens, 1917, p. 56. Two treatises on special topics of international law brought into prominence by the war.

How Diplomats Make War, by a British Statesman; with Introduction by Albert Jay Nock. Huebsch, 1915, p. xviii, 376. \$1.50. Significant contribution to discussion of democratization of diplomacy.

*Phillipson, Coleman. International Law and the Great War, with an Introduction by Sir John MacDonell. Dutton, 1916, p. xxiv, 407. \$6. Termination of War and Treaties of Peace. Dutton, 1916, p. xix, 486. \$7. First is systematic effort to study causes and events of the war in light of the law of peace, law of war, and rights of neutrals. Written shortly after sinking of Lusitania. Will remain as collection of cases, rather than as authoritative text. Second is only scholarly monograph text in its field; thorough masterly study in anticipation of close of the war. Has as appendix twenty-six treaties, 1815-1913, concluding hostilities. Both works ignore German treatises on international law.

Piggott, Sir Francis Taylor. The Neutral Merchant in Relation to the Law of War and Blockade under the Order in Council of 11th March, 1915. London, University Press, 1915, p. 128. 2s. 6d. Perhaps best defense of British restrictions on neutral trade.

Pyke, Harold Reason. The Law of Contraband of War. Oxford Press, 1915, p. xl, 314. \$4.15. Historical treatment; includes cases in present war up to time of going to press; important documents in appendix; bibliography.

Roxburgh, Ronald Francis. International Conventions and Third States. Longmans, 1917, p. xvi, 119. \$2.50. Monograph on phase of international law never before specially investigated. Deals with construing international law with reference to municipal law.

*Satow, Sir Ernest Mason. Guide to Diplomatic Practice. Longmans, 1917, 2 vols., p. xxi, 407; xii, 405. \$9. By experienced English diplomat. Wealth of information on diplomatic questions and procedure, particularly present day practice. Should be considered in discussing proposal to abolish secret diplomacy.

Smith, Sir Frederick Edwin. The Destruction of Merchant Ships under International Law. Dutton, 1917, p. 109. \$1.75. British Attorney General gives brief readable discussion of practically whole question of status of both enemy and neutral shipping in war time. Based on Phillipson.

Trehern, E. C. M. British and Colonial Prize Cases; Reports of Prize Cases Decided during the Present War in the Courts of Great Britain and Over-seas Dominions. London, Stevens, Part I, 1915, p. 135. 7s. 6d.

62. NATIONALITY AND ITS PROBLEMS.

**Dominian, Leon. The frontiers of Language and Nationality in Europe. Holt, 1917, p. xviii, 375. \$3. Discusses relations of language and geographical features to nationality and political frontiers, with application to the various

concrete problems, especially in the Balkans. Illuminating maps. Best work of sort in English.

Grant, Madison. The Passing of the Great Race, or the Racial Basis of European History. Scribner, 1916, p. xxi, 245. \$2. Much scientific and historical data marred by dogmatic insistence on views for which proofs cannot be adduced, concerning the Nordic peoples and their destiny. Recalls Houston S. Chamberlain's work.

Hannah, Ian Campbell. Arms and the Map, a Study of Nationalities and Frontiers. Shaw, 1915, p. viii, 261. \$1.25. Attempts to give simple, clear, non-partisan view of the problems of nationality in Europe, due to difference between national areas and state boundaries.

Holdich, Sir Thomas Hungerford. Political Frontiers and Boundary Making. Macmillan, 1916, p. xii, 307. \$3.25. The author is an eminent English geographer with wide experience on boundary commissions. Excellent on historical and geographical facts and interesting for personal experience, but questionable on political considerations, for he strongly favors strategical frontiers. Unfortunately without maps.

*Krehbiel, Edward Benjamin. Nationalism, War, and Society, a Study of Nationalism and its Concomitant, War, in their Relations to Civilization, and of the Fundamentals and the Progress of the Opposition to War; with an Introduction by Norman Angell. Macmillan, 1916, p. xxxv, 276. \$1.50. Carefully prepared syllabus of topical studies, with good selections of references for reading.

**Muir, Ramsay. Nationalism and Internationalism, the Culmination of Modern History. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. 229. \$1.25. Despite its faults the general reader will find this an illuminating survey of the development of nationalism and of internationalism as forces in European history, especially since 1815. Denounces the Central Powers as the last menace to national freedom and hostile to the international idea.

*Rose, John Holland. Nationality in .Modern History. Macmillan, 1916, p. xi, 202. \$1.25. Ten lectures by English historian on rise of present national states in Europe, especially in nineteenth century.

Tagore, Sir Rabindranath (Revindranahta Thakura). Nationalism. Macmillan, 1917, p. 159. \$1.25. Essays on nationalism in the West, in Japan, and in India; disapproves nationalism. Chief interest for personal or Hindu point of view.

**Toynbee, Arnold Joseph. Nationality and the War. Dutton, 1915, p. x, 522. \$2.50. The New Europe, Some Essays in Reconstruction, with an Introduction by the Earl of Cromer. Dutton, 1916, p. 85. \$1. By competent English historian, surveying, with some detail, the several problems of nationality in Europe, the rise of nationality and its effects, and some suggestions of solutions for the problems. The second volume supplements the first, and its introduction by Lord Cromer is noteworthy.

*Zangwill, Israel. The Principle of Nationalities. Macmillan, 1917, p. 116. \$.50. A lecture, scathingly criticising the work of Rose, Muir, and Toynbee. Perhaps the ablest analysis of nationality.

63. THE WAR AND DEMOCRACY.

Bryce, James Bryce, Viscount, and others. The War of Democracy, the Allies' Statement, Chapters on the Fundamental Significance of the Struggle for a New Europe. Garden City, N. Y., Doubleday, 1917, p. xxiv, 441. \$2. Two chapters by Belgian, three by French, and sixteen by English writers, mainly related to England's interest and activity in the war. Contains some of best utterances of

Bryce, Grey, Lloyd George, Balfour, Haldane, Murray and others

Fisher, Herbert Albert Laurens. The Republican Tradition in Europe. Putnam, 1911, p. xii, 363. \$2.50. Chiefly concerned with development of republicanism in France since 1789, by English historical scholar, now President of Board of Education of Great Britain.

**Lippmann, Walter. The Stakes of Diplomacy. Holt, 1915, p. vii, 235. \$1.25. Strong argument for democratization of diplomacy; one of ablest discussions produced by the war; addressed to earnest, thoughtful reader. So closely argued that conclusions seem irresistible, but rests on too implicit acceptance of an economic interpretation of history.

Sellars, Roy Wood. The Next Step in Democracy. Macmillan, 1916, p. v, 275. \$1.50. Discussion of socialism and labor by assistant professor of philosophy, University of Michigan; marked by spirit of practicality. Written before United States entered the war, but has chapters on Reflections on the War, and Can We Universalize Democracy?

**Seton-Watson, Robert William; Wilson, John Dover; Zimmern, Alfred Eckhard; and Greenwood, Arthur. The War and Democracy. Macmillan, 1915, p. xiv, 390. \$.80. Gives historical background, ultimate causes of the war, issues involved, probable solutions, and ideals and principles at stake. Allowing for individual views, perhaps, the best single book on fundamental causes and issues of the war.

Sims, Newell Leroy. Ultimate Democracy and its Making. Chicago, McClurg, 1917, p. 347. \$1.50. An interpretation of democracy from the sociological not the political point of view. Gives readable digest of much recent sociological discussion.

64. RESULTS OF THE WAR: PROBLEMS OF PEACE.

Bourne, Randolph Stillman, editor. Towards an Enduring Peace, a Symposium of Peace Proposals and Programs, 1914-1916, with an Introduction by Franklin H. Giddings. Association for International Conciliation, 1916, p. xv, 336. Compilation from writings of pacifists and other publicists, not official pronouncements.

*Buxton, Charles Roden, editor. Towards a Lasting Settlement. Dodd, 1917, revised edition, p. 216. \$2. Collection of essays by leading English pacifists on problems of nationality, territorial settlement, revision of maritime law, colonial affairs, and international co-operation to reduce war.

**Chéradame, André. The Pangerman Plot Unmasked, Berlin's Formidable Peace-trap of The Drawn War; with an Introduction by the Earl of Cromer. Scribner, 1917, p. xxxi, 235. \$1.25. Translation of a French work published early in 1916, but without corrections or additions to bring it up to date. Written without knowledge of Naumann's Central Europe, but with full knowledge of earlier literature of the sort, and with extensive study and observation in the countries concerned. Valuable for information on geographical problems, and one of the ablest analyses of the Pan-German and Central Europe schemes and their dangers.

Chéradame, André. The United States and Pangermania. Scribner, 1918, p. xii, 170. \$1. Germany is replaced by Pangermania whose existence menaces United States and freedom of the world; must be blocked by liquidation of Austria-Hungary and Polish independence. Author has spent twenty-two years studying and writing against pan-Germanism.

Chesterton, Cecil Edward. The Perils of Peace; with Introduction by Hilaire Belloc. London, Laurie, 1916, p. 239.
2s. A warning against a hasty or compromise peace. Does

not spare criticism of the ministry any more than of pacifist group in England.

Cook, Sir Theodore Andrea. The Mark of the Beast. London, Murray, 1917. 5s. An array of facts on German history, kultur, and atrocities as argument against inconclusive peace. Largely reprint of his Kaiser, Krupp, and Kultur.

**Cosmos, pseud. The Basis of a Durable Peace. Scribner, 1917, p. ix, 144. \$.30. Reprint of articles contributed to the New York Times in November and December, 1916, by an eminent authority. After able analysis of the several problems solutions are suggested which accord with democratic conceptions of international law and of individual and national rights.

*Fayle, Charles Ernest. The Great Settlement. Duffield, 1915, p. xix, 309. \$1.75. Careful exposition of interests concerned in the war and in prospective peace, as territorial, colonial, and economic questions, and of principles involved. Author belongs to English pacifist school, but is not blind to facts.

*Hart, Albert Bushnell, editor. Problems of Readjustment after the War. Appleton, 1915, p. 186. \$1. Seven essays by as many competent American writers, dealing rather with probable effects of war upon fundamental conditions of life than with technical issues of future peace. Significance undiminished by American entrance into the war.

Hazen, Charles Downer, and others. Three Peace Congresses of the Nineteenth Century. Cambridge, Harvard University Press, 1917, p. 93. \$.75. Professor Hazen writes on the Congress of Vienna; Dr. W. R. Thayer on the Congress of Paris, and Professor R. H. Lord on the Congress of Berlin. Professor A. C. Coolidge adds most illuminating article on Claimants to Constantinople. These scholarly essays deal particularly with organization and procedure of the three congresses.

*Headlam, James Wycliffe. The Issue. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. vii, 159. \$1. Reprint, with long introduction, of four articles from Nineteenth Century and After, analyzing and answering earlier German peace pronouncements. A review of Naumann's Central Europe is reprinted from Westminster Gazette. Broader issues are avoided, but German aims are rigorously exposed as impossible. Author is English, but adds to thorough information, sanity of view which makes this one of best books on issues of the war.

Herron, George Davis. The Menace of Peace. Kennerley, 1917, p. 110. \$1. Condemns an indecisive peace as a victory for German militarism which is eloquently denounced. Anti-Catholic.

*Hill, David Jayne. The Rebuilding of Europe, a Survey of Forces and Conditions. Century, 1917, p. x, 289. \$1.50. Fitted by wide research in diplomatic history and by long experience in American diplomatic service, author discusses abstractly causes and issues of the war; discusses but does not accept various schemes for internationalism. Chapter on America's interest in the new Europe; otherwise, concrete problems avoided.

*McClure, Samuel Sidney. Obstacles to Peace. Boston, Houghton, 1917, p. xxiii, 487. \$2. Contains important documents and much valuable information, marred by personal trivialities. Based on visits to warring countries. Emphasizes that war is a state of mind, and sets forth facts affecting development of that state of mind.

Schoonmaker, Edwin Davies. The World Storm and Beyond. Century, 1915, p. 294. \$2. Emphasizes importance of reforms and social changes in progress in Europe in wartime and that United States should heed them in order to maintain its own progress. Stimulates thought even if it fails to persuade.

*Veblen, Thorstein B. An Inquiry into the Nature of Peace and the Terms of its Perpetuation. Macmillan, 1917, p. xiii, 367. \$2. One of the most thorough and philosophical discussions of war and peace with special reference to the present struggle. Style incisive but not easy. Views, socialistic or at least anti-capitalistic. Completed in February, 1917. Presented definite set of peace terms.

65. THE WAR AGAINST WAR.

*Angell, Norman (pseud. of Ralph Norman Angell Lane). The Great Illusion, a Study of the Relation of Military Power to National Advantage. Putnam, 1910, fourth revised and enlarged edition, 1913, p. xxii, 416. \$1. Arms and Industry (English edition, Foundations of International Polity). Putnam, 1914, p. xlv, 248. \$1.25. The first had wide currency before the war and won author his fame as exponent of pacifism; the second is companion volume issued on eve of the war, arguing against militarism and nationality and for an international polity.

*Bloch, Ivan Stanislavovich. The Future of War in its Technical, Economic, and Political Relations: Is War Now Impossible? With a Prefatory Conversation with the Author by W. T. Stead; translated by R. C. Long. Doubleday, 1899, p. Ixxix, 380. \$2. (Ginn, 1902, \$.65.) Somewhat technical array of facts and arguments based on nineteenth century developments, with special reference to Great Britain, Germany, France, and Russia. Said to have influenced Nicholas II to call First Hague Conference.

*Brailsford, Henry Noel. The War of Steel and Gold, a Study of the Armed Peace. Macmillan, 1916, sixth edition, p. 340. \$80. First published in May, 1914. Postscript chapter and some notes appear in third and later editions. Describes balance of power between rival alliances and economic interests involved; proceeds to constructive criticism, suggesting a new concert of Europe. English author professes intellectual passion for peace, but his keen sense of facts saves him from pitfalls of sentimental pacifists.

**Eliot, Charles William. The Road toward Peace, a Contribution to the Study of the Causes of the European War and of the Means of Preventing War in the Future. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. xv, 228. \$1. Ex-President Eliot of Harvard has approached the problems with his accustomed gravity and acumen. One of best American discussions of the war as a war of ideas, but treatment is unfortunately not systematic, for volume is only a collection of occasional papers and addresses, of which several additional ones are included in second edition, September, 1915.

Howe, Frederic Clemson. Why War? Scribner, 1916, p. 366. \$1.50. Attributes wars to munition makers, high finance, and secret diplomacy; declares, "Peace is the problem of democracy."

Hugins, Roland. Germany Misjudged, an Appeal to International Good Will in the Interest of a Lasting Peace. Chicago, Open Court Publishing Co., 1916, p. 111. \$1. The Possible Peace, a Forecast of World Politics after the War. Century, 1916, p. xiv, 198. \$1.25. First, published before sinking of Lusitania, is habitually neutral, but in case of doubt inclines to German view. Second, published after sinking of Lusitania, condemns militarism and war, criticises various nations, including United States, sharply; fears that after the war "the general problem of international peace will not be much nearer solution;" consequently advocates American preparedness.

Jordan, David Starr. War and the Breed, the Relation of War to the Downfall of Nations. Boston, American Unitarian Assn., 1915, p. 265. \$1.35. Argument that war, by extinguishing the strongest, weakens the race.

*Key, Ellen Karolina Sofia. War, Peace, and the Future, a Consideration of Nationalism and Internationalism and of the Relation of Women to War; translated by Hildegard Norberg. Putnam, 1916, p. x, 271. \$1.50. Calm, cool, comprehensive presentation of facts and deduction of conclusions. By Swedish author and leader in woman and peace movements.

Liebknecht, Karl Paul August Friedrich. Militarism. Huebsch, 1917. \$1. Thorough-going indictment by famous German socialist; suppressed in Germany. Original published in Leipzig, 1907; third German edition in Zürich, 1911.

McCormick, Howard Fowler. Via Pacis, How Terms of Peace Can Be Automatically Prepared while the War is Still Going On. Chicago, McClurg, 1917, p. 45. \$.60. Proposes novel scheme for constant interchange of desired or acceptable terms.

Macdonald, John Archibald Murray. European International Relations. London, Unwin, 1916, p. 144. 2s. 6d. Argues that sovereign nations need a tribunal over them as much as do free men; appeared in part in Contemporary Review, April, 1915.

Mahan, Alfred Thayer. Armaments and Arbitration, or the Place of Force in the International Relations of States. Harper, 1912, p. 259. Argument that armament and even war are necessary in international relations. Replies to Angell's Great Illusion.

Quin, Malcolm. The Problem of Human Peace Studied from the Standpoint of a Scientific Catholicism. Dutton, 1917, p. 275. \$1. Catholicism, somewhat modernized, is the cure for war and guarantee of peace.

Russell, Bertrand Arthur William. Justice in War-time. Chicago, Open Court Publishing Co., 1916, p. ix, 243. \$1. Non-resistance argument by able English pacifist. Review of Entente policy in reply to Professor Gilbert Murray, and chapter "On What Our Policy Ought to Have Been" are noteworthy.

Russell, Bertrand Arthur William. Why Men Fight, a Method of Abolishing the-International Duel. (Title, English edition: Principles of Social Reconstruction.) Century, 1917, p. 272. \$1.50. Places responsibility for war not so much upon matters of national or international concern as upon human instincts, which must be schooled against war. The book has glaring faults along with much that is excellent.

Russell, Bertrand Arthur William. Political Ideals. Century, 1917, p. 172. \$1. Reiterates his ideas on nationalism and internationalism, but also deals with individual liberty and public control, capitalism and socialism. Excellent style but inadequate analysis of problems.

Taylor, Charles Fremont. A Conclusive Peace, presenting the Historically Logical, and a Feasible Plan of Action for the Coming Peace Conference, Which Will Co-ordinate and Harmonize Europe, and the World. Philadelphia, Winston, 1916, p. 173. \$.50. By editor of Equity. Utilizes pacifist stock in trade; suggestive but not critical. Proposes world congress similar to Congress of United States, and other devices for international government.

Warden, Archibald A. Common Sense Patriotism; Preface by Norman Angell. Dillingham, 1916, p. lxx, 129. \$1. Believes right is not all on one side, that discussion would secure peace; relates his efforts to secure conference at Berne. Wells, Herbert George. War That Will End War. Duffield, 1914, p. 106. \$.75. What Is Coming? A European Forecast. Macmillan, 1916, p. 294. \$1.50. First is collection of occasional papers produced in first weeks of the war. Both reveal the prophetic desire to play with facts that characterizes Mr. Britling Sees It Through (1916) and much of the author's other writing.

Woods, Frederick Adams, and Baltzly, Alexander. Is War Diminishing? A Study of the Prevalence of War in Europe from 1450 to the Present Day. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. xi, 105. \$1. Whatever may be said of their scientific method, the selection of their historical premises can scarcely meet approval.

66. LEAGUE TO ENFORCE PEACE: LEAGUE OF NATIONS.

Ashbee, Charles R. The American League to Enforce Peace. An English Interpretation; with Introduction by G. L. Dickinson. London, Allen & Unwin, 1917, p. 92. 2s. 6d. Author was an Englishman present at inauguration of the League, of which he approves. Discusses international significance of United States.

*Brailsford, Henry Noel. The League of Nations. Macmillan, 1917, p. vii, 332. \$1.75. Calm, dispassionate discussion of many of problems of the war and of suggestions for their solution, especially of the League to Enforce Peace, by an Englishman.

Bryce, James Bryce, Viscount, and others. Proposals for the Prevention of Future Wars. London, Allen & Unwin, 1917. 1s. Scheme similar to League to Enforce Peace.

Bryce, James Bryce, Viscount. Some Historical Reflections on War, Past and Present. Oxford Press, 1917, p. 28. 1s. Two addresses as president of the British Academy in June, 1915 and June, 1916. Includes some discussion of international law in war time, of international public opinion, and of a league of nations.

*Butler, Nicholas Murray. A World in Ferment, Interpretations of the War for a New World. Scribner, 1917, p. viii, 254. \$1.25. Collection of addresses delivered from September, 1914, to June, 1917, on war questions. Thoughtful, practical, and inspired with constructive ideals.

Collin, Christen Christian Dreyer. The War against War, and the Enforcement of Peace; with Introduction by William Archer. Macmillan, 1917, p. xii, 163. \$.80. Collection of essays by an eminent professor in the University of Christiania, with special reference to the league of nations idea.

Coulton, George Gordon. The Main Illusions of Pacifism, a Criticism of Mr. Norman Angell and the Union of Democratic Control. Macmillan, 1916, p. xv, 295, 1xii. \$2. Collection of anti-pacifist articles intended to promote a British policy of national defence.

*Dickinson, Goldsworthy Lowes. The Choice Before Us. Dodd, 1917, p. xiii, 268. \$2. Denounces militarism and economic war; sees hope only in international organization which must include all great powers, even Germany. Powerful arguments by an earnest, able advocate of world peace.

*Fried, Alfred Hermann. The Restoration of Europe; translated by Lewis Stiles Garnett. Macmillan, 1916, p. xiv, 157. \$1. Original published in April, 1915, by native of Vienna, for fifteen years editor of the Friedens-Warte in Berlin, since the war in Zürich. Author, who received Nobel prize in 1911, suggests co-operative union of Europe, starting like Pan-American Union, which might lead ulti-

mately to political co-operation. "A European union is at present more desirable than a world-wide one."

*Goldsmith, Robert. A League to Enforce Peace; with a special introduction by A. Lawrence Lowell. Macmillan, 1917, p. xxvi, 331. \$1.50. Volume for study classes on inadequacy or failure of other means of securing peace and on the plan of the League to Enforce Peace and reasons in favor of it. Several chapters against militarism. Contains bibliography.

League to Enforce Peace. Enforced Peace, Proceedings of the First Annual National Assemblage. League to Enforce Peace, 1917, p.vi, 204. \$.50. Collection of papers on various phases of subject, especially from side of United States.

Marburg, Theodore. The League of Nations, a Chapter in the History of the Movement. Macmillan, 1917, p. 139. \$.50. History of League to Enforce Peace movement by one of its originators.

67. ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF THE WAR.

Babson, Roger Ward. The Future of Nations; Prosperity, How It Must Come; Economic Facts for Business Men (1914, p. 123. \$1). The Future of World Peace, a Book of Charts showing Facts Which Must Be Recognized in Future Plans for Peace; the Prospects for Peace (1915, second edition, p. 142. \$1). Wellesley Hills, Mass., Babson's Statistical Organization. Contain much statistical matter on economic and financial affairs, but are arguments for an international government.

Barron, Clarence Walker. The Audacious War. Boston, Houghton, 1915, p. xiv, 192. \$1. Collected papers on business problems underlying the war by editor of Boston News Bureau who visited Europe in early months of war to observe financial affairs at first hand. Clear, concise, vigorous style; keen insight.

Bowley, Arthur Lyon. The Effect of the War on the External Trade of the United Kingdom, an Analysis of the Monthly Statistics, 1906-1914. Putnam, 1915, p. viii, 56. \$.60. Professor of statistics in University of London makes comparative study with reference to last five months of 1914. Excellent; relevant only to exact period considered.

Byers, Norman R. World Commerce in its Relation to the British Empire. London, King, 1916, p. 104. 1s.

Claes, Jules. The German Mole, a Study in the Art of Peaceful Penetration. Macmillan, 1915, p. xiv, 143. \$1. Articles on methods of German peaceful penetration in Belgium, especially Antwerp, published by editor of La Métropole in his Antwerp journal in August and September, 1914. English edition has introduction by J. Holland Rose.

Clapp, Edwin James. The Economic Aspects of the War, Neutral Rights, Belligerent Claims, and American Commerce in the Years 1914-1915. New Haven, Yale Press, 1915, p. xiv, 340. \$1.50. Apparently written before sinking of Lusitania. Mainly criticism of British policy of trade restriction. Deals with import and export situation with special reference to cotton and copper.

Colvin, Ian D. The Unseen Hand in English History. London, National Review Office, 1917. 7s. 6d. Continues his Germans in England, reviewing events since Tudor times. A tract of protectionist argument, spiced with anti-Germanism.

Dibblee, George Binney. Germany's Economic Position and England's Commercial and Industrial Policy after the War. London, Heinemann, 1917, p. 108. 1s. Published by English Central Committee for National Patriotic Organizations. Describes German industrial and commercial methods and outlines a revised policy for England. Moderate in tone.

Eltzbacher, Paul. Germany's Food, Can It Last? Germany's Food and England's Plan to Starve Her Out, a Study by German Experts; English Version edited by S. R. Wells. London, Hodder, 1915, p. 264. 2s.

England's Financial Supremacy, a Translation of Die Englische Finanzmacht; England's Falsche Rechnung; Deutschland und die Erbschaft der City from the Frankfurter Zeitung; with Introduction and Notes by the Translators. Macmillan, 1917, p. xv, 106. \$1.25. Original articles by financial authority appeared in November, 1915; argue that Germany's (forced) reliance on home resources is more advantageous than England's dependence on outside financial aid. Some forecasts have already failed of fulfilment.

Gill, Conrad. National Power and Prosperity, a Study of the Economic Causes of Modern Warfare. London, Unwin, 1916, p. 208. 4s. 6d. Based on lectures to workingmen by English college teacher. Principally concerned with past wars but with present one in mind.

Girault, Arthur. The Colonial Tariff Policy of France; edited by C. Gide. Oxford Press, 1916, p. viii, 305. \$2.50. A general historical and critical account, with specific accounts of each colony.

Gourvitch, Paul Pensac. How Germany Does Business, Chapters on Export and Finance Methods, with a Preface by Dr. B. E. Shatsky. Huebsch, 1917, p. 142. \$1. Shatsky's preface written from Russian point of view after Revolution of March, 1917. Twenty-three short chapters, mainly on various phases of credits and export trade. Has special reference to Russia.

Grunzel, Josef. Economic Protectionism; edited by Eugen von Philippovich. Oxford Press, 1916, p. xiv, 357. \$2.90. Sympathetic, comprehensive study of both import duties and other protective measures, by an Austrian.

Harris, Winthrop & Company. American Business as Affected by Peace and Preparedness, the Composite Opinion of Seventeen Hundred American Business Men. Chicago, Harris, Winthrop & Company, 1916, p. 80.

*Hauser, Henri. Germany's Commercial Grip on the World, her Business Methods Explained; translated by Manfred Emanuel. Scribner, 1917, p. xv, 259. \$1.65. Translation of Les Méthodes Allemandes d'Expansion Economique, which has passed through several editions. Thorough, moderate, discriminating study. Urges keeping out of Germany's economic grip in future and emulating her systematic, hard work.

Hirst, Francis Wrigley. Political Economy of War. Dutton, 1915, p. xii, 327. \$2. Former editor of The Economist (London) writes with special reference to England, dealing with policy and economics of war, and war debts; treatment is largely historical. About forty pages refer to present war. Author's preconceptions were pacifist. Close study of facts with wealth of detail, though not too technical for layman.

Jones, J. H. The Economics of War and Conquest, an Examination of Mr. Norman Angell's Economic Doctrines. London, King, 1915, p. 178. 2s. 6d. Relates specifically to The Great Illusion, but is really a critical analysis of economic contentions of pacifists against militarism to sift out the false and to place the argument on sound foundations.

Lawson, W. R. British War Finance, 1914-15. Van Nostrand, 1915, p. vi, 367. \$2. Full, rather technical study.

MacDonald, Allan John MacDonald. Trade, Politics, and Christianity in Africa and the East; with an Introduction by Sir Harry Johnston. Longmans, 1916, p. xxi, 295. \$2. Discussion of the problem of contact with and control of backward peoples.

Millioud, Maurice. The Ruling Caste and Frenzied Trade in Germany; translated with an Introduction by Sir Frederick Pollock. Boston, Houghton, 1916, p. 159. \$1. Caste section of volume is slashing attack on H. S. Chamberlain and German chauvinists; trade part is clear, concise, vigorous arraignment of German economic activities, financial situation, and imperialistic policy. Conclusions will command less confidence than when written.

*Noyes, Alexander Dana. Financial Chapters of the War. Scribner, 1916, p. xi, 255. \$1.25. Financial editor of New York Evening Post and The Nation studies effect of the war on American financial conditions during first two years of war, and American financing of Europe in same period. Also three chapters on probable economic and financial results.

O'Farrell, Horace Handley. The Franco-German War Indemnity and its Economic Results. London, Harrison, 1913, p. 90. 1s. Author seeks to prove that Germany's exaction of war indemnity was unfortunate for itself. Bibliography of dozen pages.

Schuster, Ernest Joseph. The Effect of War and Moratorium on Commercial Transactions. Bender, 1914, second edition revised and enlarged, p. viii, 166. \$1.25.

Withers, Hartley. The War and Lombard Street. Dutton, 1915, p. viii, 171. \$1.25. Clear account from London banking point of view of extraordinary financial situation precipitated by the war. Covers to December, 1914. Appendix of special statutes and other documents.

68. WOMEN AND THE WAR.

Addams, Jane; Balch, Emily Greene; and Hamilton, Alice. Women at the Hague, the International Congress of Women and its Results. Macmillan, 1915, p. vii, 171. 75 cents. Account of notable unofficial movement for peace.

Atherton, Mrs. Gertrude Franklin (Horn). The Living Present. New York, Stokes, 1917, p. xvi, 303. \$1.50. Observations made in 1916 of activities of French women in war work. Discusses fully relations of the war and feminism.

Gribble, Francis Henry. Women in War. Dutton, 1916. \$2.75. Series of biographical and historical sketches written before the war, with an epilogue dealing with women in the earlier part of the present war.

Hewes, Amy, and Walter, Henriette R. Women as Munition Makers; and Munition Workers in England and France. Russell Sage Foundation, 1917. 75 cents. First article by Miss Hewes reports investigations for the Foundation made in Bridgeport, Conn., in 1916; the second, by Miss Walter summarizes British official reports.

Repplier, Agnes. Countercurrents. Boston, Houghton, 1916, p. iii, 291. \$1.25. Collection of essays includes one on Women and War.

Stone, Gilbert, editor. Women War Workers. Crowell, 1917, p. 320. \$1.65. Composed largely of accounts written by women engaged in the several forms of war work. Almost entirely English.

69. SOCIALISM AND THE WAR.

*Walling, William English, editor. The Socialists and the War, a Documentary Statement of the Position of the Socialists of all Countries, with Special Reference to their Peace Policy, including a Summary of the Revolutionary State Socialist Measures Adopted by the Governments at War. Holt, 1915, p. xii, 512. \$1.50. Well edited mass of information.

70. INTERPRETATIONS OF THE WAR: PHILOSOPH-ICAL.

Bergson, Henri Louis. The Meaning of the War. Macmillan, 1915, p. 47. \$.40. Early pronouncement by famous French philosopher; indicts Prussian unification of Germany.

Boutroux, Emile. Philosophy and War, translated by Fred Rothwell. Dutton, 1917, p. xii, 212. \$1.75. An analysis of German and of French philosophical ideas in their relation to the war, by eminent French philosopher. Style clear and simple.

Richard, Paul. To the Nations. Pond, 1917, p. xv, 79. \$1. Translated from the French with introduction by Sir Rabindranath Tagore. Declares purpose of the war is destruction of old evil, root and branch, to make way for better and truer civilization whose ideals are discussed.

71. INTERPRETATIONS OF THE WAR: SOCIOLOG-ICAL.

Bosanquet, Bernard. Social and International Ideals. Macmillan, 1917, p. ix, 325. \$2.25. Collection of essays, reviews, and lectures, all but one of which were published before the war. Interesting for ideas on pacifism, patriotism, and political elements in the social structure.

Burnet, John. Higher Education and the war. Macmillan, 1917, p. x, 238. \$1.50. Most of material was already published in 1913 by this professor in University at St. Andrew's. Discusses systems of higher education in several countries, especially interesting on Germany, in whose system much is commended.

Ellis, Henry Havelock. Essays in War-time. Houghton, 1916, p. 247. \$1.50. Author is voluminous English writer on sociological, psychological and sexual questions. Of these eighteen essays only first six deal directly with war questions, such as evolution and war, war and eugenics, war and the birth-rate, and war and democracy.

*Hobhouse, Leonard Trelawney. The World in Conflict. London, Unwin, 1915, second edition, 1916, p. 104. 1s. Questions of War and Peace. London, Unwin, 1916, 3s. 6d. Two collections of articles by eminent professor of sociology in University of London. Simplicity of style and sanity of thought mark his efforts to discover basal significance of war and nationality and their interrelation in the first, and his Platonic dialogues on the soul of civilization and the hope of the world in the second.

Lodge, Sir Oliver. The War and After, Short Chapters on Subjects of Serious Practical Import for the Average Citizen in A. D., 1915, Onwards. London, Methuen, 1915, sixth edition, p. xiii, 240. 1s. Three groups of essays dealing with past, present and future of the war. Quotes others freely. Gives special attention to ideals and social conditions. Records Sir Oliver's mental states rather than contributes to elucidation of problems.

Marvin, Francis Sydney, editor. Progress and History. Oxford Press, 1917, p. 314. \$3.75. A series of essays by distinguished English thinkers in continuation of "The Unity of Western Civilization" (1916). The basic problem is general, but the specific problem of the war is pervasive in these able discussions.

Mitchell, Peter Chalmers. Evolution and the War. Dutton, 1915, p. 114. \$1. Secretary of Zoological Society of London presents scientific facts to prove that German notion that war is essential element in process of natural selection is not in accord with Darwinian theory.

72. INTERPRETATIONS OF THE WAR: POLITICAL.

Baty, Thomas, and Morgan, John Hartman. War, its Conduct and its Legal Results. Dutton, 1915, p. 578. \$3.50. Scholarly treatise of effects of the war upon English administration and legislation, but not too technical for popular reader and not without value for Americans. Chapter on Laws of War on Land is significant for light thrown on German theory and method of warfare.

Hobson, John Atkinson. Imperialism, a Study. Pott, 1902, second edition, 1915, p. viii, 331. \$2.75. Towards International Government. Macmillan, 1916. \$1. First is diagnosis of economic and cultural aspects of imperialism, a product of liberal revolt against Boer war. Second voices liberal revolt against high finance and secret diplomacy as causes of present war. Suggests international council. Clear, well reasoned, thoughtful, optimistic.

The International Crisis, the Theory of the State. Oxford Press, 1916, p. viii, 164. \$1.80. Bedford College lectures for 1916, by six different speakers, dealing with church and state, state and morality, might and right, state and society, egoism, personal and national, and idea of general will.

Phillips, Lisle March. Europe Unbound. Scribner, 1917. \$1.75. The author, an Englishman, shows deep insight and clear appreciation in discussing the fundamental differences in national ideals. The analysis of English political thought is remarkable, and the essay on liberty is notable.

73. INTERPRETATIONS OF THE WAR: PSYCHO-LOGICAL.

Conway, Sir Martin. The Crowd in Peace and War Longman's, 1915, p. 332. \$1.75. Careful general study of crowd psychology written in clear interesting style, but some premises and more conclusions are debatable.

Crile, George Washington. A Mechanistic View of War and Peace, edited by Amy F. Rowland. Macmillan, 1915, p. 104. \$1.25. Interesting record of observations of campaign in Belgium and France to battle of the Marne and of "the behavior of man when under the influence of the strongest emotional and physical stress—man at war," by professor of surgery in Western Reserve University. Marred by reiteration of his familiar notions which have not received approval of philosophic thinkers.

Eastman, Max. Understanding Germany; the Only Way to End the War, and Other Essays. Kennerley, 1916, p. 169. \$1.25. Editor of The Masses reprints articles from that and other journals; gives psychological analysis of anti-German hate and of patriotism. Contains much that is thoughtful and stimulating on psychology of the war and other war topics, but author disclaims national loyalty and fails to see wherein the Allies are better than the Germans.

Le Bon, Gustave. The Psychology of the Great War; translated by E. Andrews. Macmillan, 1916, p. 479. \$3. The author is well-known French authority on social psychology, but his carelessness in ascertaining facts and his lack of impartial attitude impair seriously the value of the volume.

Machen, Author. The Bowmen and Other Legends of the War. Putnam, 1915, p. 77. \$.75. Author, a devout Catholic, wrote story of St. George and the bowmen of England saving an English army. This story and other legends are published with introduction showing how a piece of fiction grew to a myth of the present war.

Trotter, W. Instincts of the Herd in Peace and War. Macmillan, 1916, p. 213. \$1.25. Basis of book are two articles published in 1908-9 by English author in Sociological Review. These studies in social psychology have been somewhat enriched by materials relating to the war and comparisons of English and German character.

74. INTERPRETATIONS OF THE WAR: ETHICAL AND RELIGIOUS.

Adler, Felix. The World Crisis and its Meaning. Appleton, 1915, p. 232. \$1.50. Collection of addresses, including the world crisis and its meaning, militarism and its eulogists, American ideals contrasted with German and English, the illusion and ideal of international peace, civilization and progress in light of present war. Popular presentation of ethical considerations; inclined to neglect the practical.

Burroughs, Edward Arthur. The Fight for the Future, with a Foreword by the Archbishop of Canterbury. London. Nisbet, 1917. 1s. The Valley of Decision, a Plea for Wholeness in Thought and Life. Longmans, 1916, p. xix, 391. \$1.60. Two books containing discussions of the religious significance of the war.

Campbell, Reginald John. The War and the Soul. Dodd, 1916, p. ix, 300. \$1.25. Popular newspaper articles by Church of England clergymen to help those whose faith is shaken by the evils of the war. Discussions cover various timely topics and questions.

*For the Right, Essays and Addresses by Members of the "Fight for Right Movement." Putnam, 1917. \$1.50. Addresses by Lord Bryce, Dr. L. P. Jacks, Sir Frederick Pollock, Professor Gilbert Murray and many other able English thinkers to explain the principles and to uphold the ideals for which the Allies are fighting and to prevent diversion by mercenary or retaliatory motives.

*Hankey, Donald William Alers. A Student in Arms, with an Introduction by J. St. Loe Strachey (p. 290. \$1.50). Second Series (p. iv, 246. \$1.50). Dutton, 1917. Record of intellectual and spiritual experiences and speculations written on firing line by Oxford man who was killed in action in October, 1916. Second series contains a biographical article by his sister. First volume has been one of most widely read war books.

*The International Crisis in its Ethical and Psychological Aspects, Six Lectures Delivered in February and March, 1915, at Bedford College for Women by Eleanor M. Sedgwick, Gilbert Murray, A. C. Bradley, L. P. Jacks, G. F. Stout, and Bernard Bosanquet. Oxford Press, 1915, p. 155. \$1.15. Discussions of ethics of war and patriotism by leaders of English thought.

Loisy, Alfred Firmin. The War and Religion, translated by Arthur Galton. Longmans, 1915, p. \$.50. Keen discussion of origins of the war; criticizes Christianity and the papal neutrality; considers patriotism the religious power of the future. American readers unfamiliar with French conditions and thought will find book somewhat puzzling.

Palmer, Frederick. With our Faces in the Light. Dodd, 1917, p. 123. \$.50. Charming effort to impress the finer meaning of the war for America; by well known war correspondent.

War and the Spirit of Youth. Boston, Atlantic Monthly, 1917, p. 110. \$1. Reprint of three spiritual interpretations of the war by Maurice Barrès of French Academy, Sir Francis Younghusband, English soldier, and Anne C. E. Allinson, American authoress.

75. INTERPRETATIONS OF THE WAR: BY MEN OF LETTERS.

Loti, Pieree, pseud. (Louis Marie Julien Viaud). War translated from the French by Marjorie Laurie. Philadelphia, Lippincott, 1917, p. 320. \$1.25. Collection of war sketches, written between August, 1914, and April, 1916, by members of French Academy.

*Maeterlinck, Maurice. The Wrack of the Storm, translated by A. Teixeira de Mattos. Dodd, 1916, p. 330. \$1.50. Public utterances of author in first two years of war chronologically arranged. Chief value as record of author's reactions to the war; much of it below his normal level of style. Recognizes and emphasizes moral issues.

*Rolland, Romain. Above the Battle, translated by C. K. Ogden. Chicago, Open Court Publishing Company, 1916, p. 194. \$1. Collection of essays by French musical critic and pacifist who received Nobel prize for literature in 1915, and who has been engaged in work of International Agency for Prisoners of War in Switzerland since outbreak of war, and has become unpopular in France. Despite attitude of detachment indicated by title, and lack of unity, book is marked by deep moral earnestness and eloquent style. "No saner counsel has yet been heard above the turmoil of the conflict."

*Wister, Owen. The Pentecost of Calamity. Macmillan, 1915, p. 148. \$.50. Fifteen admirable vignettes, by American author, showing with fine insight the issues of the war and the human element in it. Emphasizes American interest in moral issues of the war.

Zangwill, Israel. The War for the World. Macmillan, 1916, p. 455. \$1.75. Collection of brilliant essays discussing various questions of the war with special introductory chapter. Shows more sympathy with his race than with his country. Denounces fighting Germans with German methods.

76. ATLASES.

[For brief bibliography of War Maps and Atlases, see THE HISTORY TEACHER'S MAGAZINE, April, 1918; and THE HISTORY TEACHER'S MAGAZINE War Reprints, No. 4.]

77. PAMPHLET SERIES.

Columbia War Papers. Columbia University, 1917. Eleven mumbers have been issued and more are announced; sold at nominal figures. Deal mainly with economic problems of the war. Note especially Seligman and Haig's How to Finance the War.

The History Teacher's Magazine War Reprints. Philadelphia, McKinley Publishing Co., 1918. Each 10 to 25 cents, according to size. No. 1, The Study of the Great War, by S. B. Harding; No. 2, Belgian War Curiosities, by C. Gauss; No. 3, Selected Critical Bibliography of the War, by G. M. Dutcher; No. 4, Geography of the War, with many maps. Others in active preparation.

*Oxford Pamphlets, 1914-1915. Oxford Press, 1914-15, 19 vols. Each \$.40. Completed series of 19 volumes contains 86 pamphlets, written by leading English authorities on problems and events of the war. Historical numbers are often illustrated with clear sketch maps. Many of these pamphlets offer best brief accounts or discussions of subjects easily accessible in English.

Papers for War Time, Published under the Auspices of a Committee Drawn from Various Christian Bodies and Political Parties, and edited by Rev. W. Temple. Oxford Press, 1914-15, 36 numbers, each \$.08. Series is completed;

devoted chiefly to moral and religious aspects of the war; by English writers.

The University of Chicago War Papers. Chicago, University Press, 1917-18. Each \$.05. Four issues have appeared, including The Threat of German World-Politics, by President Judson; Americans and the World-Crisis, by Professor Small; and Sixteen Causes of the War, by Professor McLaughlin.

University of North Carolina Extension Leaflets: War Information Series. Chapel Hill, N. C., 1917-18. Eleven issues have appeared.

78. COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC INFORMATION: PUBLICATIONS.

*Red, White, and Blue Series: 1, How the War Came to America (p. 32); 2. National Service Handbook (p. 246); 3. The Battle Line of Democracy (a collection of patriotic prose and poetry, p. 134. \$.15); 4. The President's Flag Day Address, with Evidence of Germany's Plans (p. 32); 5. Conquest and Kultur (quotations from German writers revealing the plans and purposes of pan-Germany, p. 160); 6. German War Practices, Part I. Treatment of Civilians, p. 91); 7. War Cyclopedia, a Handbook for Ready Reference on the Great War (p. 321, \$.25); 8. German Treatment of Conquered Territory; Part II. of German War Practices (p. 61); 9. War, Labor, and Peace, Some Recent Addresses and Writings of the President (American Reply to the Pope, address to the American Federation of Labor, message to Congress, Dec. 4, 1917, addresses to Congress, Jan. 8, and Feb. 11, 1918, p. 40).

*War Information Series: 101. The War Message and the Facts behind It (p. 32); 102. The Nation in Arms (two addresses by Secretaries Lane and Baker, p. 16; 103. The Government of Germany, by Charles D. Hazen (p. 16); 104. The Great War, From Spectator to Participant, by A. C. McLaughlin (p. 16); 105. A War of Self-Defense (addresses by Secretary of State Lansing and Assistant Secretary of Labor Post, p. 22); 106. American Loyalty (by American citizens of German descent, p. 24); 107. Amerikanische Bürgertreue (German translation of 106; 108. American Interest in Popular Government Abroad, by E. B. Greene, p. 16); 109. Home Reading Course for Citizen Soldiers, Prepared by the War Department (p. 62); 110. First Session of the War Congress (complete summary of all legislation, p. 48); 111. The German War Code, by G. W. Scott and J. W. Garner (p. 16); 112. American and Allied Ideals, by Stuart P. Sherman (p. 24); 113. German Militarism and its German Critics, by Charles Altschul (p. 40); 114. The War for Peace, by Arthur D. Call (Views of American peace organizations and leaders in the present war); 115. Why America Fights Germany, by John S. P. Tatlock (p. 13); 116. The Activities of the Committee on Public Information (p. 20); 117. The Study of the Great War, by Samuel B. Harding.

Loyalty Leaflets: 201. Friendly Words to the Foreign Born, by Judge Joseph Buffington; 202. The Prussian System, by Frederic C. Walcott; 203. Labor and the War, President Wilson's Address to the American Federation of Labor, Nov. 12, 1917; 204. A War Message to the Farmer, by the President; 205. Plain Issues of the War, by Elihu Root; 206. Ways to Serve the Nation, a Proclamation by the President, April 16, 1917; 207. What Really Matters, by a Well Known Newspaper Writer.

Official Bulletin. Published daily; \$5 per year.

All publications of the Committee on Public Information are distributed FREE except as price is noted.

INDISPENSABLE AIDS TO THE SUCCESSFUL TEACHING OF HISTORY

The study of Historical Geography by means of the filling in of Outline Maps by the pupil, is now recognized as a necessary part of high school work in History. Many colleges are requiring similar work in their freshman and introductory courses in History, and often it is used with profit in more advanced courses, where maps showing new historical material are to be constructed. Even in the grades it is found that much time can be gained by the use of printed map outlines, in place of the laborious map-drawing by pupils. Many colleges use outline maps in entrance examinations in history; and for ten years the College Entrance Examination Board has included among its questions in history, the placing of historical data upon McKinley Outline Maps.

No series of Outline Maps is so well constructed, so conveniently prepared, so varied in its assortment, or so well adapted to different needs, as the

SERIES OUTLINE

The Series includes large wall outline maps; desk outline maps in three sizes; envelopes of loose maps, assorted as desired; bound maps, in atlas form, for nine periods of history; bound maps, with notepaper interleaved, for six periods of history; and skeleton maps, with coastlines only, for elementary history and geography classes.

OUTLINE MAPS OF THE GREAT WAR: The Western Front, the Eastern Front, the Balkan States, the North Sea and English Channel, Turkey and Eastern Mediterranean, and Austro-Italian Frontier. Issued in the double size and large size. See prices below.

McKinley Wall Outline Maps

Size, 32x44 inches

DESCRIPTION. The Wall Outline Maps show the coast-lines and rivers of the countries and continents, and, usually, the present boundaries of states, together with the lines of latitude and longitude.

PRICE. Single copies, 25 cents each; twenty-five or more copies, 20 cents each.

(Postage or expressage extra.)
The series of Wall Outline Maps now includes:

> The World (Mercator's Projection). Europe. Africa. North America. South America. Australia.

British Isles. France and England Greece and Ægean Sea. Italy. Central Europe. Eastern World (Greece to India). Palestine. Roman Empire Southeastern Europe.

United States. Eastern United States. Eastern United States.
New England.
Middle Atlantic States.
South Atlantic States.
Mississippi Valley, Northern Section.
Mississippi Valley, Southern Section.
Pacific Coast and Plateau States.
Eastern Virginia and Maryland (for Civil War). City of Philadelphia (price, 30 cents).

Co-ordinate Paper—Wall Size

Sheets of stout paper, 32x48 inches, ruled in both directions, with blocks one-quarter inch square; serviceable in classes in economics, geography and history, for depicting lines and curves of growth or development. They may also be used for constructing chronological charts for history classes

PRICE. The same as Wall Outline Maps.

McKinley Desk Outline Maps

DOUBLE SIZE. 10x15 inches; \$1.00 a hundred; 30 cents for an envelope of

hundred; 50
twenty maps.
LARGE SIZE. 7½x10 inches; 60 cents a
hundred; 20 cents for an envelope of

twenty maps.

SMALL SIZE. 5½x7½ inches; 40 cents
a hundred; 15 cents for an envelope of twenty maps.

Skeleton Outline Maps

COAST LINES ONLY

The World, Europe, Asia, Africa, North merica, South America, Australia, America, United States.

Geographical and Historical Desk Maps

THE CONTINENTS
The World (Mercator's Projection), Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, North America, THE UNITED STATES
United States (state boundaries and physical features), United States (state boundaries only).

THE UNITED STATES IN THREE
SECTIONS
Eastern United States (east of the Mississippi River), Mississippi Valley, Pacific Coast and Plateau States.

SMALLER SECTIONS OF UNITED STATES AND OF NORTH
AMERICA
New England, Coast of New England (for early settlements, Middle Atlantic States, South Atlantic States, Coast of Southern States (for early settlements), Eastern Virginia (for Civil War), Mississippi Valley, Northeastern Section, Mississippi Valley, Northeastern Section, Mississippi Valley, Northeastern Section, Mississippi Valley, Northeastern Section, Mississippi Valley, Southern Section and Texas, Southwestern United States, Cuba, Philippines, California, Illinois, Massachusetts, Michigan, New York (state of), Ohio, Pennsylvania, Texas, Gulf of Mexico, Panama, etc., West Indies, Canada.

EUROPE AND ITS LARGER DIVISIONS
Europe, Europe (central and southern parts), Central Europe (Charlemagne's, Empire, etc.), Mediterranean World, Baltic Lands, Southeastern Europe and Eastern Mediterranean.

SMALLER EUROPEAN DIVISIONS
British Isles, England, Scotland, Ireland, France and the Netherlands (with, England), Spain, Germany, Austro-Hungary and Danube Valley, Russia, Greece and Ægean Sea, Italy.

ANCIENT HISTORY AND SPECIAL SUBJECTS

SUBJECTS

Roman Empire, Central Italy (early Roman History), Ancient Rome (City), Greece (Continental), Ancient Athens, Eastern World (Alexander's Empire, etc.), Palestine, Egypt, India, China.

McKinley Outline Atlases

FOR HISTORY CLASSES

These Atlases consist of twenty-five McKinley Outline Maps specially selected for use in the study of a particular field of history. Each atlas contains several hundred page references to historical atlases and text-books where material can be gained for filling in the maps.

Atlases for the following periods of history.

- tory: No. 1.
 - For United States History.
 For English History.
 For Ancient History (including Greece and Rome).
 For Grecian History.
 For Roman History. " 3.
 - 4. 5. 66
 - 6. For European History (375-1910
 - A.D.). For Medieval History (375-1500 66 7.
 - ** A.D.).

 ** 8. For Modern History (1450-1918 A.D.).

 ** 9. For General History.

PRICE. 25 cents (net) each.

SPECIAL ATLASES. In orders of 100 Atlases, the publishers will bind the McKin-ley Outline Maps in any desired assortment. Price for such Special Atlases, 35 cents (net) each.

McKinley Historical Notebooks

The notebooks consist of the McKinley Outline Maps combined with blank leaves to constitute an historical notebook of 104 pages.

4 pages.
At present there are notebooks for—
American History.
English History.
Ancient History.
European History.
PRICE. 28 cents (net) each.

Samples of any of the above publications will be cheerfully furnished, to any teacher, upon request.

McKINLEY PUBLISHING CO., 1619 RANSTEAD STREET, PHILADELPHIA

The Study of the Great War

In co-operation with the National Board for Historical Service of Washington, D. C., the publishers of The History Teacher's Magazine are enabled to announce a noteworthy monthly feature. A series of articles is now appearing in the Magazine designed to furnish material for the use of schools, colleges, reading clubs, current events classes, and lecturers.

THE WAR SUPPLEMENTS

appear as part of the regular issues of the Magazine. In January, 1918, was issued Harding's Topical Outline of the War; in the February issue appeared a number of extracts, translations, and photographic reproductions from a remarkable series of Belgian Documents; in the March number, the Supplement provided the most complete annotated Bibliography of the War, which has yet appeared in English, in which over six hundred books on the War are arranged topically, and a brief expert appraisement of each given. In the April issue War Geography and Maps will be treated; in the May number, The Economic Background of the War; in June, French War Curiosities. Other topics will follow.

WAR REPRINTS

The monthly War Supplements are being reprinted as fast as they appear, in an inexpensive pamphlet form for use in classes, reading circles, clubs, and public meetings. The Reprints are sold at from 10 to 25 cents each, with a generous reduction in these prices when a quantity is ordered.

ANSWERS TO INQUIRIES UPON THE WAR

During the War the National Board for Historical Service will conduct in the Magazine a department of queries and answers on the War. A body of experts have agreed to co-operate in furnishing the most authoritative and timely answers to the queries presented. Persons not subscribers to the Magazine as well as subscribers, are welcome to use this means of obtaining information.

HISTORY AND THE SCHOOLS

The Magazine is publishing many articles, in addition to the War Supplements, which bear upon the War and its influence upon the schools of the country. Suggestions for revision of the course of study, practical lessons, and news items serve to keep teachers and others interested in the schools abreast of the most recent thought.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES

THE HISTORY TEACHER'S MAGAZINE is published monthly except in July, August, and September. Single issues are 25 cents each; a year's subscription (9 issues), Two Dollars. A reduced rate of One Dollar is granted to members of the American Historical Association, and to members of other history teachers' associations. A Trial Subscription for three months is offered to New Subscribers for Fifty Cents.

SAMPLE COPIES

Will gladly be furnished to individuals or to the members of history teachers' training classes.

McKINLEY PUBLISHING COMPANY

1619 RANSTEAD STREET

PHILADELPHIA



